

# WESTERN WEBER TOWNSHIP PLANNING COMMISSION MEETING AGENDA

## Tuesday, April 14, 2015 5:00 P.M.

• Pledge of Allegiance

Roll call

1. Minute Approval:

Approval of the March 10, 2015 meeting minutes

2. Consent Agenda:

2.1 CUP 2015-11:

Consideration and action for a conditional use permit for the expansion of the Uintah Highlands Reservoir #3, located at 2450 East Jacqueline Drive, Blaine Brough, Authorized Applicant for Uintah Highlands Water and Sewer Improvement District

2.2. LVW120914:

Consideration and action final approval of Winslow Farr Jr. Farm Subdivision Phase 1 (14 Lots and 3 open space parcels), located at 2269 South 3500 West; Bob Favero, Applicant

3. Legislative Items: Public Hearings

a. New Business:

1. ZTA 2014-05:

Consideration and recommendation on a proposal to amend the Weber County Land Use Code to provide for the nonconforming designation of lots made smaller by right-of-way expansions, and to provide administrative clarifications related to those sections.

2. ZTA 2014-06:

Consideration and recommendation on a proposal to amend the Weber County Land Use Code to provide clarifications in the regulations and permissions of main buildings and accessory buildings, and main uses and accessory uses.

- 4. Public Comment for Items not on the Agenda
- 5. Remarks from Planning Commissioners
- 6. Planning Director Report
- 7. Adjourn

The meeting will be held in the Weber County Commission Chambers, Weber Center, 2380 Washington Blvd., Ogden UT
A pre-meeting will be held at 4:30 P.M. in Room 108. No decisions will be made in this meeting.
Work Sessions will be held in the Weber County Commission Chamber Break Out Room unless otherwise posted.



In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, persons needing auxiliary services for these meetings should call the Weber County Planning Commission 24 hours in advance of the meeting at 801-399-8791

Minutes of the Western Weber County Planning Commission held February 10, 2015, in the Weber County Commission Chambers, commencing at 5:00 p.m., 2380 Washington Blvd., 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, Ogden, UT

Present: Jannette Borklund, Chair; Andrew Favero, Wayne Andreotti; Mark Whaley, John Parke, Roger Heslop

Excused/Absent: Ryan Judkins

Staff Present: Sean Wilkinson, Planning Director; Jim Gentry, Principal Planner, Scott Mendoza, Principal Planner,

Christopher Crockett, Legal Counsel, Kary Serrano, Secretary

- Pledge of Allegiance
- Roll Call

### 1. Minutes:

### 1.1. Approval of the January 13, 2015 meeting minutes

Chair Borklund declared the January 13, 2015 meeting minutes approved with the noted corrections.

Chair Borklund asked if any member had ex parte communications to declare. No ex parte communications were declared.

### Petitions, Applications and Public Hearings

#### 2. Administrative Items

- 2.1. New Business
  - a. Consideration and action on preliminary approval of Winslow Farr Jr. Farm Subdivision (81 lots) and an Access Exception AE 2015-01 for lot 100 and lot 101 located at approximately 2269 South 3500 West; Bob Favero, Applicant

Jim Gentry said that the applicant is requesting a preliminary approval of Winslow Farr Jr. Farm Subdivision (81 Lots), a cluster subdivision. The applicant is requesting a 25% bonus; 10% for doing a cluster subdivision, and he could get up to 15% bonus for having a one-acre community garden that is open to the public, and for the number of lots he is asking, he will need about 22% for the total density. The minimum frontage in a cluster subdivision is 60 feet with the setbacks being 20 feet on the front and rears with the sides a minimum of 8 feet. The proposed project will occupy 69,943 acres and consist of 81 lots, with 21,595 acres of open space which meets the requirements of 30%. The subdivision will be serviced by approximately 9,185 acres of public road improvements. Since the zoning requires 40,000 sq. ft. of area, 66.165 lots would be allowed on this property, plus the 25% bonus which would give them the requested 81 lots. The lots range from 13,000 sq. ft. to 25,000 sq. ft meeting lot area and frontage requirements of the cluster subdivision code. The code further requires a separation of these clusters with a strip of open space at least 75 ft. wide, and roads cannot be used as a separator.

Jim Gentry said that the applicant is required to install a solid board, chain link, or other non-climbable fence not less than 5 ft. in height, the irrigation ditches or canals which carry five second feet or more of water, for a fence shall be installed on both sides of existing irrigation ditches. The Weber County Engineer's Office has reviewed the project and all items need to be addressed prior to submitting for final approval. Taylor-West Weber Water gave preliminary approval with the condition that secondary water is provided by Hooper Irrigation and Weber Basin contract for the water rights. A capacity Assessment letter on the water system is required from the state prior to final approval from the Planning Commission. Central Weber Sewer will provide sewer services with the condition of annexation into the sewer district prior to final approval by the Planning Commission. The Fire District stated that the fire hydrant spacing is incorrect and corrections need to be made and resubmitted to the fire district. A second access is required when the number of homes reach 30. The applicant is requesting approval of Access Exception 2015-1 (AE 2015-1) for lots 100 and 101 to be accessed by a 30 foot easement from 3600 West. Since one new lot is being accessed by this right-of-way easement, approval needs to be granted for an access exception. Staff recommends granting preliminary approval subject to staff and other agency comments to include the approval of the Access Exception.

Commissioner Favero inquired if the lots 100 and 101 would become flag lots. Mr. Gentry replied they aren't flag lots because they don't have the stems; it's just an easement that will be going to those parcels.

Chair Borklund inquired with phase one being on one end and phase two being on the other end, would that be 30 homes that have separate access, because they could have 30 on each end and still not meet that access? Mr. Gentry responded that is correct and the Fire District would be watching that.

Chair Borklund inquired what if they approve this preliminary plan as it is, and those four lots showed up on Phase 5, and after they finish with Phase 1, would they have to come back for an amendment? Mr. Gentry replied no, they would just have to include it as part of the phase.

Bob Favero, applicant, who resides in Liberty, said that he needed to address a couple of things. The plans for this open space would have access from Farr Parkway and included is the 43,000 sq. ft. which makes it large enough for them to sell it to the owner of lot 100. He will increase it enough to make it 43,560 to have access. This particular lot may have to have a Homeowner's Association and if they do, it would be within that phase and not the whole project. The reason for this project is that his family and Gary's family have decided that now would be a good time to do something with the land; it would be easier if they did rather than leave it for their children to do. Their ground and Farr's ground is all spread out in long narrow strips and nobody could do anything with it because it didn't have any frontage for development. They decided to develop this property together, and create a large subdivision to make it work. They tried to accommodate the area with large open spaces, using the cluster ordinance, with some decent size lots that people could take care of, try to keep the rural feel, and have it marketable for people to buy. They will have curb, gutter, and sidewalk. It is a good compromise between the larger lots, and has smaller lots with plenty of open spaces and they are over four acres except for two.

Chair Borklund inquired on the Area D, do you need that for open space or would that be added to lot 100 or have that as the separation? Mr. Favero responded that there needs to be a separation and he will make sure that there is 75 ft. in that area to have a separation of clusters. These open spaces will have covenants on them by way of easements along those properties so that they will not be used for development in the future. In perpetuity these open spaces will always stay open and have some sort of operation with an agricultural use.

Chair Borklund inquired why phase one is on one end and phase two is on the other end. Mr. Favero replied that phase one is in this area because of more open space, traffic is on that road, and this has the entrance to the subdivision. This way they could wait later on to put a bridge in and that would be phase two.

Commissioner Andreotti asked on community gardens, how are they going to advertise about that garden so they get people to use it? Mr. Favero replied that it will take some amount of advertisement to people in the area. They plan to put a sign on the property and advertise it as a community garden. They plan to have an association, a group to manage and market that, and these people will have to pay fees to be able to pay for the water. He has done the research and found that this is a good thing and it builds community unity.

Chair Borklund said that this could work for Eagle Projects or 4H Projects and that could be a way to market it and get more people involved.

Commissioner Andreotti inquired if the water was pressurized. Mr. Favero responded yes it is.

Melissa Porter, who resides in Taylor, inquired with the Blue Acre Subdivision and Mallard Spring Subdivision doing one acre lots, why is this development being allowed to do smaller lots? The two subdivisions were not met with concerns, and that indicates what the community wants. This open space wouldn't be a concern if they were acre lots. Taylor is a great place to live in and these cluster subdivisions do not have that rural feel and don't fit in with the community. This also brings down the demographic of the area as well. Another concern is the roads are not prepared for the traffic increase that will happen and the infrastructure is not there to allow for this cluster subdivision. This would be setting precedence for the other parcels in the area.

Byron Bosshardt, who resides in Taylor, inquired that when staff indicated that it was 81 lots, between 13,000 to 25,000 feet, could they share how many quarter acre lots and one acre lots? It would help them understand in looking at the map; there seems to be a lot of small lots in there. Just from the demographics, Allen Estates has 30 lots and since 2008 only 3 homes have changed hands, Wally Acres has 26 lots and since 2008 7 homes have changed hands. There is an amount of turnover difference in that demographic from those that buy larger lots versus those

who buy smaller lots. He would prefer to have some CC&R's that are firm that establishes something that fits the Allen Estates model. A concern is the lighting and they don't want light pollution in that part of the county. Has the water for the additional open space taken into effect, and are there drainage ponds? Does the county have a plan to improve 2200 South all the way down because of the increase in traffic? Has the county taken into account the impact on the roads along the full length of 2200 South, between 3500 West and 4700 West?

Tony Cant, 2463 S 3500 W, representing the Cant Household, said their concerns pertain to the greeting space when they would prefer to have a larger per lot acreage. They don't need a community garden when they could have gardens on their acreage. He is a Certified Professional in Erosion Sediment Control (CPEST), and this is based on a hill so they need to make sure that the MS-4 can substantiate the runoff from this job site. They need to make sure that the storm water pollution plan is in place before any development goes into effect; because this being on a hill, they don't want any pollution coming off into the roadways, which could cause more traffic with trucks coming in and out on to 3500 West. They would like to see a half acre minimum. They would like a compromise and cluster housing is not a compromise, and having green space is not a benefit. They would like to see something in the middle that would benefit everyone.

Dustin Russell, 3998 W 2200 S, expressed his opinion that when he received the notice of landowners within 500 feet of the development and was advised of meeting. There is a low representation from the community, and that's because it is so rural with underdeveloped spaces. He supports what the other people have said and this is a rural area of Taylor, with lots of space, and it doesn't support cluster homes.

Chair Borklund inquired why cluster subdivision versus regular subdivision is proposed. Mr. Favero responded that they would have appreciated if there were half acre lots but there isn't any. If there had been a zone for half acre lots they would have taken that option. As to the homes in this area of what they expect and what are in their CC&R's, it would be similar to the Allen Subdivision. As to the storm water runoff, they will abide to whatever the County Engineer wants them to do. There is drainage ditch to the west and also along 3500 West which they've piped for the water coming down that hill going to the drain ditches on that site.

Byron Bosshardt asked how wide the roads are and who would be maintaining them. Bob Favero replied that they are 60 foot county roads and will be maintained by the county. There will be curb, gutter, and sidewalk along 2200 South along their subdivision and the interior roads will also have curb, gutter and sidewalk.

Kevin Roberts, 2411 S 3775 W, asked about the fencing. Bob Favero replied that the canals have to be fenced on both sides and it will be chain link fence. Jim Gentry added that it will be five feet, non-climbable small diamond chain link fence.

Kevin Roberts asked staff to clarify the half acre ordinance. Chair Borklund replied that this area is zoned A-1 which requires one acre lots. However, there is an ordinance that allows cluster subdivision which gives an option for small lots as long as there is open space within the project. Mr. Gentry added that the current zoning is 40,000 sq. ft. in the Western part which is slightly under an acre, and under the cluster proposal, it could go down to 6,000 sq. ft. This is just an option to get a variety of housing styles, and lot sizes in the community.

Chair Borklund said that anyone is able to petition to rezone from A-1 to a different classification. Mr. Gentry added that the current plan calls for this to be low density, one acre lots, and a provision put in for a cluster subdivisions to go as small as 6,000 sq. ft. if they are on sewer, but they have to have open space. Anyone can come in and petition to amend the general plan and amend the zoning ordinances to allow for smaller lots. Currently the 2002 General Plan doesn't recommend it.

Bob Favero responded to a question raised as to the number of lots; he hadn't counted but knew that those under 15,000 sq. ft were only nine lots. The majority of them are from a half acre down to 15,000 sq. ft. so that would be a third to a half acre lots.

Byron Bosshardt suggested to Mr. Favero on the edge of that open space that he put in an easement or right-of-way so that someone could bike or walk to the back of that church as that would cut back on vehicle traffic. Mr. Favero

responded that he used to work for the state department of the church and they would not allow us to have access to the back of the building.

Judy Cant, 2463 S 3500 W, said their concern is the water runoff that goes down to her property and if it would flood her out so that needs to be taken into consideration. Chair Borklund replied that the runoff would have to be addressed through Engineering. Mr. Gentry added if they looked at the Engineering review, they are asking for storm water calculations, including detention/retention. They are also asking that they do the construction in phases. They have to submit a swift plan and water pollution plan as part of the construction. Mr. Favero added that there are storm drains throughout the project that will be emptied into the current drainages.

Chair Borklund said under state law if it meets the subdivision requirements of the county in terms of the zoning ordinance and the general plan, the Planning Commission has no ability to deny. However, they can table, they can ask for information, they can approve with conditions, or approve with staff's recommendations.

Jim Gentry informed the members about the notices; the notices are not just sent to people who live there, they are also sent to all the property owners that have vacant lots.

Chair Borklund said they can't act based on public clamor. They have to follow the general plan, the county zoning ordinance, and the cluster subdivision is an approved zoning ordinance. The question before this commission is do they grant them the density bonus of 25% to give them the 81 lots, or should they give them the 15% bonus for the Community Garden.

Commissioner Heslop said he liked the idea of the community garden and believes it would be beneficial. There seems to be a greater interest in having local home grown produce. From his respective, this would be an excellent thing if it's going to work. He would hate to see the bonus density change, because of all the planning journals and information they are receiving; he liked that portion of the plan.

Commissioner Parke inquired who is going to own and maintain the community garden; is there a backup plan, or does that refer back to the homeowner? Mr. Favero responded that it would depend on the Homeowner's Association as to what they would do with that. This garden is not just for the people that live there; it's for others that may come into the community from other areas. Where he lives, there are garden areas where people come and pick the produce and it is very successful for those who don't have the opportunity.

Chair Borklund said that this would be part of Phase 4 and it's not going to be developed until the later phases. Most of the people in that area have large enough lots and they have their own gardens; it's hard to know what would happen.

Commissioner Andreotti inquired as to how many times they have had an application for 30 homes with people in the audience saying they are eating up 130 acres and there needs to be something different. The general plan process has allowed for cluster subdivisions to save some green space, and they now have that here as another option. If they took these 66 acres and had half acre lots, there would be 132 houses out there. The cluster subdivision seems to fulfill a need in the community. As for the garden, there are some in urban areas and they work very well, and it seems this would be worth a try. They could have 66 homes, or they could have 132, but the applicant is asking for 81 homes.

Commissioner Parke said that this commission has wrestled with this cluster subdivision ordinance, and had problems with what had been presented to them. They should commend the applicant for having met with the vision of what the cluster subdivision should be, and is far better than what was presented in the past. He has met the requirement of the 10% for the cluster, and he is comfortable with the amount the applicant is asking for.

Commissioner Favero said that the idea of the community garden is a great opportunity if it's taken advantage of. It is a great scouting project or a school project. There are plenty of kids that are involved in FFA that could get involved and with the support of the community, it would be a great opportunity. This is just a matter of promotion and getting all the communities involved.

**MOTION:** Commissioner Heslop moved for preliminary approval of Winslow Farr Jr. Farm Subdivision (81 lots) and an Access Exception AE 2015-01 for lot 100 and lot 101 has existed prior to his lifetime. It meets the requirements of the Land Use Code including the Cluster Subdivision Ordinance, that a 25% bonus be granted, and that it meets the open space requirements. Commissioner Parke seconded.

**VOTE:** A vote was taken with Commissioner's Favero, Andreotti, Whaley, Parke, Heslop, and Chair Borklund voting aye. Motion Carried (6-0)

### 2.2. Large Lot Subdivision Concept Discussion - Scott Mendoza

Scott Mendoza said he had a conversation with the Ogden Valley Planning Commission. A resident came in about brainstorming ideas with rural as a center of that conversation. The idea that came about was being called an Estate Subdivision; the Ogden Valley General Plan talks about a large lot option as far as development goes. We are starting to think that it may be something along the lines of a subdivision, i.e., the Ogden Valley, with a three acre zone, that doesn't allow three acre lots, but it may resemble something more like an estate subdivision. Where it would be one home per three acres, there would be one home per six, nine, or ten acres. An incentive would be built into something like if you construct a drive-way system that could withstand the weight to accommodate an emergency vehicle. The county could incentivize development like this large lot option. It would incentivize in such a way that it wouldn't require the developer to have to develop the entire infrastructure of curb, gutter, and sidewalk.

Scott Mendoza said the idea would be to have some tubal fences that may be line with these longer driveways that may resemble a large driveway system. What they would end up with is not three acre lots, but maybe six, or ten acre lots. In the Western part of the county what you may end up with is one unit per acre, or maybe two, five or ten acres. The incentive would be that there would be fewer infrastructures. The driveway system would be private, the county wouldn't be obligated to maintain, the owners of the property would maintain those driveway systems. They are talking about easement properties, and once they are put in a subdivision like that, they couldn't be subdivided into more lots without the county holding the appropriate public meetings, relinquishing any rights that were put in place with the open space rights. This is just in the beginning stage of thought and they wanted to know if there was any interest from the Planning Commission. They will bring this back for more information for a decision.

Commissioner Favero inquired that if this was a large lot, 10-20 acres, with a house in the middle of it, and if this driveway that meets the standards for emergency equipment was not maintained? Would there be some sort of backlash to the county. Would there be some sort of backlash on whoever the providing entity is, whether it be Western Weber or Ogden Valley if an emergency vehicle couldn't get to the middle of this 20 acres because of some issue or problem. Scott Mendoza responded that he would talk to the County Attorney and get an opinion. Right now, these access exceptions do require a certain standard, and the Fire District reviews them. There are standards as far as compaction, when an access exceeds a certain length, it needs to be a certain width, and there needs to be turn around at the end.

Commissioner Favero asked if an applicant wanted to put a home in the middle of an undeveloped subdivision, they could put a home in the middle of a 20 acre property. They could plan it out so that at some point in time when it was a liability and was no longer a positive thing for a family, that road would be put in according to an engineer plan, that eventually it could be phased out over time. Essentially, that is what you are speaking of here. Scott Mendoza replied that if the large parcel ends up further subdivided, at some point the minimum lot size when it reaches five acres or less, it's going to have to be a subdivision lot. According to the rules in place, it's going to have frontage on a road, unless there is some other way to be platted.

Commissioner Favero said if he owned this large piece of property and wanted to build a home and have an estate for a period of time, he would need to meet the standards. But in the process he would also be planning ahead, and if decided that he wanted to subdivide it, he would come back in and subdivide it. Scott Mendoza replied that if he wanted to have one home site on a property, and then not after long you would start subdividing, this subdivision would not be for that type of situation, because once the subdivision is developed, those easements put in place would not allow that for that subdivision.

Commissioner Andreotti asked that he kind of struggled with the population growth for our area here, would this be a new zone? Director Wilkinson replied that this is a tool help out with what you are talking about, and what Mr. Mendoza is saying, they are essentially getting rid of a lot of that density within whatever area is being subdivided, in exchange for trying to decide some of that density and retiring it, they get reduction in the infrastructure costs.

Commissioner Andreotti said as to the Transfer Development Rights (TDR's), he has a five acre parcel, and he would give up four of his development rights; how would that feel? Scott Mendoza replied that what is going on in the Ogden Valley is very different from the Western part of the county. The largest concern in the Ogden Valley had to do with density, the overall numbers there, and the public there would like to lower the overall numbers that could be developed in the future. As far as TDR's, it would be interesting to see how the general plan goes that leads them in a direction of TDR's, transferring from somewhere to another designated area.

Commissioner Favero said if they have TDR's, then the cluster subdivision ordinance will then become diluted, because then they will be able to take property rights from somewhere, transfer them, and will be able to pack as many houses into a subdivision, but the right or the open space can be transferred somewhere else, unless that's incorrect. Scott Mendoza replied that the units would go to a designated receiving area, it may not be in a subdivision and the cluster subdivision may not be a receiving area. It may be a small area confined to the boundaries of the existing cities. It may not be in the rest of the county, and a transfer may go some place without sewer, and is already fairly urban.

Commissioner Favero said that there is other information that he feels they should be looking at and suggested putting this on hold for now. Commissioner Andreotti said that it would be okay to get the information now so they can think about it. Scott Mendoza replied that this is very early and they don't know if it's going to work or if it is something that the county would support.

- 3. Public Comment for Items not on the Agenda: There were no Public Comments.
- 4. Remarks from Planning Commissioners: There were no remarks from the Planning Commissioners.
- 5. Planning Director Report: Director Wilkinson indicated that he had the 2014 Summary of all the applications they received and the number of permits issued. He will be presenting a report to this Planning Commission of their work plan and things they are doing to comply with the general plan for next month. He was informed by Charles Ewert at the last meeting of the discussion about a potential update to the general plan. They had a discussion with the County Commission, and they are not opposed to that idea, but it's not going to be this year or the next year, because they want to see what is going to happen with the Ogden Valley General Plan, and see what is being implemented from that, and it may take a couple of years. The general plan states that when 500 houses are built, that would be the threshold and trigger a new general plan. There have been almost 400 houses built since 2003, and County Commission said that they were close, and they could expect some development in the next couple of years.
- 6. Adjournment: The meeting was adjourned at 6:35 p.m.

