GENERAL

- Changes to these contract drawings may be made only by an authorized representative of the engineer or architect. The architect or engineer shall not be held responsible or liable for any claims arising directly or indirectly from changes made
- without written authorization by an authorized representative. Omissions or conflicts between the contract drawings and/or specifications shall be brought to the attention of the architect/engineer before proceeding with any work involved. In case of conflict, follow the most stringent requirement as directed by the architect/engineer at no additional cost to the owner.
- 3. The contractor shall be responsible for means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures in order to comply with the contract drawings and specifications. The contractor shall provide adequate shoring and bracing as required for the chosen method of erection. Shoring and bracing shall remain in place until final connections for the permanent members are completed. The building shall not be considered stable until all connections are completed. Walls shall not be considered self-supporting and shall be braced until the floor/roof system is completed.
- The contractor shall coordinate with all trades any items that are to be integrated into the structural system such as openings, penetrations, mechanical and electrical equipment, etc. Sizes and locations of mechanical and other equipment that differs from those shown on the contract drawings shall be reported to the architect/engineer.
- The contractor shall submit a written request to the architect/engineer before proceeding with any changes, substitutions, or modifications. Any work done by the contractor before receiving written approval will be at the contractor's risk.
- The contractor shall verify all site conditions and dimensions. If actual conditions differ from those shown in the contract drawings, the contractor shall immediately notify the architect/engineer before proceeding with the fabrication or construction
- 7. The structural notes are intended to complement the project specifications. Specific notes and details in the drawings shall govern over the structural notes and typical details. Typical details and sections shall apply where specific details are not shown.
- Detailing and shop drawing production for structural elements will require information (including dimensions) contained in the architectural, structural and/or other consultants' drawings. The structural drawings shall be used in conjunction with the architectural and other consultants' drawings. Most dimensions and most non-structural elements such as elevations, depressions, slopes, mechanical housekeeping pads, etc. are not shown in the structural drawings. See the Architectural Drawings for dimensions, doors, windows, non-bearing interior and exterior walls, elevations, slopes, stairs, curbs, drains, recesses, depressions, railings, waterproofing, finishes, chamfers, kerfs, etc.
- Shop drawings made from reproductions of the drawings will be rejected. Review of shop drawing submittals by the engineer is for general compliance only and is not intended for approval. The shop drawing review shall not relieve the contractor from the responsibility of completing the project according to the contract
- 12. All work shall be done in accordance with OSHA requirements. Potential conflicts between these documents and OSHA requirements shall be brought to the attention of the structural engineer before proceeding with the work.
- 13. Site observations by the engineer and or architect shall not be construed as approval of construction, the procedures, nor
- 14. The terms "Engineer" and "Engineer of Record" (EOR) are meant to refer to an authorized representative of M J Structural

FOUNDATION

1.	Soils Report by:	IGES				
	Dated:	July 08, 2016				
2.	Soil Bearing Pressure:	2800 psf, on Native Soil or Compa				
3.	Frost Protection:	42 inches minimum				
4.	Lateral Soil Pressure Fluid Equivalent Density:					
	4.1. Active	40 pcf (retaining walls)				
	4.2. At Rest	60 pcf (rigid foundation walls)				
	4.3. Passive	360 pcf				
5.	Coefficient of Friction	0.4				