Respectfully Submitted,

Kary Serrano, Secretary; Weber County Planning Commission



# Staff Report to the Western Weber Planning Commission

Weber County Planning Division

### **Synopsis**

Application Information

**Application Request:** Consideration and action for a conditional use permit for the expansion of the Uintah

Highlands Reservoir #3.

Agenda Date:

Tuesday, April 14, 2015

Applicant:

Uintah Highlands Water and Sewer Improvement District

**Authorized Agent:** 

Blaine Brough

File Number:

Project Area:

CUP# 2015-11

**Property Information** 

Approximate Address:

2450 East Jacqueline Drive 3920.4 sq ft (0.09 acres)

Zoning:

**RE-20** 

**Existing Land Use:** 

Culinary Water Reservoir

Proposed Land Use:

Culinary Water Reservoir

Parcel ID:

06-121-0018

Township, Range, Section: Township 5 North, Range 1 West, Section 14

Adjacent Land Use

North: Forest South: Residential

East:

Forest

West:

Residential

**Staff Information** 

Report Presenter:

Ronda Kippen

rkippen@co.weber.ut.us

801-399-8768

Report Reviewer:

JG

### Applicable Ordinances

- Title 101, Chapter 1, General Provisions, Section 7, Definitions
- Title 104, Chapter 3 Residential Estates Zones (RE-20)
- Title 104, Chapter 1 Design Review
- Title 108, Chapter 4 Conditional Uses
- Title 108, Chapter 10 Public Buildings and Public Utility Substations and Structures

### **Type of Decision**

When the Planning Commission is acting as a land use authority, it is acting in an administrative capacity and has much less discretion. Examples of administrative applications are design reviews, flag-lots, and subdivisions. Administrative applications must be approved by the Planning Commission if the application demonstrates compliance with the approval criteria.

### Summary and Background

The applicant is requesting approval for a conditional use permit for the expansion of the Uintah Highlands Reservoir #3. The expansion will include the replacement of an existing 180,000 gallon culinary water tank/reservoir with a 200,000 gallon concrete culinary water tank/reservoir (see Exhibit A & Exhibit B "Sheets 2 & 3"), construction of a new chlorine building, vacating a portion of the existing waterlines (see Exhibit B "Sheet 2"), and the installation of a new waterline connecting the new reservoir to the existing waterline located at the northern intersection of Jacqueline Drive and Bonneville Terrance (see Exhibit B "Sheets 3 & 7"). The proposed site is located at approximately 2450 East Jacqueline Drive, which is along the north-eastern boundary of "Woodland Estates Subdivision Unit 4". The existing water tank/reservoir was installed in the early 1970's as part of the Woodland Estates Units 3 & 4 and has exceeded its design life, necessitating the replacement. The proposed culinary tank/reservoir will be an enclosed circular, concrete reservoir, measuring 48' in diameter and an overall building height of 16'. The associated chlorine building will be approximately 100 square feet and will be located along the north side of the water tank/reservoir. The property lies in the Residential Estates Zone (RE-20) which allows "Water storage reservoir developed by a public agency" only when authorized by a conditional use permit. Uintah Highlands Water and Sewer Improvement District has identified the need to increase their culinary water system by providing a water system built to current standards (see Exhibit A).

The proposal is not anticipated to negatively impact the adjacent property owners on a long term basis and will be beneficial to the residents of the Uintah Highlands area by providing adequate culinary water services to the property owners within the Uintah Highlands Water and Sewer Improvement District.

The Weber Fire District has had a chance to review the application and has made the following comments in Miradi regarding the proposal:

"Weber Fire District does not have any concerns with this project. We would like to acknowledge that the increase in available water supply is a very positive thing for the growing community. From a fire-fighting standpoint, the added volume may someday be needed to combat a wildland interface fire or structure fire in the area. With larger residences being constructed, the demand for water for fire-fighting also increases. We encourage enhancements such as this for our community."

Conditional use permits should be approved as long as any harmful impact is mitigated. The Uniform Land Use Code of Weber County, Utah (LUC) already specifies certain standards necessary for mitigation of harmful impact to which the proposal must adhere. The proposed application appears to meet these standards. The following is staff's evaluation of the request.

## Analysis

General Plan: The Uintah Highlands Water and Sewer Improvement District has been identified as an established improvement district under State Law that provides for residential growth in the Uintah area of Weber County. During the 20 year planning period outlined in the Comprehensive Land Use Master Plan for the Southeast Planning Area, it was anticipated that a significant expansion of the existing services would be necessary to ensure adequate services within the adopted improvement district due to the existing reservoirs not adequately satisfying the immediate requirements placed on them. The proposed use supports the long-term goal and conforms to the Land Use Master Plan for the Southeast Planning Area by providing additional water storage to meet the demands of the existing water systems throughout developing areas. (see the 1970-1990 The Comprehensive Land Use Master Plan for the Southeast Planning Area Chapter 7 Public Utilities and Public Services).

<u>Zoning:</u> The subject property is located within the RE-20 Zone which is categorized as a "Residential Estates Zones". The purpose and intent of the Residential Estates Zones can be further described per LUC §104-3-1 as follows:

"The major purpose of the RE-15 and RE-20 Zones is to provide and protect residential development at a low density in a semi-agricultural or rural environment. It is also to provide for certain rural amenities on larger minimum lots, in conjunction with the primary residential nature of the zone."

The applicable standards for a water storage reservoir per the RE-20 zone are as follows:

- Minimum yard setbacks:
  - Front: 30'
  - o Side: 20'
- Main Building height:
  - Maximum: 35'

The additional standards for a water storage reservoir for all public utility substations as listed in LUC§108-10 and as follows:

- Public utility substations-Minimum lot area: None
- Minimum yard setbacks:
  - o Rear: 5'
- Same-Street access:
  - Each public utility substation shall be located on a lot, which has adequate access from a street, alley, right-of-way, or easement.

The proposed use is conditionally allowed in the RE-20 zone and has been reviewed as a "Water storage reservoir" as well as "Public utility substations". The location and arrangement of public utility substations and structures must be in accordance with construction plans submitted to and approved by the planning commission. The minimum lot area is

waived for all public utility substations per LUC §108-10-2 and the rear yard requirements may be reduced in residential zones to 5' per LUC §108-10-3.

<u>Conditional Use Review</u>: A review process has been outlined in LUC §108-4-3 to ensure compliance with the applicable ordinances and to mitigate anticipated detrimental effects. The applicant has provided a copy of the "Project Notification Form" as adequate proof of application through the State of Utah Division of Drinking Water as part of the proposed expansion. Prior to commencing work, Uintah Highlands Water and Sewer Improvement District will need to receive the approval from the applicable State and County agencies for the new culinary water tank/reservoir, waterlines and chlorine building. A condition has been made part of the Planning Division's recommendations to ensure that this standard is met.

<u>Design Review:</u> The public nature of the proposed conditional use mandates a design review as outlined in LUC §108-1-2 to ensure that the general design, layout and appearance of the building remains orderly and harmonious with the surrounding neighborhood. Certain areas of the design review are only applicable due to the nature of the request. As part of this review, the Planning Commission shall consider the applicable matters based on the proposed conditional use and impose conditions to mitigate deficiencies where the plan is found deficient. The matters for consideration are as follows:

- Considerations relating to traffic safety and traffic congestion. As part of this consideration, the applicant has provided a detailed site plan (see Exhibit B "Sheet 3"). It is anticipated that the proposal will generate construction traffic during the removal and replacement of the water tank/reservoir; however, upon completion of the project, traffic congestion or delay is not expected. The contractor will be responsible to guarantee site materials are not tracked onto the County roadways, in order to provide safe vehicular traffic along Jacqueline Drive.
- Considerations relating to landscaping. Due to the existing terrain, the applicant will be utilizing the existing oak brush surrounding the site as a natural screening mechanism to ensure harmony with the adjacent surroundings. It is anticipated that some grading of the existing access road will take place to allow for construction equipment to mobilize on site. During the demolition process, there will be some clearing and grubbing of the existing vegetation but none so much that would require the removal of existing trees larger than 6" in diameter. All grubbed material will be hauled off site and disposed of. Erosion control mats with a native seed mix will be installed on the affected areas of disturbance once construction has been completed. A six foot chain link fence along with a 20' chain link access gate, both of which are proposed to be topped with razor or barbed wire, will be installed around the exterior of the culinary water tank/reservoir for security purposes (see Exhibit B "Sheet 3"). A condition of approval will be necessary if the Planning Commission feels that additional landscaping and screening is essential to conceal the area and preserve the rural, mountainous landscape.
- Considerations relating to buildings and site layout. The proposed chlorine building is 10' x 10' (see Exhibit B "Sheet 3" for location & "Sheet 12" for building details) and will be constructed on the north side of the new water tank/reservoir of 8"x4"x16" brown "Atlas" brick. The external surfaces are predominantly natural, muted earth tones and the metal roof will be dark green. It appears that the proposal meets the minimum requirements of LUC §108-1-4(4).
- Considerations relating to utility easements, drainage, and other engineering questions. The applicant will need to adhere to all conditions of the Engineering Division including but not limited to providing a storm water pollution prevention plan. Prior to commencement of construction the following permits must be obtained through the Engineering Division: a storm water construction activity permit, an excavation permit for all work in the County right-of-way and a building permit prior to commencing construction. A condition has been made part of the Planning Division's recommendations to ensure that these requirements are met.
- Considerations relating to prior development concept plan approval associated with any rezoning agreement,
  planned commercial or manufacturing rezoning, or planned residential unit development approval. The proposed
  site does not have any type of development agreement associated with the property; therefore considerations
  pertaining to this portion of the code are not applicable at this time.

## **Summary of Planning Commission Considerations**

In order for a conditional use to be approved it must meet the requirements of applicable ordinances listed in this staff report, which include the requirements listed in LUC §108-4-4, under "Criteria for Issuance of Conditional Use Permit", which states:

Conditional Uses shall be approved on a case-by case basis. The planning commission shall not authorize a conditional use permit unless evidence is present to establish:

- 1. Reasonably anticipated detrimental effects of a proposed conditional use can be substantially mitigated by the proposal or by the imposition of reasonable conditions to achieve compliance with applicable standards. Examples of potential negative impacts are odor, vibration, light, dust, smoke or noise.
- 2. That the proposed use will comply with the regulations and conditions specified in the Land Use Code and other applicable agency standards of use.

The Planning Commission will need to determine if the request for the expansion of the Uintah Highlands Reservoir #3 has met the requirements of the applicable Uniform Land Use Code of Weber County. The Planning Commission may impose additional conditions in order to ensure full compliance with the required standards. In making a decision, the Planning Commission should consider the following questions:

- Does the submittal meet the Uniform Land Use Code of Weber County? If no, then what conditions could be added in order to comply?
- Have the "Criteria for Issuance of Conditional Use Permit" and other applicable ordinances been met?

### **Staff Recommendation**

The Planning Division recommends approval of file# CUP 2015-11, a conditional use permit for the expansion of the Uintah Highlands Reservoir #3, to be located at approximately 2450 East Jacqueline Drive Ogden, UT. This recommendation for approval is subject to all review agency requirements and with the following conditions:

- 1. Prior to commencing work, Uintah Highlands Water and Sewer Improvement District will need to provide a copy of the approval received from the State of Utah Division of Drinking Water for the new culinary water tank/reservoir, waterlines and chlorine building.
- 2. Requirements of the Weber County Building Inspection Division.
- 3. Requirements and recommendations of the Weber Fire District.
- 4. Requirements of the Weber County Engineering Division.
- 5. Requirements of the Weber-Morgan Health Department.

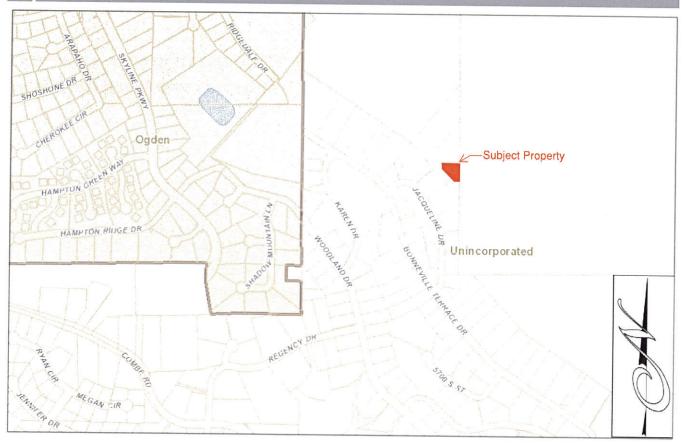
This recommendation is based on the following findings:

- 1. The proposed use conforms to the Weber County General Plan.
- 2. The proposed use will provide the needed water source to meet the demands the Uintah Highlands Water and Sewer District.
- 3. The proposed use, if conditions are imposed, will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, or welfare.
- 4. The proposed use, if conditions are imposed, will comply with applicable County ordinances.
- 5. The proposed use will not deteriorate the environment of the general area so as to negatively impact surrounding properties and uses.

### **Exhibits**

- A. Application
- B. Project Plans

# Map 1



# Map 2



We	ber County Condit	ional Use F	Permit Ap	plication
<b>Application submitta</b>	Is will be accepted by appointment or	nly. (801) 399-8791.	2380 Washington E	Blvd. Suite 240, Ogden, UT 84401
Date Submitted / Completed 03/13/2015	Fees (Office Use)	Receipt Numbe	er (Office Use)	File Number (Office Use)
Property Owner Contact I	Information			
Name of Property Owner(s) Uintah Highlands Water and Sewe	er Improvement District	Mailing Addre	ss of Property Owne	er(s)
Phone 801-476-0945	Fax	Ogden, UT 84	403	
Email Address uhid 1@qwestoffice.net		Preferred Meth	nod of Written Corre	
Authorized Representativ	e Contact Information			
Name of Person Authorized to Repr Blaine Brough Phone		2401 E 6175 S	ss of Authorized Pers	son
801-476-0945	Fax	Ogden, UT 844	103	
Email Address uhid1@qwestoffice.net <i>Ma</i> *	Hr Ejonescivil.com	Preferred Method of Written Correspondence    Email   Fax   Mail		
Property Information				
Project Name Reservoir #3 Rebuild		Total Acreage 0.09		Current Zoning RE-20
Approximate Address 2450 E Jacqueline Drive		Land Serial Nun 06-121-0018	nber(s)	2
he existing 180,000 gallon tank. The completed in September 2015, Pr	e construction will take place on proper roject drawings as well as a geotechnica	k exposed. The new re ty owned by the Impr of report are attached:	eservoir will have a vo rovement District and to this application.	olume of 200,000 gallons which replaces

# Exhibit A: Application

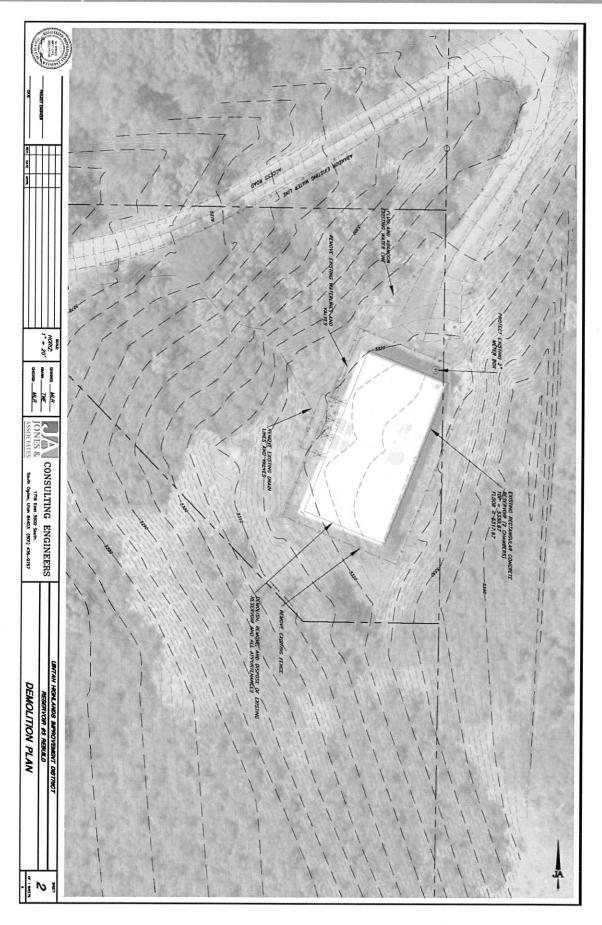
nat the proposed use of the particular ommunity:	location is necessary or desirable to provide a service or fa	acility which will contribute to the general v	well being of th
intah Highlands Improvement Distric ommunity by providing a new water I eed of replacement.	t supplies culinary water to the residents of the Uintah Hig ank to feed its water system built to current standards. It v	hlands area in Weber County. This project vill replace an existing tank that is past it's c	will serve the design life and i
dings and structures when considering	tances of the particular case and the conditions imposed, overments in the community, but will be compatible with a g traffic generation, parking, building design and location	and complimentary to the existing surroun , landscaping and signs:	ding uses,
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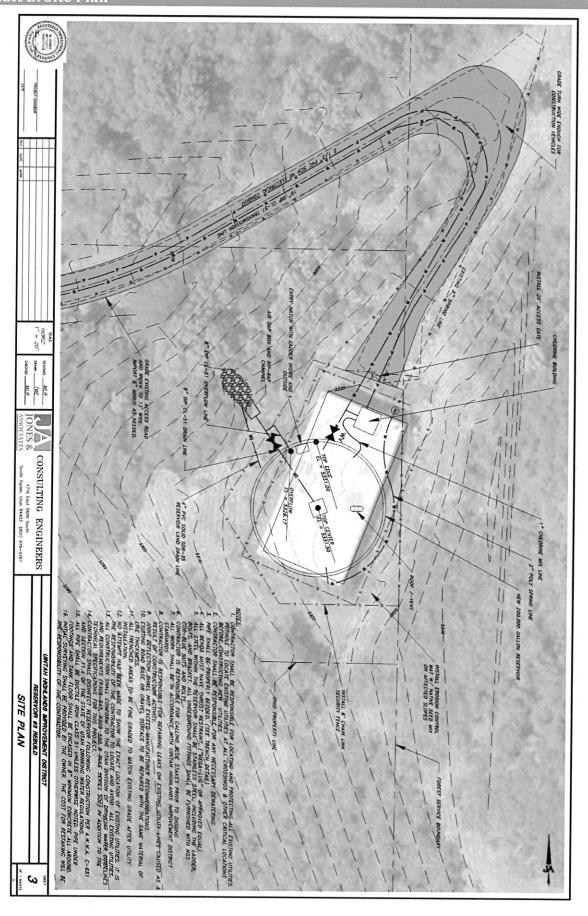
# Exhibit A: Application

That the proposed use will con	mply with the regulations and	d conditions specified	in this Ordinance for	such use:		
All state and and regulations	will be met and the project w	ill not change the exis	ting use of the site. I	n addition to this permit,	applications have been su	ubmitted
to the State Division of Drinkin	ng Water and the US Forest S	ervice for approval.		•		- integ
	9.0					
7						
	m. 50					
That the proposed use conforms	s to the goals, policies and go	overning principles an	d land use of the Ger	neral Plan for Weber Cou	ntv:	
The use will not change from th	e existing use and will confo	rm to the General Plan	for Weber County.			

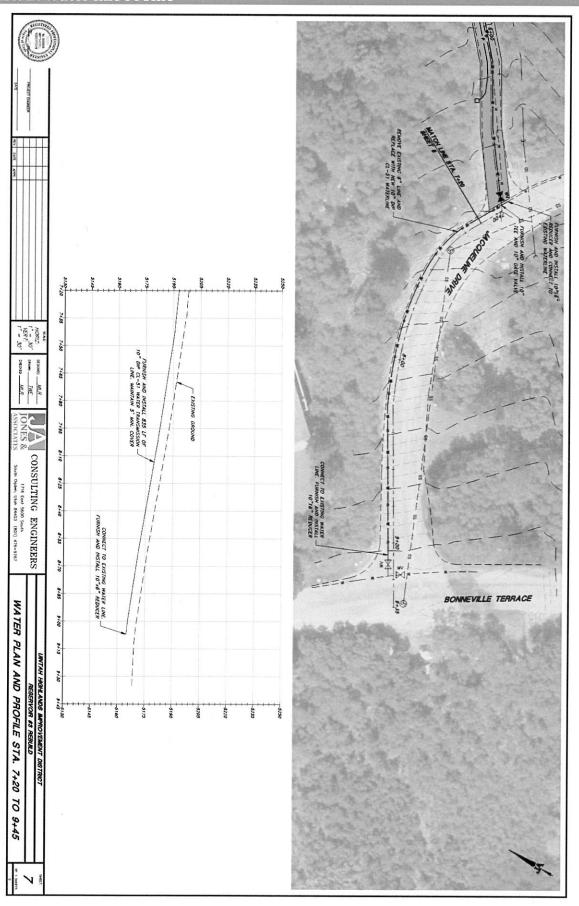
# Exhibit A: Application

That the proposed use will not lead to the deterioration of the environment or eco a type or of such a quantity so as to detrimentally effect, to any appreciable degre thereon, in the immediate vicinity of the community or area as a whole:	ology of the general area, nor will produce conditions or emit pollutants of sucl se, public and private properties including the operation of existing uses
- An existing water tank is located on the site and this project will not change the present during the construction phase but once complete the district will only act the existing condition. No deterioration to the existing condition.	environment or ecology of the area. An increase in construction traffic will be
the existing condition. No deterioration to the environment or pollutants that wil	cess the site periodically for routine maintenance. The site will be restored to I have a detrimental effect are anticipated as a a result of this project.
1	
Property Owner Affidavit	
I (We), BLAINE BROWGH , depose and say and that the statements herein contained, the information provided in the attach my (our) knowledge.	that I (we) am (are) the owner(s) of the property identified in this application ned plans and other exhibits are in all respects true and correct to the best of
Bhi Byl	
(Property Owner)	(Property Owner)
State of Utah County of Weber Subscribed and sworn to me this 13th day of March 20 15	_
BRADLEY BOYCE Notary Public, State of Utah Commission #676457 My Commission Expires May 18, 2018	Genfly Bozee (Notary)
Authorized Representative Affidavit	
I (We),, the owner(s) of the (our) representative(s),, the owner(s) of the (our) behalf before any administrative or legislative body in the County conspertaining to the attached application.	ne real property described in the attached application, do authorized as my to represent me (us) regarding the attached application and to appear on sidering this application and to act in all respects as our agent in matters
(Property Owner)	(Property Owner)
Dated thisday of, 20, personally appeare signer(s) of the Representative Authorization Affidavit who duly acknowledged to n	ed before me, the me that they executed the same.
	(Notary)

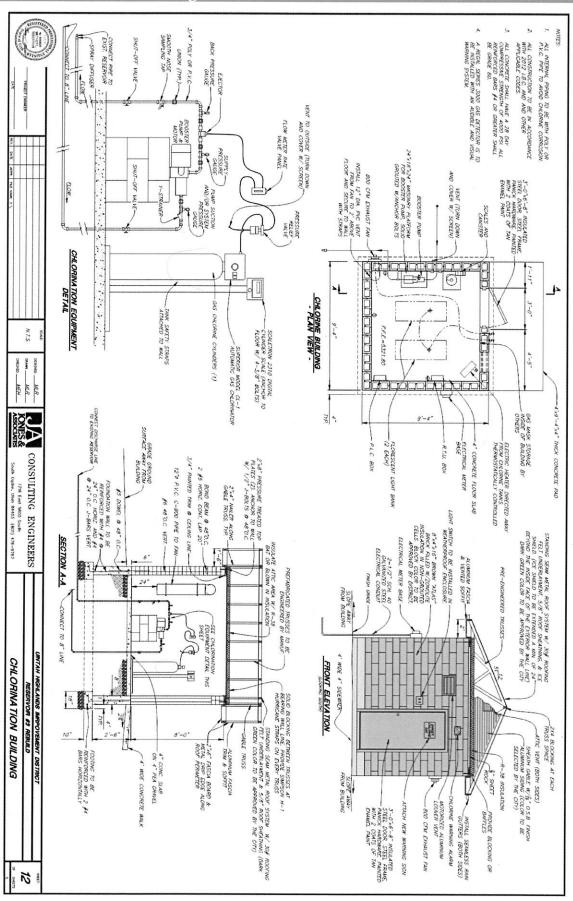




# Exhibit B: Water line Profile



## **Exhibit B: Chlorination Building Plans**





# Staff Report for Western Weber County Planning Commission Weber County Planning Division

Synopsis

Application Information

Application Request:

Consideration and action on final approval of Winslow Farr Jr. Farm Subdivision Phase 1 (14

Lots and 3 open space parcels).

Agenda Date:

Tuesday, April 14, 2015

Applicant:

Bob Favero

File Number:

LVW 120914

**Property Information** 

**Approximate Address:** 

2269 South 3500 West

Project Area:

13 acres

Zoning:

Agricultural (A-1)

Existing Land Use:

Residential/Agricultural

**Proposed Land Use:** 

Residential

Parcel ID:

15-078-0011 and 15-078-0015

Township, Range, Section:

T6N, R2W, Section 28

Adjacent Land Use

North: East: Residential

Agricultural

South:

Agricultural

West:

Residential

**Staff Information** 

Report Presenter:

Jim Gentry

jgentry@co.weber.ut.us

801-399-8767

Report Reviewer:

JG

### Applicable Land Use Codes

Weber County Land Use Code Title 106 (Subdivisions)

Weber County Land Use Code Title 104 (Zones) Chapter 5 (A-1 Zone)

Weber County Land Use Code Title 108 (Zones) Chapter 3 (Cluster Subdivision)

### Type of Decision

Administrative Decisions: When the Planning Commission is acting as a land use authority, it is acting in an administrative capacity and has much less discretion. Examples of administrative applications are design reviews, flag lots, and subdivisions. Administrative applications must be approved by the Planning Commission if the application demonstrates compliance with the approval criteria.

### Background

The applicant is requesting final approval of Phase 1 of Winslow Farr Jr. Farm Subdivision (14 lots), located at approximately 3500 West 2269 South in the A-1 Zone. The minimum frontage in a cluster subdivision is 60 feet with the setbacks being 20 feet on the front and rears with the sides a minimum of 8 feet. Dwellings are allowed to be 40 feet in height. This subdivision was approved with curb, gutter, and sidewalk.

An Access Exception 2015-1 (AE 2015-1) was granted for lots 100 and 101 to be accessed by a 30 foot easement from 3600 West. Lot 101 has a home located on the property and is currently being accessed on a 16.5 foot right of way easement from 3500 West. There is an out building located on the property line that will have to be removed. The existing easement will be vacated from 3500 West to what is being shown as 3600 West.

Irrigation ditches or canals that carry five second feet or more of water is required to install a solid board, chain link, or other non-climbable fence not less than five feet in height. Where phase 1 abuts the canal, fencing will be required.

The Weber County Engineer's Office has reviewed the project and has a number of items on the construction drawings that need to be corrected.

Taylor-West Weber Water has given final approval with the condition that secondary water is provided by Hooper Irrigation and a Weber Basin contract for the water rights. A final approval letter from Hooper Irrigation is required. A construct permit from the Utah State Department of Environmental Quality Division of Drinking Water for expansion of the water system and water lines serving the subdivision is required prior to the subdivision receiving final approval from the County Commission.

Central Weber Sewer will provide sewer services with the condition that the property is annexed into the sewer district and all plans are approved by the district. The applicant has submitted the application and drawings for annexation in to the sewer district.

The Fire District has approved the proposed location of the fire hydrant spacing. As phases of this development are done, a second access is required when the number of homes reach 30.

The applicant needs to show that there will be a 75 foot open space separation between Lot 100 and lot 503 in phase 5.

The County Surveyors have a number of issues with the final plat, including the lot numbering and streets that just have names.

# Summary of Planning Commission Considerations

Does this subdivision meet the requirements of the Land Use Code including the Cluster Subdivision Ordinance?

### Conformance to the General Plan

Subdivisions that meet the requirements of applicable County Ordinances conform to the General Plan. This subdivision addresses water, wastewater, roads, and other issues which are discussed in the General Plan.

# Conditions of Approval

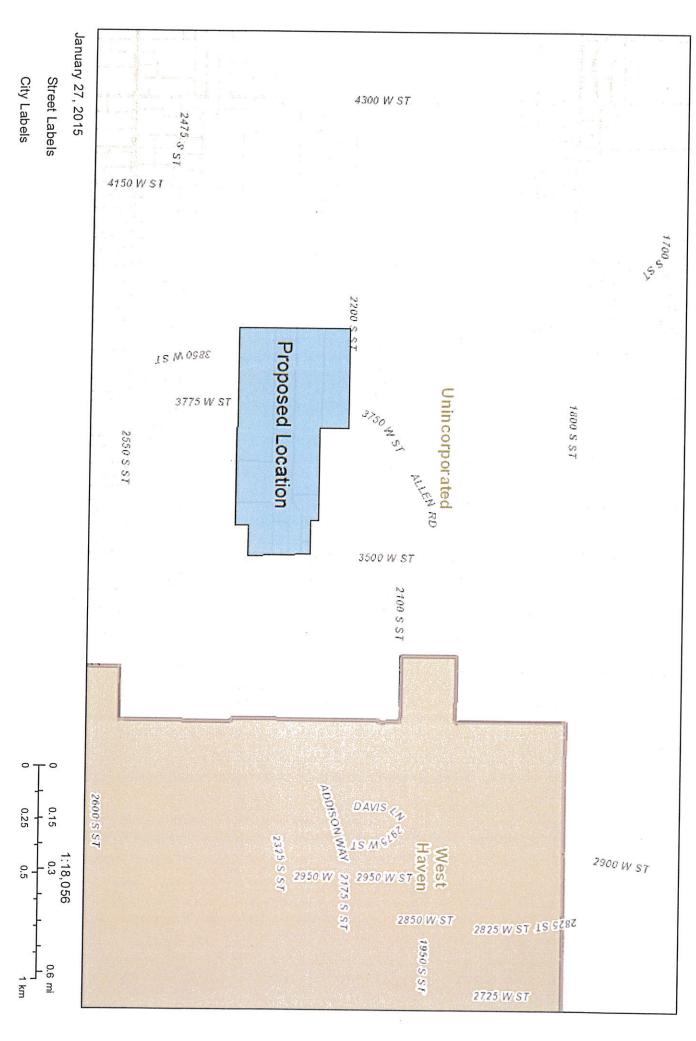
- Requirements of the Weber County Engineering Division.
- Requirements of the Central Weber Sewer District.
  - Annexation into the sewer district
  - District impact fees
- Requirements of Taylor West Weber Water.
  - Connect to Hooper Irrigation
    - Irrigation plans need to be approved by Hooper Irrigation.
  - Impact fees
- Requirements of the Weber Fire District.
  - o Fire District Impact fees
- Fencing of the irrigation ditch.
- A construct permit from the Utah State Department of Environmental Quality Division of Drinking Water for expansion of the water system and water lines.
- All improvements need to be either installed or escrowed for prior to recording of the subdivision.
- Lot 100 and Lot 101 have a building that is on those two property lines that needs to be removed or moved.
- Curb, gutter, and sidewalks are to be installed as part of this subdivision.
- Vacating the access easement from 3500 West to 3600 West (across open space A, and Lots 110 and 113).

### Staff Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission grants final approval of Winslow Farr Jr. Farm Subdivision (14 lots plus 3 open space parcels), subject to staff and other agency comments.

### Bahilbits

- A. Location map
- B. Subdivision plat





# Staff Report to the Western Weber Planning Commission

Weber County Planning Division

### **Synopsis**

Application Information

**Application Request:** 

Consideration and recommendation on a proposal to amend the Weber County Land Use

Code to provide for the nonconforming designation of lots made smaller by right-of-way

expansions, and to provide administrative clarifications related to those sections.

Agenda Date:

Tuesday, April 14, 2015

Staff Report Date:

Thursday, February 12, 2015

Applicant:

Planning Division

File Number:

ZTA 2014-05

**Property Information** 

Approximate Address:

Not Applicable

Project Area:

Not Applicable

Zoning:

Not Applicable

**Existing Land Use:** 

Not Applicable

Proposed Land Use:

Not Applicable

Parcel ID:

Not Applicable

Township, Range, Section:

Not Applicable

Adjacent Land Use

North:

Not Applicable

South:

Not Applicable

East:

Not Applicable

West:

Not Applicable

Staff Information

Report Presenter:

Charlie Ewert

cewert@co.weber.ut.us

(801) 399-8763

Report Reviewer:

SW

# Applicable Ordinances

- Weber County Land Use Code Title 101 (General Provisions) Section 7 (Definitions)
- Weber County Land Use Code Title 108 (Standards) Chapter 12 (Noncomplying Structures and Nonconforming Uses/Parcels)

### **Legislative Decisions**

When the Planning Commission is acting as a recommending body to the County Commission, it is acting in a legislative capacity and has wide discretion. Examples of legislative actions are general plan, zoning map, and land use code amendments. With legislative actions it is required that the Planning Commission give a recommendation to the County Commission. Typically, the criterion for providing a recommendation on a legislative matter suggests a review for compatibility with the general plan and existing ordinances.

### Background

The Engineering Department is currently working with the public along 3500 West and 12th Street to initiate a public right of way expansion of both roads. The expansions will take the front portions of the parcels that front these streets. The amount taken depends on a myriad of factors, such as the current right of way width, necessary road appurtenances, and proximity to intersections of streets and canals. A special ordinance is necessary that allows lots made noncompliant to current zoning standards to be considered a legal, nonconforming status. This will help clarify in the law that the current occupancy, use, and the right to initiate new uses, as may be allowed by the zone, may be continued on properties that drop below the zoning standards.

In the process of vetting language to enable this, staff found other areas of the code related to nonconforming parcels that need additional clarity. Under historic best management practices, and in model ordinances used throughout the country,

the nonconforming use and noncomplying structures ordinance is intended to ensure that the right to continue existing uses and structures are vested throughout time, and are protected from zoning changes or standards changes presented by new ordinances (often referred to as "grandfathered"). However, the original intent of such an ordinance is to make the changes or modifications of nonconforming uses and structures so restrictive that future land owners are more motivated to eliminate the nonconformity and comply with new ordinance standards (achieved by reconfiguring property and/or tearing down old structures). This intent was a method of advancing the purposes of new ordinances, which were presumably enacted to better the health, safety, and welfare of the public.

In Weber County, such restrictiveness has not prevailed. Even though the framework of Chapter 108-12 Noncomplying Structures and Nonconforming Uses/Parcels appears to follow the framework of historic model ordinances, the chapter has been amended to be more permissive regarding the modification of noncomplying structures. It has also been amended with provisions on how to treat nonconforming lots, giving leniency to those lots created in a manner that did not comply with previous subdivision codes. Essentially, what this does is gives a grant of amnesty from subdivision requirements for these lots. The County does this for three reasons:

- 1. It some cases it is difficult to determine what laws were in effect at the time, and whether they complied with state laws of the time.
- 2. It is difficult to tell whether the County has consistently and fairly applied those laws to all people/properties.
- 3. It is politically unpalatable to penalize a successor for violations that were created by a prior owner.

These provisions are not proposed to be removed, but they are being revised to provide clarity.

### Policy Analysis

To provide for lots affected by public right-of-way expansions, Staff proposes the changes that can be found in the attached Exhibit A proposed code change, Section 108-12-15. Along with this new code section, a notice document has been created that will be recorded on the properties affected by right of way expansions. This notice will give current and future property owners notice of the new ordinance, and provide clarity in the record that their right to existing and new uses on the property will not be affected by the right of way expansion. This notice is provided in Exhibit B. The notice is not part of the text amendment.

Regarding unplatted properties, the changes proposed in Exhibit A, under Section 108-12-11, maintain the flexibility of the current ordinance whilst also providing clarifications. One primary difference in the proposal that deviates from the historic standard of practice is the modified definition of "Lot, nonconforming," in Section 101-1-7. Current ordinance only lists that zoning area and zoning width standards may make a lot nonconforming. The new definition specifies that all applicable lot standards are to be considered when evaluating whether a lot is nonconforming. The significance of this change is this: lot standards may be found in various places in the code, including the zoning ordinance and the subdivision ordinance. If a lot is legally created or modified under the lot standards of any land use code requirement at the time and any of those lot standards are later changed, then the lot is considered nonconforming as it relates to the changed lot standard, whatever that standard may be. The proposed definition is no longer limiting to zoning area and zoning width standards.

Because this change parts ways with historic application of this ordinance, both within Weber County and elsewhere, staff consulted with the Weber County legal team and the Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman to ensure the philosophy is keeping with the goal of maintaining a supportable and defensible code.

This new distinction is only important insomuch as nonconforming lots are treated differently from conforming lots. Staff has searched the code for all references to nonconforming lots and cannot find any reference that this change may negatively affect.

### **Conformance to the General Plan**

Legislative decisions should be considered through the lens of policy perspectives provided in the General Plan. A review of the general plan documents returned little specificity on the subjects. However, the transportation element of both

townships' current general plans provide recommendations regarding sufficient vehicular transportation facilities<sup>1</sup>, and this proposal helps support that.

## **Conditions of Approval**

Not Applicable

### Past Action on this Item

The Western Weber Planning Commission reviewed the proposal in a work session on November 18, 2014. The Ogden Valley Planning Commission reviewed the proposal in a work session on January 27, 2015. No action was taken in either meeting.

## Noticing Compliance

A hearing for this item before the Planning Commission has been posted for public notice in compliance with UCA §17-27a-205 in the following manners:

- · Posted on the County's Official Website
- Posted on the Utah Public Notice Website
- Published in a local newspaper

### Staff Recommendation

Staff recommends approval of the text included as Exhibit B and Exhibit C with the following findings:

- 1. The additions will provide property owners affected by the expansion of a public right-of-way the protections of a nonconforming status that fall below zoning standards as a result of the expansion.
- 2. The additions provide property owners with an equitable balance to an issue caused by the County's acquisition of a portion of their land for public purposes.
- 3. The clarifications are not detrimental to the health, safety, and welfare of County residents.

The Planning Commission's decision should be made as a recommendation to the County Commission. A model motion is provided below.

### Sample Motions

Sample Motion for a **Positive Recommendation** – "I move we forward a positive recommendation to the County Commission for the Zoning Text Amendment regarding lots made nonconforming by public right-of-way expansion, and other clarifications related to regulation of nonconforming lots, File #ZTA 2014-05, with the following findings:

- All findings recommended by staff in the staff report dated February 12, 2015;
  - a. [as modified with these changes: ]
- 2. ... List and additional findings to support the amendment, as may be deemed necessary."

Sample Motion for a **Negative Recommendation** – "I move we forward a negative recommendation to the County Commission for the Zoning Text Amendment regarding lots made nonconforming by public right-of-way expansion, and other clarifications related to regulation of nonconforming lots, File #ZTA 2014-05, with the following findings:

1. List any findings...

### Exhibits

- A. Summary, List, and Key to Proposed Changes.
- B. Code Change Right of Way Expansions Causing Nonconforming Lots (Redlines).
- C. Code Change Right of Way Expansions Causing Nonconforming Lots (Clean).
- D. Draft Notice of Legal-Nonconformance (for administrative use).
- E. Land Use Code Revision Process Flowchart

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For 1998 Ogden Valley General Plan, see Section 9.02. For the 2003 West Central Weber General Plan, see Section 3-1.

the nonconforming use and noncomplying structures ordinance is intended to ensure that the right to continue existing uses and structures are vested throughout time, and are protected from zoning changes or standards changes presented by new ordinances (often referred to as "grandfathered"). However, the original intent of such an ordinance is to make the changes or modifications of nonconforming uses and structures so restrictive that future land owners are more motivated to eliminate the nonconformity and comply with new ordinance standards (achieved by reconfiguring property and/or tearing down old structures). This intent was a method of advancing the purposes of new ordinances, which were presumably enacted to better the health, safety, and welfare of the public.

In Weber County, such restrictiveness has not prevailed. Even though the framework of Chapter 108-12 Noncomplying Structures and Nonconforming Uses/Parcels appears to follow the framework of historic model ordinances, the chapter has been amended to be more permissive regarding the modification of noncomplying structures. It has also been amended with provisions on how to treat nonconforming lots, giving leniency to those lots created in a manner that did not comply with previous subdivision codes. Essentially, what this does is gives a grant of amnesty from subdivision requirements for these lots. The County does this for three reasons:

- 1. It some cases it is difficult to determine what laws were in effect at the time, and whether they complied with state laws of the time.
- 2. It is difficult to tell whether the County has consistently and fairly applied those laws to all people/properties.
- 3. It is politically unpalatable to penalize a successor for violations that were created by a prior owner.

These provisions are not proposed to be removed, but they are being revised to provide clarity.

### Policy Analysis

To provide for lots affected by public right-of-way expansions, Staff proposes the changes that can be found in the attached Exhibit A proposed code change, Section 108-12-15. Along with this new code section, a notice document has been created that will be recorded on the properties affected by right of way expansions. This notice will give current and future property owners notice of the new ordinance, and provide clarity in the record that their right to existing and new uses on the property will not be affected by the right of way expansion. This notice is provided in Exhibit B. The notice is not part of the text amendment.

Regarding unplatted properties, the changes proposed in Exhibit A, under Section 108-12-11, maintain the flexibility of the current ordinance whilst also providing clarifications. One primary difference in the proposal that deviates from the historic standard of practice is the modified definition of "Lot, nonconforming," in Section 101-1-7. Current ordinance only lists that zoning area and zoning width standards may make a lot nonconforming. The new definition specifies that all applicable lot standards are to be considered when evaluating whether a lot is nonconforming. The significance of this change is this: lot standards may be found in various places in the code, including the zoning ordinance and the subdivision ordinance. If a lot is legally created or modified under the lot standards of any land use code requirement at the time and any of those lot standards are later changed, then the lot is considered nonconforming as it relates to the changed lot standard, whatever that standard may be. The proposed definition is no longer limiting to zoning area and zoning width standards.

Because this change parts ways with historic application of this ordinance, both within Weber County and elsewhere, staff consulted with the Weber County legal team and the Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman to ensure the philosophy is keeping with the goal of maintaining a supportable and defensible code.

This new distinction is only important insomuch as nonconforming lots are treated differently from conforming lots. Staff has searched the code for all references to nonconforming lots and cannot find any reference that this change may negatively affect.

### Conformance to the General Plan

Legislative decisions should be considered through the lens of policy perspectives provided in the General Plan. A review of the general plan documents returned little specificity on the subjects. However, the transportation element of both

townships' current general plans provide recommendations regarding sufficient vehicular transportation facilities<sup>1</sup>, and this proposal helps support that.

# **Conditions of Approval**

Not Applicable

### Past Action on this Item

The Western Weber Planning Commission reviewed the proposal in a work session on November 18, 2014. The Ogden Valley Planning Commission reviewed the proposal in a work session on January 27, 2015. No action was taken in either meeting.

## **Noticing Compliance**

A hearing for this item before the Planning Commission has been posted for public notice in compliance with UCA §17-27a-205 in the following manners:

- Posted on the County's Official Website 10 days in advance of the hearing.
- Posted on the Utah Public Notice Website 10 days in advance of the hearing.
- Published in a local newspaper 10 days in advance of the hearing.