6. The soils engineer shall review all excavations and fill placement prior to placing concrete.

EARTHWORK

- 1. Clearing: The entire building area, including 3 feet beyond the building perimeter, shall be scraped to the depth necessary (4" minimum) to remove all vegetation, topsoil, loose/disturbed surficial soils, debris, undocumented fills, and any other deleterious materials
- 2. Proof Rolling: The natural undisturbed soil below all footings shall be proof rolled prior to placing concrete to check for the presence of unsuitable fills, soft spots, or other undesirable materials or conditions. Remove sub-grade materials that are unsuitable and replace with compacted structural fill.
- 3. Compacted Sructural Fill: All fill material shall be a well-graded granular material with a maximum size less than 4" and with not more than 10% passing a #200 sieve. It shall be compacted to 95% of the maximum laboratory density as determined by ASTM D 1557. All fill shall be tested. Compacted structural fill shall be placed in lifts not exceeding 8" in uncompacted
- 4. Floor slabs thicknesses shall be as indicated in the drawings and underlain by a granular layer at least 4" thick. The granular fill shall be free-draining fill such as "pea" gravel or three-quarters- to one-inch minus clean gap-graded gravel with not more than 5% passing a #200 sieve and shall be compacted to at least 90% of the maximum laboratory density as determined by
- 5. Consult the project specifications and soils report for further earthwork requirements. The soils engineer shall review all excavations and fill placement prior to placing concrete.

CONCRETE

1.	Materials unless noted otherwise:											
	1.1.	Normal Weight Aggregates	ASTM C 33									
	1.2.	Light Weight Aggregates	ASTM C 330									
		1.2.1. Light Weight Concrete shall not exc	.2.1. Light Weight Concrete shall not exceed 110 pcf (± 3 pcf)									
	1.3.	Fly Ash, Class F Pozzolan	ASTM C618									
	1.4. Reinforcing Steel		ASTM 615 Grade 60 (60 ksi)									
	1.5.	Deformed Bar Anchors (DBA)	ASTM A496									
	1.6.	Headed Stud Anchors (HSA)	ASTM A108									
	1.7.	Anchor Bolts: See steel and/or wood section(s	i) of general notes.									
	1.8.	Admixtures: Air-entraining admixtures shall co	mply with ASTM C 260 (when used). Calcium chloride shall not be added									
		to the concrete mix. Unreinforced concrete slabs on grade may have calcium chloride not exceeding one percent.										
	1.9.	Cement complying with ASTM C-150 shall be used for all concrete. See table of concrete properties for cement type.										

	CONCRETE USE	EXPOSURE CLASSIFICATIONS			CEMENT TYPE	(MIN) f 'c (psi)	(MAX) w/ cm RATIO	(MAX) FLYASH PERCENT	(MIN) AIR CONTENT PERCENT	(MAX) AGG SIZE	(MAX) SUMP	
In	terior Footings	F0	S0	P0	C0	II/V	3000	0.40	30	2	1"	5.00"
Ex	cterior Footings	F2	S0	P0	C1	II/V	3000	0.40	30	6	1"	5.00"
In	terior Slabs on Grade	F0	F0 S0 P0 C0 F0 S0 P0 C0		II/V	3500	0.40	30	2	3/4"	5.00"	
In	terior Walls	F0			II/V	3000	0.40	30	2	3/4"	5.00"	
Ex	cterior Walls above Grade	F1	S0	P0	C1	II/V	4000	0.40	30	5	3/4"	5.00"
Ex	cterior Walls below Grade	F2	S0	P0	C1	II/V	4000	0.40	30	6	3/4"	5.00"

1.10. No aluminum conduit or product containing aluminum or any other material injurious to concrete shall be embedded in

3. The contractor shall be responsible for the design, detailing, care, placement and removal of all formwork and shores. 3.1. Supporting forms and shoring shall not be removed until structural members have acquired sufficient strength to safely support their own weight and any construction load to which they may be subjected. In no case, however, shall forms and shoring be removed in less than 24 hours after concrete placement.

3.2. Suspended slabs shall be re-supported after form removal until concrete reaches its 28-day specified compressive

J.Z.	Suspend	ieu siabs shaii be re-supporteu arter form removal until concrete reac	iles its 20-day specified compress								
	strength	l.									
Reinfo	rcement s	hall have the following concrete cover:	<u>Clear Cover</u>								
4.1.	Cast-in-place Concrete										
	4.1.1.	Cast against and permanently exposed to earth	3"								
	4.1.2.	Formed concrete exposed to earth or weather:									
		#6 thru #18 bars	2"								
		#5 and smaller bars	1½"								
	4.1.3.	Concrete not exposed to weather or in contact with ground:									
		Slabs, Walls, Joists; #11 Bars and Smaller	3/4"								
		Beams, Columns: Primary Reinforcement, Ties,	1½"								
		Stirrups, Spirals	_								
Const	rustion loi	ata and Control Jainta									