### Staff Recommendation

Staff recommends approval of the text included as Exhibit B and Exhibit C with the following findings:

- 1. The additions will provide property owners affected by the expansion of a public right-of-way the protections of a nonconforming status that fall below zoning standards as a result of the expansion.
- 2. The additions provide property owners with an equitable balance to an issue caused by the County's acquisition of a portion of their land for public purposes.
- 3. The clarifications are not detrimental to the health, safety, and welfare of County residents.

The Planning Commission's decision should be made as a recommendation to the County Commission. A model motion is provided below.

### Sample Motions

Sample Motion for a **Positive Recommendation** – "I move we forward a positive recommendation to the County Commission for the Zoning Text Amendment regarding lots made nonconforming by public right-of-way expansion, and other clarifications related to regulation of nonconforming lots, File #ZTA 2014-05, with the following findings:

- All findings recommended by staff in the staff report dated February 12, 2015;
  - a. [as modified with these changes: ]
- 2. ... List and additional findings to support the amendment, as may be deemed necessary."

Sample Motion for a **Negative Recommendation** – "I move we forward a negative recommendation to the County Commission for the Zoning Text Amendment regarding lots made nonconforming by public right-of-way expansion, and other clarifications related to regulation of nonconforming lots, File #ZTA 2014-05, with the following findings:

1. List any findings...

### Exhibits

- A. Summary, List, and Key to Proposed Changes.
- B. Code Change Right of Way Expansions Causing Nonconforming Lots (Redlines).
- C. Code Change Right of Way Expansions Causing Nonconforming Lots (Clean).
- Draft Notice of Legal-Nonconformance (for administrative use).
- E. Land Use Code Revision Process Flowchart

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For 1998 Ogden Valley General Plan, see Section 9.02. For the 2003 West Central Weber General Plan, see Section 3-1.

# EXHIBIT A: SUMMARY, LIST, AND KEY TO PROPOSED CHANGES

1 2 3 4	The following code changes are being proposed due to several planned public right of way expansion projects that may cause some lots to lose area and drop below the minimum lot standards of the applicable zone. During routine review of related code sections, staff found the need for greater clarity throughout, and are proposing such changes here.
5	This change addresses the following sections:
6	Sec 101-1-7. Definitions:
7	Lot, nonconforming
8	Lot of record (lawfully created lot)
9	Noncomplying structure
10	Nonconforming lot or parcel
11	Nonconforming sign
12	Sec. 108-12-10. Legal use of nonconforming lots
13	Related Additions, Corrections, and Clarifications:
14	Sec. 108-12. General Code Clarification.
15	Sec. 108-12-11. Subdivision Plat Requirements for Nonconforming Lots
16	Sec. 108-12-13. Setback requirements for nonconforming lots.
17	Sec. 108-12-14. Parcels previously combined
18	
19	Key to changes:
20	Language that has been added is shown in blue underline.
21	Language that has been moved to a new location is shown in green double strikeout.
22	Language that has been deleted is shown in red strikeouts.
23	Language that has been moved from an old location is shown in green double underline.

# EXHIBIT B: CODE CHANGE – RIGHT OF WAY EXPANSIONS CAUSING NONCONFORMING LOTS [REDLINED].

All sections of code not specifically addressed herein shall remain unchanged.

### 1 PART II LAND USE CODE [1]

- 2 <u>Title 101 GENERAL PROVISIONS</u>
- 3 Title 102 ADMINISTRATION
- 4 Title 103 RESERVED
- 5 <u>Title 104 ZONES</u>
- 6 <u>Title 105 RESERVED</u>
- 7 Title 106 SUBDIVISIONS
- 8 Title 107 RESERVED
- 9 <u>Title 108 STANDARDS</u>
- 10 <u>Title 109 RESERVED</u>
- 11 Title 110 SIGNS

### 12 Title 101 GENERAL PROVISIONS [2]

- 13 <u>Sec. 101-1-1. Short title.</u>
- 14 Sec. 101-1-2. Purpose.
- 15 Sec. 101-1-3. Interpretation.
- 16 <u>Sec. 101-1-4. Conflict.</u>
- Sec. 101-1-5. Effect on previous ordinances and maps.
- 18 Sec. 101-1-6. Rules of construction.
- 19 <u>Sec. 101-1-7. Definitions.</u>
- 20 Sec. 101-1-8. Amendments to Code; effect of new ordinances; amendatory language.
- 21 Sec. 101-1-9. Supplementation of Code.
- 22 Sec. 101-1-10. Catchlines of sections.
- 23 <u>Sec. 101-1-11</u>. Altering Code.
- Sec. 101-1-12. Severability of parts of Code.
- 25 Sec. 101-1-13. General penalty; continuing violations.
- 26 Sec. 101-1-14. Certain ordinances not repealed or affected by adoption of Code.

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28 Sec. 101-1-7. Definitions. 29 30 Lot, nonconforming. The term "nonconforming lot" means a lot or parcel that complied 31 with lot standards in effect at the time of the lot's creation and, because of subsequent changes to the Land Use Code, does not conform to the current lot standards. Applicable standards include 32 33 lot standards of the zone in which the lot is located, lot standards of the subdivision ordinance, 34 and other lot standards of this Land Use Code. of land that has less than the required minimum 35 area or width as established by the zone in which it is located and provided that such lot or parcel 36 was of record as a legally created lot on the effective date of the ordinance from which this title is 37 derived. 38 39 Noncomplying structure. The term "noncomplying structure" means a structure that 40 legally existed before its current land use designation and because of one or more subsequent 41 land use ordinance changes, does not conform to the setback, height restrictions, or other 42 regulations, excluding those regulations that govern the use of land. Nonconforming building or structure. The term "nonconforming building or structure" 43 44 means a building or structure or portion thereof, lawfully existing at the time of the effective date 45 of the ordinance from which this chapter is derived, which does not conform to all the height, area 46 and yard regulations herein prescribed in the zone in which it is located. 47 Nonconforming lot or parcel. See "Lot, nonconforming." 48 Nonconforming sign. See "Sign, nonconforming." 49 Nonconforming use. The term "nonconforming use" means a use of land that legally 50 existed before its current land use designation, has been maintained continuously since the time 51 the land use ordinance regulation governing the land changed, and because of one or more 52 subsequent land use ordinance changes, does not conform to the regulations that now govern 53 the use of the land. 54 55 **Title 108 STANDARDS** 56 CHAPTER 1. - DESIGN REVIEW 57 CHAPTER 2. - OGDEN VALLEY ARCHITECTURAL, LANDSCAPE AND SCREENING DESIGN STANDARDS 58 **CHAPTER 3. - CLUSTER SUBDIVISIONS** 59 CHAPTER 4. - CONDITIONAL USES 60 CHAPTER 5. - PLANNED RESIDENTIAL UNIT DEVELOPMENT (PRUD) Page 2 of 12

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62	CHAPTER 7 SUPPLEMENTARY AND QUALIFYING REGULATIONS
63	CHAPTER 8 PARKING AND LOADING SPACE, VEHICLE TRAFFIC AND ACCESS REGULATIONS
64	CHAPTER 9 MOTOR VEHICLE ACCESS
65	CHAPTER 10 PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND PUBLIC UTILITY SUBSTATIONS AND STRUCTURES
66	CHAPTER 11 RESERVED
67 68	CHAPTER 12 NONCOMPLYING STRUCTURES AND NONCONFORMING USES PARCELS, AND NONCONFORMING LOTS
69 70	CHAPTER 13 HOME OCCUPATION; SHORT TERM VENDORS; TEMPORARY OUTDOOR SALES; FARMER'S MARKETS
71	CHAPTER 14 HILLSIDE DEVELOPMENT REVIEW PROCEDURES AND STANDARDS
72	CHAPTER 15 STANDARDS FOR SINGLE-FAMILY DWELLINGS
73	CHAPTER 16 OGDEN VALLEY LIGHTING
74	CHAPTER 17 OGDEN VALLEY PATHWAYS
75	CHAPTER 18 DRINKING WATER SOURCE PROTECTION
76	CHAPTER 19 ACCESSORY APARTMENTS
77	CHAPTER 20 FOREST CAMPGROUNDS
78	CHAPTER 21 - AGRI-TOURISM
79	
80 81	CHAPTER 12. NONCOMPLYING STRUCTURES, AND NONCONFORMING USES, PARCELS AND NONCONFORMING LOTS
82	Sec. 108-12-1. Purpose and intent.
83	Sec. 108-12-2. Maintenance, repairs, and alterations.
84	Sec. 108-12-3. Additions and enlargements.
85	Sec. 108-12-4. Alteration where parking insufficient.
86	Sec. 108-12-5. Moving noncomplying structures.
87	Sec. 108-12-6. Restoration of damaged buildings.
88	Sec. 108-12-7. One-year vacancy or abandonment.
89	Sec. 108-12-8. Change of use.
90	Sec. 108-12-9. Expansion of nonconforming use.
91	Sec. 108-12-10. Legal use of parcels nonconforming lots.

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CHAPTER 6. - TIME SHARE

92	Sec. 108-12-11. Subdivision plat requirements for nonconforming lots, exceptions. Parcels in areas subjected
93	to change in zoning.
94	Sec. 108-12-12. Combining-Enlarging nonconforming parcelslots.
95	Sec. 108-12-13. Setback requirements for nonconforming lots. Small-lots/parcels created prior to zoning.
96	Sec. 108-12-14. Parcels previously combined for tax purposes.
97	Sec. 108-12-15. Effect of Public Right of Way Expansion.
98	Sec. 108-12-1. Purpose and intent.
99	The purpose and intent of this chapter is to provide standards for the development
100	and use of noncomplying structures and, nonconforming uses, and nonconforming
101	lotsparcels. These structures, uses, and lots parcels are considered legal, despite not
102	meeting the current requirements of the zone in which they are located.
103	Sec. 108-12-2. Maintenance, repairs, and alterations.
104	(a) Maintenance, repairs, and structural alterations may be made to noncomplying structures
105	on lots of record.
106	(b) Dwellings or other structures built on lots or parcels which were once legal, but have
107	since been made illegal modified in a manner that is in violation of applicable laws, shall
108	not be issued land use or building permits, unless the structure is being strengthened or
109	restored to a safe condition, or the lot or parcel is made to conform to current zoning
110	regulations. In restoring the structure to a safe condition, no expansion of the structure is
111	allowed.
112	Sec. 108-12-3. Additions and enlargements.
113	(a) A structure which is occupied by a nonconforming use shall not be added to or expanded
114	in any manner, unless such expansion is made to conform to all yard and use regulations
115	of the zone in which the structure is located.
116	(b) A noncomplying structure (main or accessory) shall not be added to or enlarged in any
117	manner, unless such addition or enlargement conforms to all the regulations of the zone
118	in which it is located, or conforms to the reduced yard setbacks as allowed in section
119	108-12-13
120	(c) A legally constructed dwelling or other structure on a lot of record, which has yard
121	
	setbacks that are less than the required yard setbacks for the zone in which it is located,
122	shall be allowed to have an addition, provided that:

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123 124	(1) The addition does not encroach into the required yard setbacks further than the existing dwelling or other structure; and
125 126	(2) The addition is located completely on the same property as the existing structure and does not encroach into a road right-of-way or on to adjacent property.
127 128 129	(d) A legally constructed dwelling or other structure on a lot of record, which is located within a stream corridor setback (as defined by the Weber County Land Use Code sections 108-7-23 and/or 104-28-2, shall be allowed to have an addition(s)may be added
130	to or enlarged, provided that:
132	(1) The addition does not encroach into the stream corridor setback further than the existing dwelling or other structure; and
133 134 135	(2) The addition meets the yard setback requirements of the zone in which it is located or conforms to the reduced yard setbacks as allowed in section 108-12- 13; or
136 137	(3) The addition does not encroach into the required yard setbacks further than the existing dwelling or other structure.
138	Sec. 108-12-4. Alteration where parking insufficient.
139 140 141	A structure lacking sufficient automobile parking space as required by this chapter may be altered or enlarged, provided additional automobile parking space is supplied to meet the requirements of the Weber County Land Use Code.
142	Sec. 108-12-5. Moving noncomplying structures.
143 144   145 146	A noncomplying structure shall not be moved in whole or in part to any other location on a lot or /parcel, unless every portion of such structure is made to conform to all regulations of the zone in which it is located, or made to conform to the reduced yard setbacks as allowed in section 108-12-13.
147	Sec. 108-12-6. Restoration of damaged buildings.
148 149 150 151 152	A noncomplying structure which is damaged or partially destroyed by fire, flood, wind, earthquake, or other calamity, act of God, or the public enemy, may be restored and the occupancy or use of such structure or part thereof, may be continued or resumed, provided that such restoration is started within a period of one year, by obtaining a land use permit, and is diligently pursued to completion.
153	Sec. 108-12-7. One-year vacancy or abandonment.

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- (a) A legal structure, or portion thereof, which is occupied by a nonconforming use, and which is or hereafter becomes vacant and remains unoccupied for a continuous period of one year, except for dwellings and structures to house animals and fowl, shall not thereafter be occupied except by a use which conforms to the use regulations of the zone in which it is located. Wherever a nonconforming use has been discontinued for a period of one year, such use shall not thereafter be re-established and any future use shall be in conformance with the current provisions of the Weber County Land Use Code.
- (b) Any building or structure for which a valid building permit has been issued and actual construction was lawfully begun prior to the date when the structure became noncomplying, may be completed and used in accordance with the plans, specifications and permit on which said building permit was granted. The term "actual construction" is hereby defined to be the actual placing of construction materials in their permanent position, fastened in a permanent manner, actual work in excavating a basement or the demolition or removal of an existing structure begun preparatory to rebuilding; provided that in all cases actual construction work shall be diligently carried on until the completion of the building or structure involved.

#### Sec. 108-12-8. Change of use.

 The nonconforming use of a legal structure may not be changed except to a conforming use. Where such a change is made to a conforming use, the use shall not thereafter be changed back to a nonconforming use.

### Sec. 108-12-9. Expansion of nonconforming use.

A nonconforming use may be extended to include the entire floor area of the existing legal structure in which it was conducted at the time the use became nonconforming, provided, however, that a certificate of occupancy Land Use Permit is first obtained for such extension of use.

### Sec. 108-12-10. Legal use of nonconforming lotsparcels.

\_(a) — Any legally created lot and/or parcel of land, which existed prior to adoption of the Weber-Gounty Land Use Code/Zoning Map may apply to develop any of the permitted or conditional uses for which the lot and/or parcel qualifies, in the zone where the lot and/or parcel of land is located. In Western Weber County, the 1962 ownership plats are used as the legal reference point, and in the Ogden Valley, the 1966 ownership plats are used as the legal reference point.

(b) Any legally created lot and/or parcel of land which existed prior to the adoption of the Weber County Land Use Code or an amendment to the Land Use Code, but which may now require a different lot area or lot width/frontage, may apply to develop any of the permitted or

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Development on a nonconforming lot is permitted. Development on a nonconforming lot is limited to only those permitted and conditional uses allowed on the smallest minimum lot size for the applicable zone. A new use on a nonconforming lot is prohibited if the proposed use requires a lot size larger than the smallest lot size permitted in the zone. A legally established use may continue on a nonconforming lot regardless of the lot size requirements of the use.

Sec. 108-12-11. Parcels in areas subjected to change in zoning Subdivision plat requirements for nonconforming lots, exemptions.

All lots and parcels shall be platted as part of a subdivision in conformance with the requirements of Title 106 of this Land Use Code, unless otherwise exempted by State Code or this Land Use Code. The platting of nonconforming lots, and the amendment to a platted subdivision containing nonconforming lots are governed as follows:

- (a) The following rules govern the treatment of unplatted lots: Any unplatted lot that was created in conformance with the lot standards in effect at the time of the lot's creation and, because of subsequent changes to the Land Use Code does not conform to the current lot standards and, regardless of whether it conformed with the requirements of the subdivision code in effect at that time, shall be governed as follows:
  - (1) If the existing lot can be defined as a Lot of Record, as defined in Section 101-1-7, the lot shall be exempt from subdivision platting requirements.
  - (2) If the existing lot was created prior to July 1, 1992, contained a single family dwelling unit constructed prior to July 1, 1992, and complied with the standards of the zone in effect at the time of the lot's creation, but because of subsequent changes to these codes does not conform to the current lot standards, the lot shall be exempt from subdivision platting requirements, and is a nonconforming lot.
  - (3) If the existing lot was created prior to July 1, 1992, and does not qualify for the provisions of subsections (a)(1) or (a)(2), then the lot shall be platted in accordance with Title 106 of this Land Use Code, and the following:
    - a. Required lot width and area standards may be reduced to the width and area of the lot as it existed prior to July 1, 1992.

Comment [c1]: Added language to clarify what we really mean.

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b.	A lot that does not meet the minimum standards of the zone in effect at the time
	of the lot's creation may be reconfigured in a configuration that complies with
	those minimum lot standards, as long as the reconfiguration does not cause any
	other lot to become nonconforming or more nonconforming.

- c. Lot area and lot width may be further reduced to accommodate any right of way dedication as may be required by Title 106 of this Land Use Code.
- d. All such platted lots that do not conform to current zoning standards shall thereafter be considered nonconforming lots.
- e. No unplatted lot or parcel governed by this subsection shall be granted a land use permit prior to subdivision platting.
- (b) The following rules govern the treatment of platted lots: Any lot legally platted within the bounds of a subdivision that was created in conformance with the lot standards of the zoning code and subdivision code in effect at the time of its creation and, because of subsequent changes to these codes does not conform to the current lot standards, may be amended pursuant to the minimum lot standards in effect at the time of its creation, provided the external subdivision boundaries of not change. The amendment shall not create any new lot. An amended plat shall be required.

Where lot area and/or frontage/width requirements have increased as a result of a change in zening, the following shall apply:

(1) Parcels not meeting current zoning as to area and/or frontage/width requirements, but containing a single-family dwelling which:

a. Were built on and created and recorded prior to July 1992 changes to the Utah Code, Subdivision Law and met area and frontage/width requirements for the zone in which they were created at the time they were created are considered nonconforming parcels; or

b. Were created and recorded with an existing single-family dwelling after July 1992 changes to the Utah Code, Subdivision Law but prior to the change in zoning, and met area and frontage/width requirements for the zone in which they were created at the time they were created shall submit an application for subdivision approval;

e. Were part of a legal subdivision, but were further divided, and met the requirements of subsections (1)a or b of this section shall be subject to the note below. Comment [c2]: Moved from within paragraph to here

Comment [c3]: Moved from within paragraph to

Comment [c4]: Reworked the language to better reflect complimentary provisions in subsection (a) above.

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254		NOTE: No lot within a subdivision approved by the Planning Commission
255		and County Commission and recorded in the County Recorder's Office in
256		accordance with the provisions of the Subdivision Ordinance, shall be further
257		divided, rearranged, added to or reduced in area nor shall the boundaries of
258		any lot be altered in a any manner so as to create more lots than initially
259		recorded without first obtaining the approval of the Land Use Authority.
260		Therefore, an amended plat shall be required.
261		5 (C. 4.1) - (ACCOS)
262		
263		(2) Parcels not meeting current zoning as to area and/or frontage/width
264		requirements, containing a single-family dwelling which:
265		a. Were created and recorded prior to July 1992 changes to the Utah
266		Code, Subdivision Law;
267		b. Are able to obtain the additional area and frontage/width which would
268		bring the lot into compliance with the area and frontage/width requirements
269		for the zone in which they were created at the time they were created; and
270		c. Complied with all other county ordinances when built;
271		may submit an application for subdivision approval provided they meet all other
272		requirements of title 106, Subdivisions.
	1	
273		(3) Parcels not meeting current zoning as to area and/or frontage/width
274		requirements which:
275		a. Were created and recorded prior to July 1992 changes to the Utah
276		Code, Subdivision Law; and
277		b. Met area and frontage/width requirements for the zone in which they
278		were created at the time they were created;
279		may submit an application for subdivision approval provided they meet all other
280		requirements of title 106.
281		(4) Lots/parcels which are subject to subsections (1), (2), or (3) of this section,
282		and have boundary descriptions that fall within a roadway, shall be allowed to develop
283		with the lot/parcel area that remains after dedicating land for the readway, as required
284		by the Weber County Land Use Code.
285		(5) Parcels that have been combined by the county recorder's effice for tax
286		purposes shall be allowed to separate one or more of the combined parcels on an
287		approved and recorded form provided:
288		a. The parcels that are being separated were originally created prior to July
289		1992 changes to the Utah Code, and Subdivision Law;
- 1	Page 9 of 12	

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290	b. The properties as configured prior to the combination met area and
291	frontago/width requirements for the zone in which they were created, or were
292	considered nonconforming parcels;
293	c. The combination was done by the current owner or same owner acting as
294	trustoe, and was done by a quit claim, combination form, or other instrument, which
295	states the consolidation of parcels is for tax purposes;
296	d. No new lots are being created;
297	e. The separation of parcels results in a configuration consistent with the
298	original parcels and conforms to the ordinance that was in place prior to the recording
299	of the combination form; and
300	f. The separation of combined parcels authorized under this subsection does
301	not authorize a change in the configuration of an approved and recorded subdivision
302	er lots within such subdivision. A subdivision plat cannot be changed unless an
303	amended subdivision plat is prepared and recorded in accordance with Utah Code
304	and title 106 of the Land Use Code.
305	Sec. 108-12-12. Combining Enlarging nonconforming parcels lots.
306	A nonconforming lot may be reconfigured in a configuration that complies with the lot
306 307	25-TA-POST ACCURATION OF THE POST ACCURATION
	A nonconforming lot may be reconfigured in a configuration that complies with the lot standards of the zone in effect as the time of the lot's creation, as long as the reconfiguration does not create any more lots than currently exist or cause any other lot to become
307	standards of the zone in effect as the time of the lot's creation, as long as the reconfiguration
307 308	standards of the zone in effect as the time of the lot's creation, as long as the reconfiguration does not create any more lots than currently exist or cause any other lot to become
307 308 309	standards of the zone in effect as the time of the lot's creation, as long as the reconfiguration does not create any more lots than currently exist or cause any other lot to become nonconforming or more nonconforming to current lot standards. If the nonconforming lot is
307 308 309 310	standards of the zone in effect as the time of the lot's creation, as long as the reconfiguration does not create any more lots than currently exist or cause any other lot to become nonconforming or more nonconforming to current lot standards. If the nonconforming lot is part of a platted subdivision an amended subdivision plat is required. Parcels not meeting
307 308 309 310 311	standards of the zone in effect as the time of the lot's creation, as long as the reconfiguration does not create any more lots than currently exist or cause any other lot to become nonconforming or more nonconforming to current lot standards. If the nonconforming lot is part of a platted subdivision an amended subdivision plat is required. Parcels not meeting current zoning as to area and frontage/width requirements that were legally created or made
307 308 309 310 311 312	standards of the zone in effect as the time of the lot's creation, as long as the reconfiguration does not create any more lots than currently exist or cause any other lot to become nonconforming or more nonconforming to current lot standards. If the nonconforming lot is part of a platted subdivision an amended subdivision plat is required. Parcels not meeting current zoning as to area and frontage/width requirements that were legally created or made legal through the provisions of this chapter, may be enlarged by combining adjoining parcels
307 308 309 310 311 312 313	standards of the zone in effect as the time of the lot's creation, as long as the reconfiguration does not create any more lots than currently exist or cause any other lot to become nonconforming or more nonconforming to current lot standards. If the nonconforming lot is part of a platted subdivision an amended subdivision plat is required. Parcels not meeting current zoning as to area and frontage/width requirements that were legally created or made legal through the provisions of this chapter, may be enlarged by combining adjoining parcels
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307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314	standards of the zone in effect as the time of the lot's creation, as long as the reconfiguration does not create any more lots than currently exist or cause any other lot to become nonconforming or more nonconforming to current lot standards. If the nonconforming lot is part of a platted subdivision an amended subdivision plat is required. Parcels not meeting current zoning as to area and frontage/width requirements that were legally created or made legal through the provisions of this chapter, may be enlarged by combining adjoining parcels provided that:
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307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317	standards of the zone in effect as the time of the lot's creation, as long as the reconfiguration does not create any more lots than currently exist or cause any other lot to become nonconforming or more nonconforming to current lot standards. If the nonconforming lot is part of a platted subdivision an amended subdivision plat is required. Parcels not meeting current zoning as to area and frontage/width requirements that were legally created or made legal through the provisions of this chapter, may be enlarged by combining adjoining parcels provided that:  (1) The combination is achieved by submitting a subdivision if any of the parcels were part of a recorded subdivision or by combining parcels if they have metes and bounds descriptions;  (2) All adjoining parcels under common ownership, or brought under common
307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317	standards of the zone in effect as the time of the lot's creation, as long as the reconfiguration does not create any more lots than currently exist or cause any other lot to become nonconforming or more nonconforming to current lot standards. If the nonconforming lot is part of a platted subdivision an amended subdivision plat is required. Parcels not meeting current zoning as to area and frontage/width requirements that were legally created or made legal through the provisions of this chapter, may be enlarged by combining adjoining parcels provided that:  (1) The combination is achieved by submitting a subdivision if any of the parcels were part of a recorded subdivision or by combining parcels if they have metes and bounds descriptions;

Comment [c5]: Reworded to say what we mean.

This section is slightly different than the new provisions of 108-12-11(a)(3)b, because this section applies to all nonconforming lots. 108-12-11(a)(3)b is exclusive to certain lots created before 1992 without an existing house on it.

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322	(4) Structures built on the newly created lot shall resemble the architectural style,
323	height, size and mass of existing noncommercial structures on parcels within 500
324	feet of the newly created lot, and meet all current setback and height
325	requirements of the zone in which the combination is made.
326	Sec. 108-12-13. Setback requirements for nonconforming lots. Small lots/parcels
327	created prior to zoning.
328 329 330	A nonconforming lot <u>/parcel</u> that has a smaller width than is required for the zone in which it is located may be developed in a manner that does not exceed the following allowed reduction in side yard setbacks:
331	(1) A nonconforming lot's/parcel's actual width (v) may be divided by the current
332	required frontage/width (w) in order to formulate a ratio or proportional relation
333	(x). (Formula: "v" divided by "w" equals "x.")
334	(2) The ratio may then be multiplied by the current zone's side yard setback
335	requirement (y) in order to establish a reduced setback (z). (Formula: "x"
336	multiplied by "y" equals "z".)
337	(3) The reduced side yard setback is subject to the conditions listed below.
338	(Formula: v÷w=x. x×y=z. )
339	a. Under no circumstances shall an interior lot/parcel be allowed to reduce
340	the side-yard setback requirement below five feet on one side and eight feet
341 342	on the other.
343	b. Under no circumstances shall a corner lot/parcel be allowed to reduce the side-yard requirement below ten feet when the side yard fronts on a street.
344	side-yard requirement below terrieet when the side yard fronts on a street.
345	Sec. 108-12-14. Parcels previously combined for tax purposes.
346	(a) Parcels that have been combined by the county recorder's office for tax purposes shall be
347	allowed to separate one or more of the combined parcels on an approved and recorded form
348	<del>provided</del> if:
349	(1) a.—The parcels that are being separated were originally created prior to July 1, 1992;
350	changes to the Utah Code, and Subdivision Law:
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351	(2) b.—The properties as configured prior to the combination met area and frontage/width
352 353	requirements for the zone in which they were created, or were considered
222	nonconforming parcelslots;

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- (3) The combination was done by the current owner or same owner acting as trustee, and was done by a quit claim, combination form, or other instrument, which states the consolidation of parcels is for tax purposes;
- (4) d. No new lots are being created; and
- (5) e. The separation of parcels results in a configuration consistent with the original parcels and conforms to the ordinance that was in place prior to the recording of the combination form, and the resulting lots conform with the provisions of Section 108-12-11.: and
- (b) f.—The separation of combined parcels authorized under this subsSection does not authorize a change in the configuration of an approved and recorded subdivision or lots within such subdivision. A subdivision plat cannot be changed unless an amended subdivision plat is prepared and recorded in accordance with Utah Code and titleAny change to the configuration of a subdivision must comply with Title 106 of the Land Use Code, and any applicable state law.

#### Sec. 108-12-15. Effect of Public Right of Way Expansion.

- (a) Any structure that legally existed with conforming or nonconforming setback prior to the expansion of a public right of way where the expansion of such public right of way makes the structure noncomplying or more noncomplying to the setback requirements of this Land Use Code, shall be deemed a legal, noncomplying structure.
- (b) Any lot that legally existed in a conforming or nonconforming status prior to the expansion of a public right of way where the expansion of such public right of way makes the lot nonconforming or more nonconforming to the standards of this Land Use Code, shall be deemed a legal, nonconforming lot.
- (c) This section does not excuse or exempt any past or future action that creates or modifies a lot in a manner that is in violation of applicable laws.

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# EXHIBIT C: CODE CHANGE – RIGHT OF WAY EXPANSIONS CAUSING NONCONFORMING LOTS [CLEAN].

All sections of code not specifically addressed herein shall remain unchanged

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1	DΛ	DT	11	LAND	LICE	CODE	1
1	TH		11	LAND	USE	CODE [1	_

- 2 <u>Title 101 GENERAL PROVISIONS</u>
- 3 <u>Title 102 ADMINISTRATION</u>
- 4 Title 103 RESERVED
- 5 Title 104 ZONES
- 6 <u>Title 105 RESERVED</u>
- 7 Title 106 SUBDIVISIONS
- 8 Title 107 RESERVED
- 9 <u>Title 108 STANDARDS</u>
- 10 Title 109 RESERVED
- 11 Title 110 SIGNS
- 12 Title 101 GENERAL PROVISIONS [2]
- 13 <u>Sec. 101-1-1. Short title.</u>
- 14 <u>Sec. 101-1-2. Purpose.</u>
- Sec. 101-1-3. Interpretation.
- 16 <u>Sec. 101-1-4. Conflict.</u>
- 17 <u>Sec. 101-1-5. Effect on previous ordinances and maps.</u>
- 18 <u>Sec. 101-1-6. Rules of construction.</u>
- 19 <u>Sec. 101-1-7. Definitions.</u>
- 20 <u>Sec. 101-1-8. Amendments to Code; effect of new ordinances; amendatory language.</u>
- 21 Sec. 101-1-9. Supplementation of Code.
- 22 <u>Sec. 101-1-10. Catchlines of sections.</u>
- 23 <u>Sec. 101-1-11. Altering Code.</u>
- Sec. 101-1-12. Severability of parts of Code.
- 25 <u>Sec. 101-1-13. General penalty; continuing violations.</u>
- Sec. 101-1-14. Certain ordinances not repealed or affected by adoption of Code.

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28 29	Sec. 101-1-7. Definitions.
30 31 32 33 34	Lot, nonconforming. The term "nonconforming lot" means a lot or parcel that complied with lot standards in effect at the time of the lot's creation and, because of subsequent changes to the Land Use Code, does not conform to the current lot standards. Applicable standards include lot standards of the zone in which the lot is located, lot standards of the subdivision ordinance, and other lot standards of this Land Use Code.
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36 37 38 39	Noncomplying structure. The term "noncomplying structure" means a structure that legally existed before its current land use designation and because of one or more subsequent land use ordinance changes, does not conform to the setback, height restrictions, or other regulations, excluding those regulations that govern the use of land.
41	Nonconforming lot or parcel. See "Lot, nonconforming."
42	Nonconforming sign. See "Sign, nonconforming."
43 44 45 46 47	Nonconforming use. The term "nonconforming use" means a use of land that legally existed before its current land use designation, has been maintained continuously since the time the land use ordinance regulation governing the land changed, and because of one or more subsequent land use ordinance changes, does not conform to the regulations that now govern the use of the land.
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49	Title 108 STANDARDS
50	CHAPTER 1 DESIGN REVIEW
51	CHAPTER 2 OGDEN VALLEY ARCHITECTURAL, LANDSCAPE AND SCREENING DESIGN STANDARDS
52	CHAPTER 3 CLUSTER SUBDIVISIONS
53	CHAPTER 4 CONDITIONAL USES
54	CHAPTER 5 PLANNED RESIDENTIAL UNIT DEVELOPMENT (PRUD)
55	CHAPTER 6 TIME SHARE
56	CHAPTER 7 SUPPLEMENTARY AND QUALIFYING REGULATIONS
57	CHAPTER 8 PARKING AND LOADING SPACE, VEHICLE TRAFFIC AND ACCESS REGULATIONS

58	CHAPTER 9 MOTOR VEHICLE ACCESS
59	CHAPTER 10 PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND PUBLIC UTILITY SUBSTATIONS AND STRUCTURES
60	CHAPTER 11 RESERVED
61	CHAPTER 12 NONCOMPLYING STRUCTURES, NONCONFORMING USES, AND NONCONFORMING LOTS
62 63	CHAPTER 13 HOME OCCUPATION; SHORT TERM VENDORS; TEMPORARY OUTDOOR SALES; FARMER'S MARKETS
64	CHAPTER 14 HILLSIDE DEVELOPMENT REVIEW PROCEDURES AND STANDARDS
65	CHAPTER 15 STANDARDS FOR SINGLE-FAMILY DWELLINGS
66	CHAPTER 16 OGDEN VALLEY LIGHTING
67	CHAPTER 17 OGDEN VALLEY PATHWAYS
68	CHAPTER 18 DRINKING WATER SOURCE PROTECTION
69	CHAPTER 19 ACCESSORY APARTMENTS
70	CHAPTER 20 FOREST CAMPGROUNDS
71	CHAPTER 21 - AGRI-TOURISM
72	
73	CHAPTER 12 NONCOMPLYING STRUCTURES MONCONFORMING HOLD AND MONCONFORMING
73	CHAPTER 12. NONCOMPLYING STRUCTURES, NONCONFORMING USES, AND NONCONFORMING LOTS
73 74	CHAPTER 12. NONCOMPLYING STRUCTURES, NONCONFORMING USES, AND NONCONFORMING LOTS  Sec. 108-12-1. Purpose and intent.
74	Sec. 108-12-1. Purpose and intent.
74 75	Sec. 108-12-1. Purpose and intent.  Sec. 108-12-2. Maintenance, repairs, and alterations.
74 75 76	Sec. 108-12-1. Purpose and intent.  Sec. 108-12-2. Maintenance, repairs, and alterations.  Sec. 108-12-3. Additions and enlargements.
74 75 76 77	Sec. 108-12-1. Purpose and intent.  Sec. 108-12-2. Maintenance, repairs, and alterations.  Sec. 108-12-3. Additions and enlargements.  Sec. 108-12-4. Alteration where parking insufficient.
74 75 76 77 78	Sec. 108-12-1. Purpose and intent.  Sec. 108-12-2. Maintenance, repairs, and alterations.  Sec. 108-12-3. Additions and enlargements.  Sec. 108-12-4. Alteration where parking insufficient.  Sec. 108-12-5. Moving noncomplying structures.
74 75 76 77 78 79	Sec. 108-12-1. Purpose and intent.  Sec. 108-12-2. Maintenance, repairs, and alterations.  Sec. 108-12-3. Additions and enlargements.  Sec. 108-12-4. Alteration where parking insufficient.  Sec. 108-12-5. Moving noncomplying structures.  Sec. 108-12-6. Restoration of damaged buildings.
74 75 76 77 78 79	Sec. 108-12-1. Purpose and intent.  Sec. 108-12-2. Maintenance, repairs, and alterations.  Sec. 108-12-3. Additions and enlargements.  Sec. 108-12-4. Alteration where parking insufficient.  Sec. 108-12-5. Moving noncomplying structures.  Sec. 108-12-6. Restoration of damaged buildings.  Sec. 108-12-7. One-year vacancy or abandonment.
74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81	Sec. 108-12-1. Purpose and intent.  Sec. 108-12-2. Maintenance, repairs, and alterations.  Sec. 108-12-3. Additions and enlargements.  Sec. 108-12-4. Alteration where parking insufficient.  Sec. 108-12-5. Moving noncomplying structures.  Sec. 108-12-6. Restoration of damaged buildings.  Sec. 108-12-7. One-year vacancy or abandonment.  Sec. 108-12-8. Change of use.
74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82	Sec. 108-12-1. Purpose and intent.  Sec. 108-12-2. Maintenance, repairs, and alterations.  Sec. 108-12-3. Additions and enlargements.  Sec. 108-12-4. Alteration where parking insufficient.  Sec. 108-12-5. Moving noncomplying structures.  Sec. 108-12-6. Restoration of damaged buildings.  Sec. 108-12-7. One-year vacancy or abandonment.  Sec. 108-12-8. Change of use.  Sec. 108-12-9. Expansion of nonconforming use.  Sec. 108-12-10. Legal use of nonconforming lots.
74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83	Sec. 108-12-1. Purpose and intent.  Sec. 108-12-2. Maintenance, repairs, and alterations.  Sec. 108-12-3. Additions and enlargements.  Sec. 108-12-4. Alteration where parking insufficient.  Sec. 108-12-5. Moving noncomplying structures.  Sec. 108-12-6. Restoration of damaged buildings.  Sec. 108-12-7. One-year vacancy or abandonment.  Sec. 108-12-8. Change of use.  Sec. 108-12-9. Expansion of nonconforming use.
74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83	Sec. 108-12-1. Purpose and intent.  Sec. 108-12-2. Maintenance, repairs, and alterations.  Sec. 108-12-3. Additions and enlargements.  Sec. 108-12-4. Alteration where parking insufficient.  Sec. 108-12-5. Moving noncomplying structures.  Sec. 108-12-6. Restoration of damaged buildings.  Sec. 108-12-7. One-year vacancy or abandonment.  Sec. 108-12-8. Change of use.  Sec. 108-12-9. Expansion of nonconforming use.  Sec. 108-12-10. Legal use of nonconforming lots.  Sec. 108-12-11. Subdivision plat requirements for nonconforming lots, exceptions.
74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84	Sec. 108-12-1. Purpose and intent.  Sec. 108-12-2. Maintenance, repairs, and alterations.  Sec. 108-12-3. Additions and enlargements.  Sec. 108-12-4. Alteration where parking insufficient.  Sec. 108-12-5. Moving noncomplying structures.  Sec. 108-12-6. Restoration of damaged buildings.  Sec. 108-12-7. One-year vacancy or abandonment.  Sec. 108-12-8. Change of use.  Sec. 108-12-9. Expansion of nonconforming use.  Sec. 108-12-10. Legal use of nonconforming lots.  Sec. 108-12-11. Subdivision plat requirements for nonconforming lots, exceptions.  Sec. 108-12-12. Enlarging nonconforming lots.

## Sec. 108-12-1. Purpose and intent.

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The purpose and intent of this chapter is to provide standards for the development and use of noncomplying structures, nonconforming uses, and nonconforming lots. These structures, uses, and lots are considered legal, despite not meeting the current requirements of the zone in which they are located.

## Sec. 108-12-2. Maintenance, repairs, and alterations.

- (a) Maintenance, repairs, and structural alterations may be made to noncomplying structures on lots of record.
- (b) Dwellings or other structures built on lots or parcels which were once legal, but have since been modified in a manner that is in violation of applicable laws, shall not be issued land use or building permits, unless the structure is being strengthened or restored to a safe condition, or the lot or parcel is made to conform to current zoning regulations. In restoring the structure to a safe condition, no expansion of the structure is allowed.

#### Sec. 108-12-3. Additions and enlargements.

- (a) A structure which is occupied by a nonconforming use shall not be added to or expanded in any manner, unless such expansion is made to conform to all yard and use regulations of the zone in which the structure is located.
- (b) A noncomplying structure (main or accessory) shall not be added to or enlarged in any manner, unless such addition or enlargement conforms to all the regulations of the zone in which it is located, or conforms to the reduced yard setbacks as allowed in section 108-12-13
- (c) A legally constructed dwelling or other structure on a lot of record, which has yard setbacks that are less than the required yard setbacks for the zone in which it is located, shall be allowed to have an addition, provided that:
  - (1) The addition does not encroach into the required yard setbacks further than the existing dwelling or other structure; and
  - (2) The addition is located completely on the same property as the existing structure and does not encroach into a road right-of-way or on to adjacent property.
- (d) A legally constructed dwelling or other structure on a lot of record, which is located within a stream corridor setback (as defined by the Weber County Land Use Code sections 108-7-23 and/or 104-28-2, may be added to or enlarged, provided that:

120 121	(1) The addition does not encroach into the stream corridor setback further than the existing dwelling or other structure; and
122 123 124	(2) The addition meets the yard setback requirements of the zone in which it is located or conforms to the reduced yard setbacks as allowed in section 108-12- 13; or
125 126	(3) The addition does not encroach into the required yard setbacks further than the existing dwelling or other structure.
127	Sec. 108-12-4. Alteration where parking insufficient.
128 129 130	A structure lacking sufficient automobile parking space as required by this chapter may be altered or enlarged, provided additional automobile parking space is supplied to meet the requirements of the Weber County Land Use Code.
131	Sec. 108-12-5. Moving noncomplying structures.
132 133 134 135	A noncomplying structure shall not be moved in whole or in part to any other location on a lot or parcel, unless every portion of such structure is made to conform to all regulations of the zone in which it is located, or made to conform to the reduced yard setbacks as allowed in section 108-12-13.
136	Sec. 108-12-6. Restoration of damaged buildings.
137 138 139 140 141	A noncomplying structure which is damaged or partially destroyed by fire, flood, wind, earthquake, or other calamity, act of God, or the public enemy, may be restored and the occupancy or use of such structure or part thereof, may be continued or resumed, provided that such restoration is started within a period of one year, by obtaining a land use permit, and is diligently pursued to completion.
142	Sec. 108-12-7. One-year vacancy or abandonment.
143	(a) A legal structure, or portion thereof, which is occupied by a nonconforming use, and
144 145	which is or hereafter becomes vacant and remains unoccupied for a continuous period of
146	one year, except for dwellings and structures to house animals and fowl, shall not thereafter be occupied except by a use which conforms to the use regulations of the
147	zone in which it is located. Wherever a nonconforming use has been discontinued for a
148	period of one year, such use shall not thereafter be re-established and any future use
149	shall be in conformance with the current provisions of the Weber County Land Use Code.
150	(b) Any building or structure for which a valid building permit has been issued and actual
151	construction was lawfully begun prior to the date when the structure became

152 noncomplying, may be completed and used in accordance with the plans, specifications and permit on which said building permit was granted. The term "actual construction" is 153 154 hereby defined to be the actual placing of construction materials in their permanent position, fastened in a permanent manner, actual work in excavating a basement or the 155 156 demolition or removal of an existing structure begun preparatory to rebuilding; provided 157 that in all cases actual construction work shall be diligently carried on until the completion 158 of the building or structure involved. Sec. 108-12-8. Change of use. 159 160 The nonconforming use of a legal structure may not be changed except to a 161 conforming use. Where such a change is made to a conforming use, the use shall not 162 thereafter be changed back to a nonconforming use. 163 Sec. 108-12-9. Expansion of nonconforming use. 164 A nonconforming use may be extended to include the entire floor area of the existing 165 legal structure in which it was conducted at the time the use became nonconforming, 166 provided, however, that a Land Use Permit is first obtained for such extension of use. Sec. 108-12-10. Legal use of nonconforming lots. 167 168 169 Development on a nonconforming lot is permitted. Development on a nonconforming lot 170 is limited to only those permitted and conditional uses allowed on the smallest minimum lot size 171 for the applicable zone. A new use on a nonconforming lot is prohibited if the proposed use 172 requires a lot size larger than the smallest lot size permitted in the zone. A legally established use 173 may continue on a nonconforming lot regardless of the lot size requirements of the use. 174 Sec. 108-12-11. Subdivision plat requirements for nonconforming lots. 175 176 exemptions. 177 All lots and parcels shall be platted as part of a subdivision in conformance with the 178 requirements of Title 106 of this Land Use Code, unless otherwise exempted by State Code 179 or this Land Use Code. The platting of nonconforming lots, and the amendment to a platted 180 subdivision containing nonconforming lots are governed as follows: 181 (a) The following rules govern the treatment of unplatted lots: Any unplatted lot that was

182 183 created in conformance with the lot standards in effect at the time of the lot's creation

and, because of subsequent changes to the Land Use Code does not conform to the

184	current lot standards and, regardless of whether it conformed with the requirements of
185	the subdivision code in effect at that time, shall be governed as follows:
186	(1) If the existing lot can be defined as a Lot of Record, as defined in Section 101-1-7,
187	the lot shall be exempt from subdivision platting requirements.
188	(2) If the existing lot was created prior to July 1, 1992, contained a single family dwelling
189	unit constructed prior to July 1, 1992, and complied with the standards of the zone in
190	effect at the time of the lot's creation, but because of subsequent changes to these
191	codes does not conform to the current lot standards, the lot shall be exempt from
192	subdivision platting requirements, and is a nonconforming lot.
193 194 195	(3) If the existing lot was created prior to July 1, 1992, and does not qualify for the provisions of subsections (a)(1) or (a)(2), then the lot shall be platted in accordance with Title 106 of this Land Use Code, and the following:
196	<ul> <li>Required lot width and area standards may be reduced to the width and area of</li></ul>
197	the lot as it existed prior to July 1, 1992.
198	b. A lot that does not meet the minimum standards of the zone in effect at the time
199	of the lot's creation may be reconfigured in a configuration that complies with
200	those minimum lot standards, as long as the reconfiguration does not cause any
201	other lot to become nonconforming or more nonconforming.
202	<ul> <li>Lot area and lot width may be further reduced to accommodate any right of way</li></ul>
203	dedication as may be required by Title 106 of this Land Use Code.
204	<ul> <li>d. All such platted lots that do not conform to current zoning standards shall</li></ul>
205	thereafter be considered nonconforming lots.
206 207	e. No unplatted lot or parcel governed by this subsection shall be granted a land use permit prior to subdivision platting.
208	(b) The following rules govern the treatment of platted lots: Any lot legally platted within the
209	bounds of a subdivision that was created in conformance with the lot standards of the
210	zoning code and subdivision code in effect at the time of its creation and, because of
211	subsequent changes to these codes does not conform to the current lot standards, may
<ul><li>212</li><li>213</li><li>214</li></ul>	be amended pursuant to the minimum lot standards in effect at the time of its creation, provided the external subdivision boundaries of not change. The amendment shall not create any new lot. An amended plat shall be required.