- 5.1. All horizontal and vertical construction joints, including between top of footing and foundation walls, shall be intentionally roughened to a full amplitude of approximately $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 5.2. Install construction or control joints in slabs on grade at a spacing not to exceed 30 times the slab thickness in any direction, unless noted otherwise. Control joints shall be installed in slabs on grade so the length to width ratio of the slab is no more than 1.25:1. Control joints shall be completed within 12 hours of concrete placement. Control joints may be installed by either:
- 5.2.1. Saw cut with depth of $\frac{1}{4}$ the thickness of the slab
- 5.2.2. Tooled joints with depth of $\frac{1}{4}$ the thickness of the slab 5.3. Construction joints shall not exceed a distance of 125'-0" on center in any direction.
- 6.1. Use chairs or other support devices recommended by the CRSI to support bar and tie reinforcement bars and WWF prior to placing concrete. WWF shall be continuously supported at 36" on center maximum. Reinforcing steel for slabs on grade shall be adequately supported on precast concrete units. Lifting the reinforcing off the grade during placement of concrete is not permitted.
- 6.2. Contractor shall coordinate placement of all openings, curbs, dowels, sleeves, conduits, bolts, inserts and other embedded items prior to concrete placement.
- 6.3. All embeds and dowels shall be securely tied to formwork or to adjacent reinforcing prior to the placement of concrete. 6.4. No pipes, ducts, sleeves, etc. shall be placed in structural concrete unless specifically detailed or approved by the structural engineer. Penetrations through walls when approved shall be built into the wall prior to concrete placement. Penetrations will not be allowed in footings or grade beams unless detailed. Piping shall be routed around these elements and footings stepped to avoid piping.
- 6.5. Reinforcing bars shall not be welded unless specifically shown on drawings. In such cases, use only AWS standards. Do not substitute reinforcing bars for DBAs or HSAs.
- 6.6. Top of concrete columns shall be flush $(\pm \frac{1}{4})$ with bottom of supported cast-in-place members.
- 7.1. Lap splice lengths shall be detailed to comply with the "Reinforcing Bar Lap Splice Schedule" contained within the
 - 7.1.1. Do not splice stirrups and ties. Do not splice vertical bars in retaining walls unless specifically shown. Splices may be made with mechanical splices capable of 125% tension capacity of the bar being spliced. Mechanical splices shall be the positive connecting type coupler and shall meet all ACI requirements. Use "Cadweld", "Lenton" Standard Couplers, "Bar-Lock" or equal with internal protector. If mechanical splices are used, splices or couplers on adjacent bars shall be staggered a minimum of 24" apart along the
- longitudinal axis of the reinforcing bars. 7.2. At joints provide reinforcing dowels to match the member reinforcing, unless noted otherwise.
- 7.3. At all discontinuous control or construction slab on grade joints, provide (2) #4 x 48".
- 7.4. Provide corner bars at intersecting wall corners using the same bar size and spacing as the horizontal wall reinforcing. 7.5. All vertical reinforcing shall be doweled to footings, or to the structure below with the same size and spacing as the vertical reinforcing for the element above. Dowels extending into footings shall terminate with a 90° standard hook and shall extend to within 4" of the bottom of the footing. Footing dowels (#8 bars and smaller) with hooks need not extend more than 20" into footings.
- 7.6. See details for reinforcing around miscellaneous openings (8" to 36" wide). For openings wider than 36", contact the engineer. All recesses that interrupt reinforcing shall be reinforced the same as an opening.