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222	Sec. 108-12-12. Enlarging nonconforming lots.
223	A nonconforming lot may be reconfigured in a configuration that complies with the lot
224	standards of the zone in effect as the time of the lot's creation, as long as the reconfiguration
225	does not create any more lots than currently exist or cause any other lot to become
226	nonconforming or more nonconforming to current lot standards. If the nonconforming lot is
227	part of a platted subdivision an amended subdivision plat is required.
228	Sec. 108-12-13. Setback requirements for nonconforming lots
<ul><li>229</li><li>230</li><li>231</li></ul>	A nonconforming lot that has a smaller width than is required for the zone in which it is located may be developed in a manner that does not exceed the following allowed reduction in side yard setbacks:
232 233 234	(1) A nonconforming lot's actual width (v) may be divided by the current required frontage/width (w) in order to formulate a ratio or proportional relation (x). (Formula: "v" divided by "w" equals "x.")
235	(2) The ratio may then be multiplied by the current zone's side yard setback
236	requirement (y) in order to establish a reduced setback (z). (Formula: "x"
237	multiplied by "y" equals "z".)
238	(3) The reduced side yard setback is subject to the conditions listed below.
239	a. Under no circumstances shall an interior lot be allowed to reduce the side-
240	yard setback requirement below five feet on one side and eight feet on the
241	other.
242	b. Under no circumstances shall a corner lot be allowed to reduce the side-
<ul><li>243</li><li>244</li></ul>	yard requirement below ten feet when the side yard fronts on a street.
245	Sec. 108-12-14. Parcels previously combined for tax purposes.
	the second provided years and the tax purposes.

246 247	(a) Parcels that have been combined by the county recorder's office for tax purposes shall be allowed to separate one or more of the combined parcels on an approved and recorded form in
248	(1) The parcels that are being separated were originally created prior to July 1, 1992;
<ul><li>249</li><li>250</li><li>251</li></ul>	(2) The properties as configured prior to the combination met area and frontage/width requirements for the zone in which they were created, or were considered nonconforming lots;
<ul><li>252</li><li>253</li><li>254</li></ul>	(3) The combination was done by the current owner or same owner acting as trustee, and was done by a quit claim, combination form, or other instrument, which states the consolidation of parcels is for tax purposes;
255	(4) No new lots are being created; and
<ul><li>256</li><li>257</li><li>258</li></ul>	(5) The separation of parcels results in a configuration consistent with the original parcels and conforms to the ordinance that was in place prior to the recording of the combination form, and the resulting lots conform with the provisions of Section 108-12-11.
259 260 261 262	(b) The separation of combined parcels authorized under this Section does not authorize a change in the configuration of an approved and recorded subdivision or lots within such subdivision. Any change to the configuration of a subdivision must comply with Title 106 of the Land Use Code, and any applicable state law.
263	Sec. 108-12-15. Effect of Public Right of Way Expansion.
<ul><li>264</li><li>265</li><li>266</li><li>267</li></ul>	(a) Any structure that legally existed with conforming or nonconforming setback prior to the expansion of a public right of way where the expansion of such public right of way makes the structure noncomplying or more noncomplying to the setback requirements of this Land Use Code, shall be deemed a legal, noncomplying structure.
<ul><li>268</li><li>269</li><li>270</li><li>271</li></ul>	(b) Any lot that legally existed in a conforming or nonconforming status prior to the expansion of a public right of way where the expansion of such public right of way makes the lot nonconforming or more nonconforming to the standards of this Land Use Code, shall be deemed a legal, nonconforming lot.
<ul><li>272</li><li>273</li></ul>	(c) This section does not excuse or exempt any past or future action that creates or modifies a lot in a manner that is in violation of applicable laws.

274

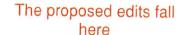


# Notice of Effect Public Right of Way Expansion of Street Name

#### **Legal Description**

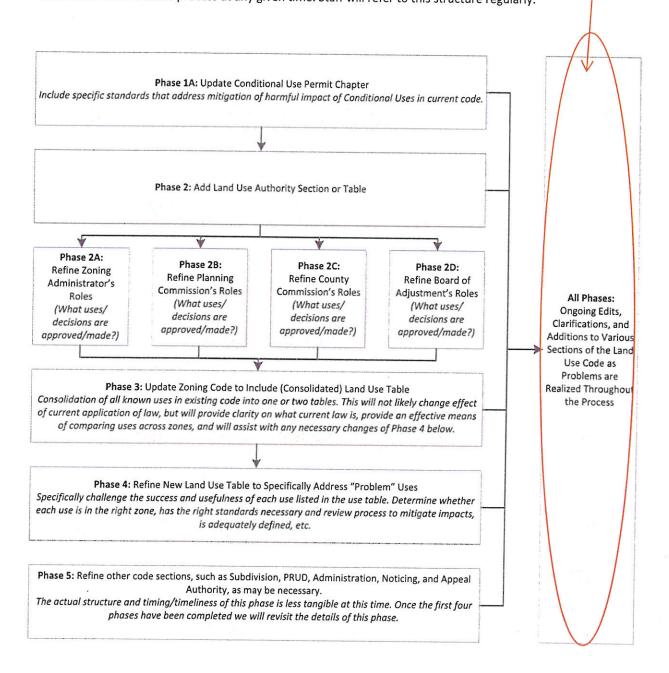
#### **SEE EXHBIT A**

RE: Potential Nonconformity on Land Due to the Expansion of the Street Name Right of Way, as part of Project Number and Description.
The parcel of land with the Land Serial Number # is currently zoned ZONE (ZONE SYMBOL).
This notice is intended to document how the above specified right of way expansion project affects the subject property. If the property legally existed in a conforming or legal nonconforming status prior to the expansion of the public right of way, and the expansion of the public right of way has made the lot or parcel nonconforming or more nonconforming to the lot standards of the subject property's zone, the property shall be deemed <u>legal</u> , even though nonconforming. Any further development of it shall be allowed pursuant to and in compliance with Weber County Code §108-12, and other applicable local, state, and federal laws. The same consideration will be given for structures affected by the expansion of a public right of way; if the setbacks are made noncomplying or more noncomplying the structure shall be deemed <u>legal</u> , even though noncomplying.
Note: This notice does not excuse or exempt any past or future action that creates or modifies a lot, parcel, or structure in a manner that is in violation of applicable laws.
Dated this day of, 20
Sean Wilkinson Planning Director
STATE OF UTAH ) :ss COUNTY OF WEBER )
On theday of, 20, personally appeared before methe signer(s) of the foregoing instrument, who duly acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same.
Notary Public
Residing at



## Weber County Land Use Code Revision Process Workflow

This flowchart is intended to illustrate the intended course of the revision process. It is not an absolute plan, and deviations may occur as more information is gathered, but it will provide the Planning Commission with an idea where we are in the process at any given time. Staff will refer to this structure regularly.





## Staff Report to the Western Weber Planning Commission

Weber County Planning Division

#### **Synopsis**

Application Information

Application Request:

Consideration and recommendation on a proposal to amend the Weber County

Land Use Code to provide clarifications in the regulations and permissions of main

buildings and accessory buildings, and main uses and accessory uses.

Agenda Date:

Tuesday, April 14, 2015

Staff Report Date:

Thursday, February 13, 2015

Applicant:

Planning Division

File Number:

ZTA 2014-06

**Property Information** 

Approximate Address:

Not Applicable

Project Area: Zoning:

Not Applicable Not Applicable

**Existing Land Use:** Proposed Land Use:

Not Applicable Not Applicable

Parcel ID:

Not Applicable

Township, Range, Section: Not Applicable

Adjacent Land Use

North:

Not Applicable

South:

Not Applicable

East:

Not Applicable

West:

Not Applicable

Staff Information

Report Presenter:

Charlie Ewert

cewert@co.weber.ut.us

(801) 399-8763

Report Reviewer:

SW

#### **Applicable Ordinances**

- Title 101 General Provisions
- Title 104 Zones
  - Chapter 3 (RESIDENTIAL ESTATES RE-15 and RE-20), Section 2 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 4 (GRAVEL ZONE G), Section 1 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 5 (AGRICULTURAL ZONE A-1), Section 3 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 6 (AGRICULTURAL VALLEY AV-3 ZONE), Section 3 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 7 (AGRICULTURAL A-2 ZONE), Section 3 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 8 (AGRICULTURAL ZONE A-3), Section 3 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 9 (FOREST ZONES F-5, F-10, AND F-40), Section 2 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 10 (SHORELINE ZONE S-1), Section 2 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 11 (COMMERCIAL VALLEY RESORT RECREATION ZONE CVR-1), Section 4 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 12 (SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONES R-1-12, R-1-10), Section 2 (Permitted Uses) 0
  - Chapter 13 (FOREST RESIDENTIAL ZONE FR-1), Section 2 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 14 (FOREST VALLEY ZONE FV-3), Section 2 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 15 (TWO-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONE R-2), Section 2 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 16 (MULTIPLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONE R-3), Section 2 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 17 (FOREST RESIDENTIAL ZONE FR-3), Section 2 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 18 (RESIDENTIAL MOBILE/MANUFACTURED HOME PARK ZONE RMHP), Section 2 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 19 (RESIDENTIAL MANUFACTURED HOME ZONE RMH-1-6), Section 2 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 20 (COMMERCIAL ZONES C-1, C-2, C-3), Section 5 (Uses) 0
  - Chapter 21 (COMMERCIAL VALLEY ZONES CV-1 and CV-2), Section 5 (Uses) 0
  - Chapter 22 (MANUFACTURING ZONE M-1), Section 2 (Permitted Uses)
  - Chapter 23 (OGDEN VALLEY MANUFACTURING ZONE MV-1), Section 2 (Permitted Uses)

- Chapter 25 (MANUFACTURING ZONE M-3), Section 2 (Permitted Uses)
- o Chapter 26 (OPEN SPACE ZONE O-1), Section 2 (Permitted Uses)
- Chapter 29 (OGDEN VALLEY DESTINATION AND RECREATION RESORT ZONE DRR-1), Section 8 (Land Uses)

### Legislative Decisions

Decision on this item is a legislative action. When the Planning Commission is acting on a legislative item it is acting as a recommending body to the County Commission and has wide discretion. Examples of legislative actions are general plan, zoning map, and land use code amendments. Typically, the criterion for providing a recommendation on a legislative matter suggests a review for compatibility with the general plan and existing ordinances.

#### Background

The current land use code (LUC), under the definitions of accessory building, main building, accessory use, and main use, does not appear to allow an "accessory building" to be placed on a lot that does not have a "main building." In essence, what this means is that any main use of property that is an open air use of property (i.e., agriculture, agritourism, golf course, public and private park, reservoir, mining operations, parking lot, etc.) may not have an accessory building to support the use unless and until a main building has been established. To complicate this, most zones list "accessory building or use customarily incidental to any permitted or conditional use" as a permitted use in the zone, leading one to think that an accessory building can be established without a main building, despite the directive in the definitions section.

This conflict has caused confusion for administration of the code.

#### Policy Analysis

The Planning Commission should evaluate which of the two conflicting provisions should prevail. Should accessory buildings incidental to a permitted or conditional use be allowed without a main building on the property? Or should a main building be required prior to the establishment of an accessory building?

As an interpretive guide, the Planning Commission should know that the difference between a main building and an accessory building is not necessarily based on the specific use of the building as provided in the listed permitted or conditional uses of the zones; it is based on whether the use of the building can be identified as incidental and accessory to the use of another building. If it cannot be, then it is a main building; the use of which must comply with the allowed permitted and conditional uses listed in the zone chapters.

If a building is defined as a main building it has to meet stricter setback requirement than a building defined as an accessory building. These requirements depend on the zone. This is an important distinction, because open-air uses of land typically rely on greater amounts of unobstructed land area. A main building may also be subject to more specific architectural and site design requirements if it is used to accommodate commercial uses, industrial uses, manufacturing uses, public uses, quasi-public uses, or recreation resort uses.<sup>1</sup>

This topic is primarily focused on uses of property that are open-air uses of land that have not otherwise had buildings established on them. One of the primary open-air uses of land in Weber County is agriculture. It will be in the best interest of those agricultural users and agriculture-adjacent land owners for the ordinances to be clarified in a manner that clearly sets forth the expectations.

With the proposal found in Exhibit B, staff are providing a way to allow a "main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted," which for certain types of open-air land uses may in fact look and act like an accessory building, but for the purposes of establishing required setbacks a applicable design standards, is regulated like a main building. Thus, with this addition it is possible for open-air land uses to have a "main building" as an "accessory use" of land. After a "main building" is established, the owner may establish an "accessory building" — at the reduced accessory building setback — as long as the accessory building is incidental and accessory to the use of the main building.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See LUC §108-1-2 and LUC §108-2-3 for applicability requirements for Design Review and Ogden Valley Architectural, Landscape, and Screening Design Standards.

As the Planning Commission hears and considers each proposed change there are several things to be looking for:

- 1. Does the proposed change comply with the purpose and/or intent of the specific code section or relevant zone? Every change should comply with that purpose/intent.
- 2. Does the proposed change comply with the goals and objectives of the General Plan? The General Plan should act as a guide to vet land use ordinance decisions.
- 3. Does the proposed change promote the health, safety, and welfare of the community?
- 4. Does the proposed change provide equitable balance between land use rights and the public good?

#### Conformance to the General Plan

The attached proposal generally follows how the current administration is applying the land use code. It simply clarifies the approach. Support for it can be loosely found in both general plans. Providing a code that enables support buildings for open-air land uses promotes those potential land uses.

In Western Weber County the primary open-air land use is agriculture. The West Central Weber County General Plan indicates the desire to protect and promote agricultural uses/lands through agricultural protection and preservation efforts.<sup>2</sup> The plan's Future Land Use Map (aka "proposed land use map") also depicts large quantities of land intended to support agricultural uses.<sup>3</sup>

In the Ogden Valley the primary open air land use may be threefold: agriculture, general open space, and recreation; each having their own unique needs for support buildings, as may be allowed by code. The Ogden Valley General Plan supports the use of land for agriculture, <sup>4</sup> and also sets forth policies and implementation strategies intended to "protect open land and encourage the creation of new recreation facilities..." <sup>5</sup>

### Conditions of Approval

Not Applicable

#### Past Action on this Item

The Western Weber Planning Commission reviewed the proposal in a work session on December 9, 2014. The Ogden Valley Planning Commission reviewed the proposal in a work session on January 27, 2015. No formal action was taken in either meeting.

#### Noticing Compliance

A hearing for this item before the Planning Commission has been posted for public notice in compliance with UCA §17-27a-205 in the following manners:

- Posted on the County's Official Website
- Posted on the Utah Public Notice Website
- Published in a local newspaper

#### Staff Recommendation

Staff recommends approval of the text included as Exhibit B and Exhibit C with the following findings:

- 1. The changes are necessary to provide an appropriate level of support for open-air uses of land.
- 2. The clarification will provide for a more efficient administration of code.
- 3. The changes comply with the intent of the land use code.
- 4. The changes are supported by the General Plan(s).
- 5. The clarifications are not detrimental to the health, safety, and welfare of County residents.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See West Central Weber County General Plan (2003), Pg. 2-16.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See West Central Weber County General Plan (2003), Map 2-4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Ogden Valley General Plan (1998), Pg 25

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Ogden Valley General Plan Recreation Element (2005), Pg. 143

The Planning Commission's decision should be made as a recommendation to the County Commission. A model motion is provided below.

#### Sample Motions

Sample Motion for a **Positive Recommendation** – "I move we forward a positive recommendation to the County Commission for the Zoning Text Amendment regarding regulations and permissions of main buildings and accessory buildings, and main uses and accessory uses, File #ZTA 2014-06, with the following findings:

- 1. Example: All findings recommended by staff in the staff report dated February 13, 2015;
  - a. [as modified with these changes: ]
- 2. ... List and additional findings to support the amendment, as may be deemed necessary."

Sample Motion for a **Negative Recommendation** – "I move we forward a negative recommendation to the County Commission for the Zoning Text Amendment regarding regulations and permissions of main buildings and accessory buildings, and main uses and accessory uses, File #ZTA 2014-06, with the following findings:

List any findings...

#### Exhibits

- A. Summary, List, and Key to Proposed Changes.
- B. Code Change Regulations and Permissions of Main Buildings and Accessory Buildings, and Main Uses and Accessory Uses [Redlined].
- C. Code Change Regulations and Permissions of Main Buildings and Accessory Buildings, and Main Uses and Accessory Uses [Clean].
- D. Land Use Code Revision Process Flowchart.

- Chapter 25 (MANUFACTURING ZONE M-3), Section 2 (Permitted Uses)
- o Chapter 26 (OPEN SPACE ZONE O-1), Section 2 (Permitted Uses)
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- B. Code Change Regulations and Permissions of Main Buildings and Accessory Buildings, and Main Uses and Accessory Uses [Redlined].
- C. Code Change Regulations and Permissions of Main Buildings and Accessory Buildings, and Main Uses and Accessory Uses [Clean].
- D. Land Use Code Revision Process Flowchart.

# EXHIBIT B: CODE CHANGE – REGULATIONS AND PERMISSIONS OF MAIN BUILDINGS AND ACCESSORY BUILDINGS, AND MAIN USES AND ACCESSORY USES [REDLINED].

#### 1 PART II LAND USE CODE

- 2 Title 101 GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 3 Title 102 ADMINISTRATION
- 4 Title 103 RESERVED
- 5 Title 104 ZONES
- 6 Title 105 RESERVED
- 7 Title 106 SUBDIVISIONS
- 8 Title 107 RESERVED
- 9 Title 108 STANDARDS
- 10 Title 109 RESERVED
- 11 Title 110 SIGNS

#### 12 Title 101 GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 13 Sec. 101-1-1. Short title.
- 14 Sec. 101-1-2. Purpose.
- Sec. 101-1-3. Interpretation.
- 16 Sec. 101-1-4. Conflict.
- 17 Sec. 101-1-5. Effect on previous ordinances and maps.
- 18 Sec. 101-1-6. Rules of construction.
- 19 Sec. 101-1-7. Definitions.
- Sec. 101-1-8. Amendments to Code; effect of new ordinances; amendatory
- 21 language.
- Sec. 101-1-9. Supplementation of Code.
- Sec. 101-1-10. Catchlines of sections.