STRUCTURAL STEEL

- 1. Codes and Standards: Fabrication and installation shall comply with the latest edition of the following: 1.1. American Institute of Steel Construction (AISC), "Specification for the Design, Fabrication and Erection of Structural Steel for Buildings," with "Commentary".
- 1.2. AISC "Code of Standard Practice" excluding sections 3.4, 4.4 and 4.4.1. 1.3. AISC "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A325 or A490 Bolts"
- 1.4. AISC "Seismic Provisions for Structural Steel Buildings."
- 1.5. American Welding Society (AWS), Structural Welding Codes D1.1, D1.3, D1.4, and D1.8, except as modified by the "Steel Construction Manual".

Material:

ASTM A992 (50 ksi) 2.1. Wide Flange Sections 2.2. Plate ASTM A36 2.2.1. Typical

2.6.2. Over 4 inches to 6 inches thick

2.7. Other Structural Shapes (M, C, etc)

- ASTM A572 Grade 50 2.2.2. Braced/Moment Frames 2.3. Notch-toughness requirements apply for Group 3, 4, and 5 shapes with flange thickness greater than $1\frac{1}{2}$ " and plate 2" and thicker which are a part of the Seismic Load Resisting System (SLRS). Minimum Charpy V-Notch requirements are 20 ft-lbs
- ASTM A53 Grade B Type E/S 2.4. Pipe 2.5. Hollow Structural Shapes ASTM A500 Grade B (46 ksi) 2.5.1. Rectangular 2.5.2. Round ASTM A500 Grade B (42 ksi) 2.6. Base Plates ASTM A36 2.6.1. Less than 4 inches thick ASTM A572 Grade 42
- ASTM A325 2.8. Bolted Connections 2.9. Anchor Bolts 2.9.1. All Columns unless noted otherwise: ASTM F1554 Grade 36 with ASTM A563 heavy hex nuts with Grade A hardened

ASTM A36

2.9.2. Braced Frame/Moment Frame Columns unless noted otherwise: ASTM F1554 Grade 55 (equiv to A572 Grade 55) ASTM F1554 Grade 105 (equiv to A193 Grade B7) with ASTM A563 heavy hex nuts with ASTM F436 minimum \(\frac{5}{6} \)"

- 2.10. Weld Filler Metal 2.10.1. Shielded Metal Arc Welding AWS A5.1, low-hydrogen only Low-hydrogen restrictions do not apply when welding sheet steels in accordance with AWS D1.3, including attaching
- these steels to structural members. 2.10.2. Gas-Metal & Metal-Cored Arc Welding AWS A5.18 2.10.3. Flux-Cored Arc Welding
- 2.10.3.1.E7XT-4 or E7XT-11 electrodes are not permitted. 2.10.4. Intermixing of welds made from self-shielded welding electrodes with gas-shielded electrodes is not allowed in seismic critical welds, unless tested in accordance with AWS D1.8, annex B. The Field Erection Contractor is responsible for verifying intermixing of self-shielded and gas-shielded welding will not occur, or alternatively, the
- welding procedure is qualified by testing. 2.10.5. Use E70 class electrodes only, unless noted otherwise. E60 class electrodes may be used for welding steel floor and roof decks. All electrodes to be low hydrogen.
- 2.11. Non-Shrink Grout
- 2.11.1. Non-shrink grout shall be prepackaged, non-metallic and non-gaseous. 2.11.2. Furnish certified independent test data to Structural Engineer.
- 2.11.3. Fluid Consistency (flow cone) = 20 to 30 seconds 2.11.4. Compressive Strength in 28 days = 7,500 psi
- 3.1. Provide full depth web stiffener plates at each side of all beams at all bearing points. Stiffener plates shall be the thickness called out below unless noted otherwise. Stiffeners shall be welded on both sides of the plate-to-flange and plate-to-web

nterfaces.	Do not weld into the web-to-flange fillet region of the member.									
	FLANGE WIDTH	STIFFENER THICKNESS	WELD SIZE							
	Less than 81/4"	1/4"	3/16"							
	8¼" to 12¼"	3/8"	1/4"							
	12½" to 16½"	1 ∕3"	5/16"							