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24		Sec. 101-1-11. Altering Code.
25		Sec. 101-1-12. Severability of parts of Code.
26		Sec. 101-1-13. General penalty; continuing violations.
27		Sec. 101-1-14. Certain ordinances not repealed or affected by adoption of Code.
28		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
29		Sec. 101-1-7. Definitions.
30		
31		Building, accessory. The term "building, accessory" means a subordinate structure
32		detached from but located on the same lot as the main structure, the use of which is incidental
33		and accessory to that of the main structure. A main building is required prior to an accessory
34		building. a detached subordinate building located on a lot or parcel with a main building the use o
35		which is incidental to the use of the main building.
36	·	
37		Building, main. The term "main building" means the principal building or one of the
38		principal buildings located on a lot or parcel designed or used to accommodate the primary use to
39		which the premises are devoted. Where a permissible use involves more than one structure
40		designed or used for the primary purpose, as in the case of apartment groups, each such
41		permitted building on one lot as defined by this Title shall be deemed a main building.the
42		main/principal building and/or structure or one of the main/principal buildings and/or structures
43		housing the main/principal use upon the lot.
44		
45		Use, accessory. The term "accessory use" means a use: of land or structure, or portion
46		thereof, customarily incidental and subordinate to the main use of the land or structure and
47		located on the same lot or parcel with the principal use.
48		(1)
49		Incidental to and on the same lot as a main use:
50		<del>(2)</del>
51		Customarily found in connection with a main building or use;
52		(3)
53		Which is subordinate in area, extent or purpose to the main building or main use
54		served.
55		
56		Use, main. The term "main use" means the principal purpose for which a lot, parcel or
57		structure is designed, arranged or intended, or for which it is occupied or maintained as allowed
58		by the provisions of this Land Use Code. use of land or structures, as distinguished from an
59		accessory use. Dwellings on parcels meeting the definition of an "agricultural parcel" shall be the
60		main use.

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- 61 ...
- 62 Title 104 ZONES
- 63 CHAPTER 1. IN GENERAL
- 64 CHAPTER 2. (RESERVED)
- 65 CHAPTER 3. RESIDENTIAL ESTATES ZONES RE-15 AND RE-20
- 66 CHAPTER 4. GRAVEL ZONE G
- 67 CHAPTER 5. AGRICULTURAL ZONE A-1
- 68 CHAPTER 6. AGRICULTURAL VALLEY AV-3 ZONE
- 69 CHAPTER 7. AGRICULTURAL A-2 ZONE
- 70 CHAPTER 8. AGRICULTURAL ZONE A-3
- 71 CHAPTER 9. FOREST ZONES F-5, F-10, AND F-40
- 72 CHAPTER 10. SHORELINE ZONE S-1
- 73 CHAPTER 11. COMMERCIAL VALLEY RESORT RECREATION ZONE CVR-1
- 74 CHAPTER 12. SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONES R-1-12, R-1-10
- 75 CHAPTER 13. FOREST RESIDENTIAL ZONE FR-1
- 76 CHAPTER 14. FOREST VALLEY ZONE FV-3
- 77 CHAPTER 15. TWO-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONE R-2
- 78 CHAPTER 16. MULTIPLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONE R-3
- 79 CHAPTER 17. FOREST RESIDENTIAL ZONE FR-3
- 80 CHAPTER 18. RESIDENTIAL MOBILE/MANUFACTURED HOME PARK ZONE RMHP
- 81 CHAPTER 19. RESIDENTIAL MANUFACTURED HOME ZONE RMH-1-6
- 82 CHAPTER 20. COMMERCIAL ZONES C-1, C-2, C-3
- 83 CHAPTER 21. COMMERCIAL VALLEY ZONES CV-1 and CV-2
- 84 CHAPTER 22. MANUFACTURING ZONE M-1
- 85 CHAPTER 23. OGDEN VALLEY MANUFACTURING ZONE MV-1

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00	CHAPTER 24 MANUFACTURING ZONE M-2
87	CHAPTER 25 MANUFACTURING ZONE M-3
88	CHAPTER 26 OPEN SPACE ZONE O-1
89	CHAPTER 27 NATURAL HAZARDS OVERLAY DISTRICTS
90	CHAPTER 28 OGDEN VALLEY SENSITIVE LANDS OVERLAY DISTRICTS
91	CHAPTER 29 OGDEN VALLEY DESTINATION AND RECREATION RESORT ZONE DRR-
92	
93	CHAPTER 3. RESIDENTIAL ESTATES ZONES RE-15 AND RE-20
94	
95	Sec. 104-3-2 Permitted uses.
96	The following uses are permitted in Residential Estates Zones RE-15 and RE-20:
97 98 99	(1) Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
100	devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;  _Accessory building or use customarily incidental to a permitted or conditional use;
101	(2) Agriculture and agricultural experiment station;
102	
	a.
.03	CHAPTER 4. GRAVEL ZONE G
.04	Sec. 104-4-1 Permitted uses.
.05	In Gravel Zone G, no building, structure, or land shall be used, and no building or
.06	structure shall be erected which is arranged, intended or designed to be used for other than one
07	or more of the following uses:
08	
09	(4) Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
10	designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
11	devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;

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112	CHAPTER 3. AGRICULTURAL ZONE A-1					
113	•••					
114	Sec. 104-5-3. Permitted uses.					
115	The following uses are permitted in Agriculture Zone A-1:					
116 117 118 119 120 121	(1) Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use; Accessory building or use customarily incidental to any permitted or conditional use.  (2) Agriculture, agricultural experiment station; apiary; aviary; aquarium.					
122	CHAPTER 6. AGRICULTURAL VALLEY AV-3 ZONE					
123						
124	Sec. 104-6-3 Permitted uses.					
125	The following uses are permitted in the Agricultural Valley, AV-3 Zone:					
126	(1) Accessory building or use customarily incidental to any permitted or conditional					
127	The state of the s					
128	• use-Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building					
129	designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;					
130	(2) Agriculture, agricultural experiment station; apiary; aviary; aquarium.					
131						
132	CHAPTER 7. AGRICULTURAL A-2 ZONE					
133	••					
134	Sec. 104-7-3 Permitted uses.					
135	The following uses are permitted in the Agriculture Zone A-2:					
136 137 138	(1) Accessory building or use customarily incidental to any permitted or conditional use. Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building					

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Exhibit B: Code Change [Redlined] -- Page 9 of 20 Staff Report -- Main Buildings and Accessory Buildings, and Main Uses and Accessory Uses -- Page 13 of 40

139 140			designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;
141		(2)	Agriculture, agricultural experiment station; apiary; aviary; aquarium.
142	•••		o y o y o y o y o y o y o y o y o y o y
	•••		
143	CHAPTER 8. A	AGRICU	ILTURAL ZONE A-3
144			
145	Sec. 104-8-3	Permit	ted uses.
146	The following u	ises are	permitted in the Agriculture Zone A-3:
147		(1)	Accessory building or use customarily incidental to any permitted or conditional
148			use. Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
149			designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
150			devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;
151		(2)	Agriculture, agricultural experiment station, apiary; aviary.
152	•••		
150	OUADTED 6 E		
153	CHAPTER 9. F	OREST	ZONES F-5, F-10, AND F-40
154	•••		
154 155	 Sec. 104-9-2	Permitt	ed uses.
	Sec. 104-9-2		ed uses. permitted in Forest Zones F-5, F-10, and F-40:
155	Sec. 104-9-2	ses are p	permitted in Forest Zones F-5, F-10, and F-40:
155 156	Sec. 104-9-2		
155 156 157	Sec. 104-9-2 The following us	ses are p	permitted in Forest Zones F-5, F-10, and F-40:  Agriculture.
155 156 157 158	Sec. 104-9-2 The following us	ses are p	permitted in Forest Zones F-5, F-10, and F-40:
155 156 157 158 159	Sec. 104-9-2 The following us	ses are p (1) (7)	permitted in Forest Zones F-5, F-10, and F-40:  Agriculture.  Signs shall comply with title 110, chapter 2, Ogden Valley signs, if located within
155 156 157 158 159 160	Sec. 104-9-2 The following us	(1) (7) (8)	Deermitted in Forest Zones F-5, F-10, and F-40:  Agriculture.  Signs shall comply with title 110, chapter 2, Ogden Valley signs, if located within the Ogden Valley area.  Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
155 156 157 158 159 160 161	Sec. 104-9-2 The following us	(1) (7) (8)	Deermitted in Forest Zones F-5, F-10, and F-40:  Agriculture.  Signs shall comply with title 110, chapter 2, Ogden Valley signs, if located within the Ogden Valley area.  Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building: main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162	Sec. 104-9-2 The following us	(1) (7) (8)	Deermitted in Forest Zones F-5, F-10, and F-40:  Agriculture.  Signs shall comply with title 110, chapter 2, Ogden Valley signs, if located within the Ogden Valley area.  Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use; Accessory
155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163	Sec. 104-9-2 The following us	(1) (7) (8)	Deermitted in Forest Zones F-5, F-10, and F-40:  Agriculture.  Signs shall comply with title 110, chapter 2, Ogden Valley signs, if located within the Ogden Valley area.  Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building: main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are

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#### 167 **CHAPTER 10. SHORELINE ZONE S-1** 168 169 Sec. 104-10-2. - Permitted uses. 170 The following uses are permitted in the 171 Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building (1) 172 designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are 173 devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use; Accessory 174 buildings, structures and uses customarily incidental to a permitted use. 175 (2) Agriculture, grazing and pasturing of animals. 176 (3)Boating. 177 178 CHAPTER 11. COMMERCIAL VALLEY RESORT RECREATION ZONE CVR-1 179 180 Sec. 104-11-3. - Permitted uses. 181 The following uses are permitted in the Commercial Valley Resort Recreation Zone CVR-1: (1) Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed 182 Comment [c1]: This is a small policy shift. Eliminating this line defaults access bldgs, and uses 183 or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and to a permitted use regardless of whether or not the 184 main use is permitted or conditional. The idea here accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use; is that the main use may require heightened CUP 185 (1)(2)\_Art gallery. review, but the accessory and incidental buildings 186 (2)(3) Bank. may not. A land owner will still be required to amend their site plan to show the new proposed 187 (3)(4) Bookstore/newsstand. accessory building, and architectural review is still required for certain uses, but approval of the site 188 (4)(5) Beauty shop/barbershop. plan change and architectural design will be done by 189 (5)(6) Day spa/fitness center. 190 (6)(7) Deli/small grocery store. 191 (7)(8) Florist shop. 192 (8)(9) Gift shop, boutique. 193 (9)(10) Music and video store. 194 (10)(11)Restaurants, excluding those with drive-up windows. 195 (11)(12)Restaurant: fast food, excluding those with drive-up windows. (12)(13)Sporting goods store. 196 197 (13)(14)Sports clothing store. 198 (14)(15) Public and private swimming pools. 199 (15)(16) Vendor, short term.

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201	Sec. 104-11-	4 Co	nditional uses.			
202	The following uses shall be allowed only when authorized by a Conditional Use Permit obtained as					
203			chapter 4 of this Land Use Code.			
204	1	(16)	(17)Beer parlor, sale of draft beer.			
205			(18)Bed and breakfast inn.			
206	.I	(11)	(10) Ded and Dreaklast IIII.			
207	•••	(34)	Postauranta including these with drive and in the			
208	İ	- 8 8				
	1	(35)	Accessory uses to the above listed.			
209						
210	CHAPTER 12	2. SING	LE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONES R-1-12, R-1-10			
211						
212	Sec. 104-12-2					
213	The following	are per	mitted uses in the Single-Family Residential Zones R-1-12, R-1-10.			
214		(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building			
215			designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are			
216			devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use; Accessor			
217	1		buildings and uses customarily incidental to any permitted use.			
218		(2)	Agriculture.			
219		(3)	Church, synagogue or similar building used for regular religious worship.			
220			100 VI			
221	CHAPTER 13	. FORE	ST RESIDENTIAL ZONE FR-1			
222						
223	Sec. 104-13-2	- Dorn	nitted uses			
224	IN EVANUE OF THE STATE OF THE S		e permitted in the Forest Residential Zone FR-1:			
1	The following t	1363 ar	e permitted in the Forest Residential Zone FR-1.			
225		(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building			
226			designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are			
227			devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use; Accessory			
228			building or accessory use customarily incidental to a permitted use.			
229		(2)	Agriculture.			
230		(3)	Animals and fowl kept for family food production.			
1	Page 9 of 16					
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231	
232	CHAPTER 14. FOREST VALLEY ZONE FV-3
233	
234	Sec. 104-14-2 Permitted uses.
235	The following uses are permitted in the Forest Valley Zone FV-3:
236	(1) Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
237	designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
238	devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use; Accessory
239	building or accessory use customarily incidental to a permitted use.
240	(2) Agriculture.
241	(3) Animals and fowl kept for family food production.
242	
243	CHAPTER 15. TWO-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONE R-2
245	Sec. 104-15-2 Permitted uses.
246	The following uses are permitted in the Two-Family Residential Zone R-2:
247	(1) Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
248	designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
249	devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use; Accessory
250	buildings and uses customarily incidental to any permitted use.
251	(2) Agriculture.
252	(3) Bachelor and/or bachelorette dwelling with 24 or less dwelling units.
253	•••
254	CHAPTER 16. MULTIPLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONE R-3
255	
256	Sec. 104-16-2 Permitted uses.
257	The following uses are permitted in the Multiple-Family Residential Zone R-3:
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258		(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
259			designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
260			devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use; Accessory
261			buildings and uses customarily incidental to any permitted use.
262		(2)	Agriculture.
263		(3)	Bachelor and/or bachelorette dwelling with 24 or less dwelling units.
264	•••	<i>Y</i>	g annot
265	CHAPTER 17.	FORES	T RESIDENTIAL ZONE FR-3
100.00			a
266	•••		
267	Sec. 104-17-2.	Dormis	Had usas
268	The following us	es are	permitted in the Forest Residential Zone FR-3:
269		(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
270		` '	designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
271			devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use. Accessory
272			building or accessory use customarily incidental to a use permitted in the zone.
273		(2)	Cluster subdivision in accordance with title 108, chapter 3.
274		(2)	Cruster subdivision in accordance with title 100, chapter 3.
2/4	***		
275	CUADTED 40 F	COLDE	NTIAL MODILE/MANUEACTURER HOME BARK TONE BAUR
2/5	CHAPIER 10. R	ESIDE	NTIAL MOBILE/MANUFACTURED HOME PARK ZONE RMHP
276	•••		
	2 721 72 2		
277	Sec. 104-18-2		
278	The following use	es are p	ermitted in the RMHP Zone:
279	,	(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building main building
280	'		Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
			designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
281			devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use. Accessory
282			building and use customarily incidental to any permitted use.
283	(		Mobile/manufactured home park, trailer court, overnight recreational vehicle park
284			provided such park, or court meet the requirements and standards prescribed in
285		İ	the county mobile home park ordinance.
286			

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287	CHAPTER 19. RESIDENTIAL MANUFACTURED HOME ZONE RMH-1-6							
288								
289	Sec. 104-19-2 Permitted uses.							
290	The following uses are permitted in the Residential Manufactured Home Zone RMH-1-6:							
291 292	(1) Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main to designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the prer							
293	devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use			y				
294 295	building and use customarily incidental to any permitted use.  (2) Manufactured home (double wide or wider) in an approved manuf							
296	subdivision or manufactured home PRUD. (Single wides with or w							
297	expansions or extensions are prohibited.)	mout	10011					
298								
299	CHAPTER 20. COMMERCIAL ZONES C-1, C-2, C-3							
300	···							
301 302 303 304	In the following list of possible uses, those designated in any zone as "P" will be a permitted use. Uses designated as "C" will be allowed only when authorized by a conditional use permit obtained as provided							
		C- 1	C- 2	C- 3				
	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use; Accessory buildings and uses customarily incidental to a permitted use	Р	Р	Р				
	Air conditioning, sales and service	N	N	Р				

306 CHAPTER 21. COMMERCIAL VALLEY ZONES CV-1 and CV-2

305

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310 311	d use. Uses ed as provided hat zone.			
			CV-	CV-
	Academies/studios fo	or dance, art, sports, etc.	С	Р
	to accommodate the	ncidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses I to a main use; Accessory buildings and uses customarily incidental to enal uses	Р	Р
	Animal hospital		N	С
312	 CHAPTER 22. MANU	JFACTURING ZONE M-1		
314				
315	Sec. 104-22-2 Perm	nitted uses.		
316	The following uses are	e permitted in the Manufacturing Zone M-1:		
17	(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building	na	
18		designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premise		
19		devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use; Acc		t
20		uses and buildings customarily incidental to a permitted use.	,	
21	(2)	Any permitted use in a C-3 Zone except dwelling units.		
22	(3)	Agriculture.		
23				

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CHAPTER 23. OGDEN VALLEY MANUFACTURING ZONE MV-1

Sec. 104-21-5. - Uses.

325	•••			
326	Sec. 104-23-	2 Dorr	mitted uses	
327				
327	The following	uses ar	e permitted in the MV-1, Ogden Valley Light Manufacturing Zone:	
328	1	(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building	
329			designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are	
330			devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use. Accessory	
331			uses and buildings customarily incidental to a permitted use.	
332		(2)	Agricultural implement repair.	
333	•••			
334	CHAPTER 24	. MANU	FACTURING ZONE M-2	
335				
336	Sec. 104-24-2	Perm	nitted uses.	
337	The following	uses are	e permitted in the M-2 Zone:	
220		(4)	W2000 000 000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
338		(1)	Any permitted use in an M-1 Zone.	Comment [c2]: The M-1 zone allows accessory buildings, main buildings, and accessory uses (see
339		(2)	Building material sale yard, blacksmith shop.	line 299 above).
340		(3)	Contractors equipment storage yard.	
341				
342	CHAPTER 25	MANIII	FACTURING ZONE M-3	
J-12	OTIAL TER 25.	MANO	ACTURING ZONE MI-3	
242				
343	•••			
344	Sec. 104-25-2.	- Permi	itted uses	
345			permitted in the M-3 Zone:	
13 15	g u	- 00 UIO	F	
346		(1)	Any permitted use in an M-2 Zone except dwelling units.	
347		(2)	Accessory uses and buildings customarily incidental to a permitted use.	Comment [c3]: This is already provided for in
348		<del>(3)</del> (2)	_Laboratories.	line 328, which references line 320. Line 320 refers to line 299.
349		(4)(3)	_Machine shop.	Semic 223
350		<del>(5)</del> (4)	Office, business, professional and governmental.	
351		<del>(6)</del> (5)	_Public buildings and utilities.	
352		<del>(7)</del> (6)	_Warehouse.	
353		<del>(8)</del> (7)	_Welding shop.	
E	Da == 12 = 640			*

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354 355 Sec. 104-25-3. - Conditional uses. 356 The following uses shall be permitted only when authorized by a conditional use permit as provided in title 357 108, chapter 4 of this Land Use Code: 358 Any conditional use in an M-2 Zone. 359 Accessory uses and buildings customarily incidental to a conditional use. 360 \_Aircraft engine testing, including jet, missile and chemical engines. 361 (4)(3) Blast furnace. 362 (5)(4)\_Feed, cereal or flour mill. 363  $\frac{(6)}{(5)}$ Forage plant or foundry. 364 Manufacture, processing, refining, treatment, distillation, storage or compounding 365 of the following: Acid, ammonia, bleaching powder and chlorine; fireworks or 366 explosives, asphalt, chemicals of an objectionable or dangerous nature, 367 creosote, disinfectants or insecticides; bones, coal or wood, fertilizer, gas, glue, 368 size or gelatin, ore, potash, proxylin, rubber of guttapercha, plastic, tallow, grease 369 or lard, tar, roofing or waterproofing materials, furs, wool, hides. 370 Ore beneficiation, smelting, or refining of materials, steel or iron mills, mines, 371 quarries; gravel pits. 372 Petroleum refining. 373 (10)(9) Manufacturing, fabrication, assembly, canning, processing, treatment, or storage 374 of the following: 375 Acetylene gas, aircraft, airplanes and parts, automobiles and parts; alcohol. 376 Brick, brass. b. 377 Candles, cans, celluloid, cement, copper. 378 Dyestuff. 379 Emery cloth, excelsior. 380 Feathers, felt, fiber, fish, film. 381 Glass, glucose, gypsum. 382 h. Hair, hardware. 383 Ink, iron. 384 Lamp black, linoleum, line. j. 385 Meats, machinery, mail, matches. k. 386 1. Oil, oilcloth, oiled rubber goods, oxygen. 387 m. Paper, paint, pulp, pickles, pottery, plaster of Paris. 388 Shoe polish, stove polish, shoddy, soap and detergents, soda, starch, 389 sauerkraut, salt, steel, shellac. 390 Turpentine, tile, terra cotta. 0. 391 Vinegar, varnish. p. 392 q. Yeast. 393 (11)(10)Metals and metal products extraction, treatment and processing including the extraction, processing and manufacturing of magnesium chloride, magnesium, 394 395 potassium, sodium, lithium, boron, bromine and their salts or chemical 396 derivatives. 397 (12)(11)Missiles and missile parts.

Comment [c4]: This is a small policy shift. Eliminating this line defaults access bldgs. and uses to a permitted use regardless of whether or not the main use is permitted or conditional. The idea here is that the main use may require heightened CUP review, but the accessory and incidental buildings may not. A land owner will still be required to amend their site plan to show the new proposed accessory building but approval of the site plan change will be done by staff. This provision is only applicable to the M-3 zone because this specific regulation is only in the M-3 zone.

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398	(13)(12)Large scale photovoltaic solar energy systems designed to produce energy for	
399	wholesale purposes.	
400	The state of the s	
401	(15)(14) Private recreation areas.	
402	(16)(15)Railroad yards, shop or roundhouse; rock crusher.	
403	(17)(16)Site leveling and preparation for future development.	
404 405	(18)(17)Space craft and space craft parts. (19)(18)Storage of petroleum.	
403	(10) Storage of petroleum.	
406	CHAPTER 26. OPEN SPACE ZONE 0-1	
407	· ·	
408	Sec. 104-26-2 Permitted uses.	
409	The following uses are permitted in the Open Space Zone O-1.	
410	(1) Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building	Comment [c5]: This is a small policy shift. It
411	designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are	coincides with the change on line 412. Accessory of
412	devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;	incidental buildings in the O-1 zone can be approve after site plan review and approval by staff rather
413	(1)(2) Agriculture.	than by the Planning Commission. Review the
414	(2)(3) Botanical or zoological garden.	permitted and conditional uses listed in this zone to determine whether this shift is acceptable.
415	(3)(4) Cemetery.	
416	(4)(5) Conservation areas: botanical or zoological.	
417	(5)(6) Fishing ponds; private or public.	
418	( <del>6)</del> (7) Golf course, except miniature golf courses.	
419	(7)(8) Horse raising, provided conducted in a pasture of at least five acre size and with	*
420	a maximum density of two horses per acre.	
421	(8)(9) Private park, playground or recreation area.	
422	(9)(10) Public park, public recreation grounds and associate buildings, but not including	
423	privately owned commercial amusement business.	
424	(10)(11) Public service buildings.	
425	(11)(12)Wildlife sanctuaries.	
426	Sec. 104-26-3 Conditional uses.	(9)
427	The following uses shall be permitted only when authorized by a conditional use permit as provided in title	
428	108, chapter 4 of this Land Use Code:	
429	(1) Golf driving range in conjunction with a golf course.	
430	(2) Main and accessory buildings and uses customarily incidental to any permitted	
431	uso.	
432	(3)(2) Public utility substations.	
433	•••	
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434	CHAPTER 29. OGDEN VALLEY DESTINATION AND RECF	REATION RESORT ZONE DRR-1
435		
436	Sec. 104-29-8 Land uses.	
	Use	Permitted (P) Conditional (C)
	Residential Uses	
	Single-family dwelling	Р
437		
	Water pumping plants and reservoirs	С
	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;	P

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## EXHIBIT C: CODE CHANGE – REGULATIONS AND PERMISSIONS OF MAIN BUILDINGS AND ACCESSORY BUILDINGS, AND MAIN USES AND ACCESSORY USES [CLEAN].

## 1 PART II LAND USE CODE

- 2 Title 101 GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 3 Title 102 ADMINISTRATION
- 4 Title 103 RESERVED
- 5 Title 104 ZONES
- 6 Title 105 RESERVED
- 7 Title 106 SUBDIVISIONS
- 8 Title 107 RESERVED
- 9 Title 108 STANDARDS
- 10 Title 109 RESERVED
- 11 Title 110 SIGNS

## 12 Title 101 GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 13 Sec. 101-1-1. Short title.
- 14 Sec. 101-1-2. Purpose.
- Sec. 101-1-3. Interpretation.
- 16 Sec. 101-1-4. Conflict.
- Sec. 101-1-5. Effect on previous ordinances and maps.
- Sec. 101-1-6. Rules of construction.
- 19 Sec. 101-1-7. Definitions.
- Sec. 101-1-8. Amendments to Code; effect of new ordinances; amendatory
- 21 language.
- Sec. 101-1-9. Supplementation of Code.
- Sec. 101-1-10. Catchlines of sections.

24		Sec. 101-1-11. Altering Code.
25		Sec. 101-1-12. Severability of parts of Code.
26		Sec. 101-1-13. General penalty; continuing violations.
27		Sec. 101-1-14. Certain ordinances not repealed or affected by adoption of Code.
28	•••	
29		Sec. 101-1-7. Definitions.
30	•••	
31		Building, accessory. The term "building, accessory" means a detached subordinate
32		building located on a lot or parcel with a main building the use of which is incidental to the use of
33		the main building.
34		
35		Building, main. The term "main building" means the principal building or one of the
36		principal buildings located on a lot or parcel designed or used to accommodate the primary use to
37		which the premises are devoted. Where a permissible use involves more than one structure
38		designed or used for the primary purpose, as in the case of apartment groups, each such
39		permitted building on one lot as defined by this Title shall be deemed a main building.
40	•••	
41		Use, accessory. The term "accessory use" means a use of land or structure, or portion
42		thereof, customarily incidental and subordinate to the main use of the land or structure and
43		located on the same lot or parcel with the principal use.
44		
45	•••	
46		Use, main. The term "main use" means the principal purpose for which a lot, parcel or
47		structure is designed, arranged or intended, or for which it is occupied or maintained as allowed
48 40		by the provisions of this Land Use Code. Dwellings on parcels meeting the definition of an
49		"agricultural parcel" shall be the main use.
50	•••	
51	Title	104 ZONES
52	CHAI	PTER 1 IN GENERAL
53	СНА	PTER 2 (RESERVED)
54	СНА	PTER 3 RESIDENTIAL ESTATES ZONES RE-15 AND RE-20

- 55 CHAPTER 4. GRAVEL ZONE G
- 56 CHAPTER 5. AGRICULTURAL ZONE A-1
- 57 CHAPTER 6. AGRICULTURAL VALLEY AV-3 ZONE
- 58 CHAPTER 7. AGRICULTURAL A-2 ZONE
- 59 CHAPTER 8. AGRICULTURAL ZONE A-3
- 60 CHAPTER 9. FOREST ZONES F-5, F-10, AND F-40
- 61 CHAPTER 10. SHORELINE ZONE S-1
- 62 CHAPTER 11. COMMERCIAL VALLEY RESORT RECREATION ZONE CVR-1
- 63 CHAPTER 12. SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONES R-1-12, R-1-10
- 64 CHAPTER 13. FOREST RESIDENTIAL ZONE FR-1
- 65 CHAPTER 14. FOREST VALLEY ZONE FV-3
- 66 CHAPTER 15. TWO-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONE R-2
- 67 CHAPTER 16. MULTIPLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONE R-3
- 68 CHAPTER 17. FOREST RESIDENTIAL ZONE FR-3
- 69 CHAPTER 18. RESIDENTIAL MOBILE/MANUFACTURED HOME PARK ZONE RMHP
- 70 CHAPTER 19. RESIDENTIAL MANUFACTURED HOME ZONE RMH-1-6
- 71 CHAPTER 20. COMMERCIAL ZONES C-1, C-2, C-3
- 72 CHAPTER 21. COMMERCIAL VALLEY ZONES CV-1 and CV-2
- 73 CHAPTER 22. MANUFACTURING ZONE M-1
- 74 CHAPTER 23. OGDEN VALLEY MANUFACTURING ZONE MV-1
- 75 CHAPTER 24. MANUFACTURING ZONE M-2
- 76 CHAPTER 25. MANUFACTURING ZONE M-3
- 77 CHAPTER 26. OPEN SPACE ZONE O-1
- 78 CHAPTER 27. NATURAL HAZARDS OVERLAY DISTRICTS
- 79 CHAPTER 28. OGDEN VALLEY SENSITIVE LANDS OVERLAY DISTRICTS
- 80 CHAPTER 29. OGDEN VALLEY DESTINATION AND RECREATION RESORT ZONE DRR-1

81			
82	CHAPTER 3	. RESII	DENTIAL ESTATES ZONES RE-15 AND RE-20
83	***		
84	Sec. 104-3-	-2 Pe	rmitted uses.
85		The	following uses are permitted in Residential Estates Zones RE-15 and RE-20:
86 87 88		(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;
89 90		(2)	Agriculture and agricultural experiment station;
50			
91	CHAPTER 4.	GRAV	EL ZONE G
92	Sec. 104-4-	1 Per	mitted uses.
93 94 95		ture sha	ravel Zone G, no building, structure, or land shall be used, and no building or all be erected which is arranged, intended or designed to be used for other than one be following uses:
33	or me	70 01 (11	e following daes.
96	•••		
97 98		(4)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
99			designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;
100	OHARTER 5	40010	
100	CHAPTER 5.	AGRIC	ULTURAL ZONE A-1
101	***		
102	Sec. 104-5-3	. Permi	itted uses.
103		The fo	ollowing uses are permitted in Agriculture Zone A-1:
104		(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
105		030 IBN	designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
106			devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use:

107 108		(2)	Agriculture, agricultural experiment station; apiary; aviary; aquarium.
109	CHAPTER 6.	AGRICI	JLTURAL VALLEY AV-3 ZONE
110			
111	Sec. 104-6-3	Perm	nitted uses.
112	The following (	ises are	e permitted in the Agricultural Valley, AV-3 Zone:
113 114 115		(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;
116		(2)	Agriculture, agricultural experiment station; apiary; aviary; aquarium.
117			
118	CHAPTER 7. A	AGRICU	LTURAL A-2 ZONE
119			
120	Sec. 104-7-3		
121	The following us	ses are	permitted in the Agriculture Zone A-2:
122 123 124 125		(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;
126		(2)	Agriculture, agricultural experiment station; apiary; aviary; aquarium.
127	s		
128	CHAPTER 8. A	GRICUL	TURAL ZONE A-3
129	•••		16.
130	Sec. 104-8-3 F	Permitte	ed uses.
131	The following us	es are p	permitted in the Agriculture Zone A-3:

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<ul><li>132</li><li>133</li><li>134</li></ul>		(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;
135 136	9772	(2)	Agriculture, agricultural experiment station, apiary; aviary.
100			
137	CHAPTER 9	. FORES	ST ZONES F-5, F-10, AND F-40
138			
139	Sec. 104-9-2	Perm	itted uses.
140	The following	uses ar	re permitted in Forest Zones F-5, F-10, and F-40:
141		(1)	Agriculture.
142 143	***	(7)	Cinna alcall annual college 440 at a constant and a
144		(7)	Signs shall comply with title 110, chapter 2, Ogden Valley signs, if located within the Ogden Valley area.
145		(8)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
146		(0)	designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
147			devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;
148		(9)	Single-family residences.
149	***		
150	CHAPTER 10	. SHOR	ELINE ZONE S-1
151	****		•
152	Sec. 104-10-2	Perm	nitted uses.
153	The following	uses are	e permitted in the
154		(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
155			designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
156			devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;
157		(2)	Agriculture, grazing and pasturing of animals.
158		(3)	Boating.
159	•••		

CHAPTER 11. COMMERCIAL VALLEY RESORT RECREATION ZONE CVR-1

161		
162	Sec. 104-11-3 Perm	nitted uses.
163	The following uses	are permitted in the Commercial Valley Resort Recreation Zone CVR-1:
		Tamey Hoself Hoseld Hoseld Will 1.
164	(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed
165		or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and
166		accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;
167	(2)	Art gallery.
168	(3)	Bank.
169	(4)	Bookstore/newsstand.
170	(5)	Beauty shop/barbershop.
171	(6)	Day spa/fitness center.
172	(7)	Deli/small grocery store.
173	(8)	Florist shop.
174	(9)	Gift shop, boutique.
175	(10)	Music and video store.
176	(11)	Restaurants, excluding those with drive-up windows.
177	(12)	Restaurant: fast food, excluding those with drive-up windows.
178	(13)	Sporting goods store.
179	(14)	Sports clothing store.
180	(15)	Public and private swimming pools.
181	(16)	Vendor, short term.
182		
183	Sec. 104-11-4 Condi	tional uses.
184	The following uses shall	l be allowed only when authorized by a Conditional Use Permit obtained as
185	provided in title 108, cha	apter 4 of this Land Use Code.
186	(17)	Beer parlor, sale of draft beer.
187	(18)	Bed and breakfast inn.
188	•••	
189	(34)	Restaurants, including those with drive-up windows.
190		
101	CHARTER 42 SINCLE	FAMILY DECIDENTIAL TONIES TO
191	CHAPTER 12. SINGLE-	FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONES R-1-12, R-1-10
192		
193	Sec. 104-12-2 Permitt	
194	The following are permitt	ted uses in the Single-Family Residential Zones R-1-12, R-1-10.

195 196 197 198 199		(1) (2) (3)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use; Agriculture.  Church, synagogue or similar building used for regular religious worship.
200	***		
201	CHAPTER 13	. FORE	ST RESIDENTIAL ZONE FR-1
202			
203	Sec. 104-13-2	Perm	nitted uses.
204	The following (	uses are	e permitted in the Forest Residential Zone FR-1:
205 206 207		(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;
208		(2)	Agriculture.
209		(3)	Animals and fowl kept for family food production.
210	•••		
211	CHAPTER 14.	FORES	ST VALLEY ZONE FV-3
212			
213	Sec. 104-14-2.	- Perm	itted uses
214			permitted in the Forest Valley Zone FV-3:
215		(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
216		14-00 DO	designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
217			devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;
218		(2)	Agriculture.
219		(3)	Animals and fowl kept for family food production.
220			
221	CHAPTER 15.	TWO-F	AMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONE R-2
222			

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223	Sec. 104-15	-2 Pei	rmitted uses.
224	The following	g uses a	are permitted in the Two-Family Residential Zone R-2:
225 226 227 228 229 230		(1) (2) (3)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use; Agriculture.  Bachelor and/or bachelorette dwelling with 24 or less dwelling units.
230			
231	CHAPTER 1	6. MULT	ΓIPLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONE R-3
232			
233	Sec. 104-16-	2 Pen	mitted uses
234			re permitted in the Multiple-Family Residential Zone R-3:
	3		- Fermined in the manaple raining residential Zone (4-5.
235		(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
236			designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
237			devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;
238		(2)	Agriculture.
239 240		(3)	Bachelor and/or bachelorette dwelling with 24 or less dwelling units.
240			
241	CHAPTER 17	. FORE	ST RESIDENTIAL ZONE FR-3
242	•••		
243	Sec. 104-17-2	Perm	nitted uses.
244	The following (	uses are	e permitted in the Forest Residential Zone FR-3:
245		(1)	Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
246			designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
247		(2)	devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use.
248 249		(2)	Cluster subdivision in accordance with title 108, chapter 3.
<b>44</b> 3	***		

## CHAPTER 18. RESIDENTIAL MOBILE/MANUFACTURED HOME PARK ZONE RMHP

251	
252	Sec. 104-18-2 Permitted uses.
253	The following uses are permitted in the RMHP Zone:
254	(1) Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
255	designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
256	devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use.
257	<ol> <li>Mobile/manufactured home park, trailer court, overnight recreational vehicle park,</li> </ol>
258	provided such park, or court meet the requirements and standards prescribed in
259	the county mobile home park ordinance.
260	
261	CHAPTER 19. RESIDENTIAL MANUFACTURED HOME ZONE RMH-1-6
262	•••
263	Sec. 104-19-2 Permitted uses.
264	The following uses are permitted in the Residential Manufactured Home Zone RMH-1-6:
265	(1) Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building main building
266	(1) Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
267	devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use.
268	(2) Manufactured home (double wide or wider) in an approved manufactured home
269	subdivision or manufactured home PRUD. (Single wides with or without room
270	expansions or extensions are prohibited.)
271	
272	CHAPTER 20. COMMERCIAL ZONES C-1, C-2, C-3
273	
274	Sec. 104-20-5 Uses.
275	In the following list of possible uses, those designated in any zone as "P" will be a permitted use. Uses
276 277	designated as "C" will be allowed only when authorized by a conditional use permit obtained as provided in title 108, chapter 4 of this Land Use Code. Uses designated "N" will not be allowed in that zone.
	C-   C-   C-

	1	2	3
Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;	Р	Р	Р
Air conditioning, sales and service	N	N	Р

278

279

CHAPTER 21. COMMERCIAL VALLEY ZONES CV-1 and CV-2

280 ...

281 Sec. 104-21-5. - Uses.

In the following list of possible uses, those designated in any zone as "P" will be a permitted use. Uses designated as "C" will be allowed only when authorized by a conditional use permit obtained as provided in title 108, chapter 4 of this Land Use Code. Uses designated "N" shall not be allowed in that zone.

	CV-	CV-
Academies/studios for dance, art, sports, etc.	С	Р
Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;	Р	Р
Animal hospital	N	С

285 ..

CHAPTER 22. MANUFACTURING ZONE M-1

287

288	Sec. 104-22-2 Permitted uses.			
289	The following uses are permitted in the Manufacturing Zone M-1:			
290 291 292 293	<ul> <li>(1) Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;</li> <li>(2) Any permitted use in a C-3 Zone except dwelling units.</li> </ul>			
294	(3) Agriculture.			
295	•••			
296	CHAPTER 23. OGDEN VALLEY MANUFACTURING ZONE MV-1			
297	<b>107</b>			
298	Sec. 104-23-2 Permitted uses.			
299	The following uses are permitted in the MV-1, Ogden Valley Light Manufacturing Zone:			
300	(1) Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building			
301	designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are			
302	devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use.			
303	(2) Agricultural implement repair.			
304	•••			
305	CHAPTER 24. MANUFACTURING ZONE M-2			
306	DI.			
307	Sec. 104-24-2 Permitted uses.			
308	The following uses are permitted in the M-2 Zone:			
309	(1) Any permitted use in an M-1 Zone.			
310	<ul><li>(1) Any permitted use in an M-1 Zone.</li><li>(2) Building material sale yard, blacksmith shop.</li></ul>			
311	(3) Contractors equipment storage yard.			
312				
313	CHAPTER 25. MANUFACTURING ZONE M-3			
314	***			
	D 42 - £45			
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315	Sec. 104-25-2 Permitted uses.			
316	The following uses are permitted in the M-3 Zone:			
317	(1)	Any permitted use in an M-2 Zone except dwelling units.		
318	(2)	Laboratories.		
319	(3)	Machine shop.		
320	(4)	Office, business, professional and governmental.		
321	(5)	Public buildings and utilities.		
322	(6)	Warehouse.		
323	(7)	Welding shop.		
324		Welding Shop.		
324				
325	Sec. 104-25-3 Cor	nditional uses.		
326 327	o bearing as provided in title			
328	(1)	Any conditional use in an M-2 Zone.		
329	(2)	Aircraft engine testing, including jet, missile and chemical engines.		
330	(3)	Blast furnace.		
331	(4)	Feed, cereal or flour mill.		
332	(5)	Forage plant or foundry.		
333	(6)	Manufacture, processing, refining, treatment, distillation, storage or compounding		
334		of the following: Acid, ammonia, bleaching powder and chlorine; fireworks or		
335		explosives, asphalt, chemicals of an objectionable or dangerous nature,		
336		creosote, disinfectants or insecticides; bones, coal or wood, fertilizer, gas, glue,		
337		size or gelatin, ore, potash, proxylin, rubber of guttapercha, plastic, tallow, grease		
338	(7)	or lard, tar, roofing or waterproofing materials, furs, wool, hides.		
339	(7)	Ore beneficiation, smelting, or refining of materials, steel or iron mills, mines,		
340 341	(0)	quarries; gravel pits.		
342	(8)	Petroleum refining.		
343	(9)	Manufacturing, fabrication, assembly, canning, processing, treatment, or storage of the following:		
344		<ul> <li>a. Acetylene gas, aircraft, airplanes and parts, automobiles and parts; alcohol.</li> </ul>		
345		b. Brick, brass.		
346		c. Candles, cans, celluloid, cement, copper.		
347		d. Dyestuff.		
348		e. Emery cloth, excelsior.		
349		f. Feathers, felt, fiber, fish, film.		
350		g. Glass, glucose, gypsum.		
351	<u>.</u>	h. Hair, hardware.		
352		i. Ink, iron.		
353		j. Lamp black, linoleum, line.		
354	4	k. Meats, machinery, mail, matches.		
355		I. Oil, oilcloth, oiled rubber goods, oxygen.		
356		m. Paper, paint, pulp, pickles, pottery, plaster of Paris.		

357			n. Shoe polish, stove polish, shoddy, soap and detergents, soda, starch,
358			sauerkraut, salt, steel, shellac.
359			o. Turpentine, tile, terra cotta.
360			p. Vinegar, varnish.
361			q. Yeast.
362		(10)	Metals and metal products extraction, treatment and processing including the
363			extraction, processing and manufacturing of magnesium chloride, magnesium,
364 365			potassium, sodium, lithium, boron, bromine and their salts or chemical
366		(11)	derivatives.
367		(12)	Missiles and missile parts.  Large scale photovoltaic solar energy systems designed to produce energy for
368		(12)	wholesale purposes.
369		(13)	Public utility substations.
370		(14)	Private recreation areas.
371		(15)	Railroad yards, shop or roundhouse; rock crusher.
372		(16)	Site leveling and preparation for future development.
373		(17)	Space craft and space craft parts.
374		(18)	Storage of petroleum.
375	CHAPTER 26. C	OPEN S	SPACE ZONE O-1
376	****		
377	Sec. 104-26-2	Permit	ted uses.
378	The following use	es are p	permitted in the Open Space Zone O-1.
270	i i	745	A THE STATE OF THE
379	(		Accessory building incidental to the use of a main building; main building
380			designed or used to accommodate the main use to which the premises are
381			devoted; and accessory uses customarily incidental to a main use;
382	(	(2)	Agriculture.
383	(	(3)	Botanical or zoological garden.
384	(	(4)	Cemetery.
385	(	(5)	Conservation areas: botanical or zoological.
386	(	(6)	Fishing ponds; private or public.
387	(	(7)	Golf course, except miniature golf courses.
388	(	(8)	Horse raising, provided conducted in a pasture of at least five acre size and with
389			a maximum density of two horses per acre.
390	(!	9)	Private park, playground or recreation area.
390		10)	Private park, playground or recreation area.  Public park, public recreation grounds and associate buildings, but not including privately owned commercial amusement business.
390 391	(	10)	Public park, public recreation grounds and associate buildings, but not including

395	Sec. 104-26-3 Conditional uses.						
396 397	The following 108, chapter	uses sh 4 of this	shall be permitted only when authorized by a conditional use permit as provided in title is Land Use Code:				
398		(1)	Golf driving range in conjunction wi	th a golf course.			
399		(2)	Public utility substations.				
400	•••						
401	CHAPTER 29	. OGDE	N VALLEY DESTINATION AND REC	REATION RESORT ZONE DRR-1			
402	•••						
103 Sec. 104-29-8 Land uses.							
	Use			Permitted (P) Conditional (C)			
	Residential Us	es					
	Single-family d	welling		Р			
04							
	Water pumping	plants a	and reservoirs	С			
	main building d	esigned e premis	dental to the use of a main building; or used to accommodate the main es are devoted; and accessory uses a main use;	P			