- 3.2. Bolting and Fasteners
 - 3.2.1. Ordinary steel-to-steel connections, simple span framing, and beam/girder-to-bearing plates are the standard connection used throughout the design drawings, unless noted otherwise:
 - 3.2.1.1. Use A325N bolts or tension-controlled bolts. 3.2.1.2. Tighten these fasteners to a "snug tight" condition.
 - 3.2.1.3. Where a steel-to-steel connection is not shown, provide a standard AISC framed connection of one half
- the total uniform load capacity of the beam for the span and steel specified. 3.2.2. Pretensioned connections are shown on the structural design drawings. They join steel-to-steel connections, unless noted otherwise:
- 3.2.2.1. Use A325N or A325X bolts or tension-controlled bolts. 3.2.2.2. Pretension these fasteners as required by AISC "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A325 or a
- 3.2.3. Slip Critical connections (SC) are shown on the structural design drawings. They join steel-to-steel connections in Seismic Load-Resisting Systems (SLRS). 3.2.4. Fasteners and washers shall not be reused. Scrap dirty, rusted, or water-contaminated bolt assemblies.
- 3.3.1. All intersecting steel shapes which are not bolted shall be connected by a fillet weld all around, unless noted otherwise. Where fillet weld sizes are not shown, they shall be $\frac{1}{16}$ less than the thinnest of the connected parts for thicknesses $\frac{1}{4}$ " and larger. Fillet welds on plates less than $\frac{1}{4}$ " shall be of the same size as the thinnest of the
- 3.3.2. Field weld symbols indicate welds that may be performed in the field. The general contractor shall coordinate shop and field welds between the fabricator and erector. 3.4. Reduced Beam Sections
- 3.4.1. Fabrication of the reduced flange sections of beams used in SLRS is restricted to mechanically guided thermal cutting processes. Freehand cutting is not permitted. 3.4.2. Flange cuts shall meet the requirements of AISC 358.
- 3.4.3. Repair of gouges, notches, mill imperfections, shall conform to the requirements of the AISC and AWS provisions. 3.5. Weld Access Holes and Temporary Attachments
- 3.5.1. Fabricate beam copes and weld access holes using the geometry described in AISC 360 Section J1.6. 3.5.2. Runoff tabs are to be removed unless noted otherwise.
- 3.6. Backup Bars: Remove backup bars from all beam bottom flange connections in demand critical welds, unless noted otherwise. Backgouge the root and weld to sound metal. Reweld the gouged area and add a $\frac{1}{16}$ " reinforcing fillet weld. 3.7. Protected Zones: No connections, other than those on the design drawings, shall be made within the protected zone of the SLRS as identified in AISC 341.
- 3.7.1. Locate headed studs, welds, miscellaneous metal, etc outside of the protected zone. 3.7.2. Paint the protected zones with bright paint before and after fire coating operations to identify them.
- 4.1. Reinforcing Bars: Do not weld rebar except as specifically detailed in the drawings. In such cases, use only AWS standards.
- Do not substitute reinforcing bars for deformed bar anchors, structural bolts, or headed stud anchors. 4.2. Do not weld anchor bolts, including "tack" welds.
- 4.3. Headed Stud Anchor welding and Deformed Bar Anchor welding shall conform to the manufacturer's specifications.

Materials		

- 1.1. Dimension Lumber and Timbers (Sawn Lumber)
- 1.1.1. All dimensioned lumber shall comply with USDOC PS20.
- 1.1.2. Visually graded dimension lumber shall be Douglas Fir-Larch #2 or better.
- 1.1.3. Visually graded timbers (5" x 5" and larger) shall be Douglas Fir-Larch #1 or better. 1.1.4. Machine stress rated (MSR) lumber shall be 1600f-1.6E or better.
- 1.1.5. End jointed lumber may be used interchangeably with solid sawn members of the same species and grade with written approval from the Engineer. 1.2. Wood Structural Panel Sheathing
- 1.2.1. Wood sheathing shall be APA rated sheathing Exposure 1 unless noted otherwise and shall conform to the requirements for its type in USDOC PS1 or USDOC PS2. The panels must be identified by the trademarks of the approving testing and inspection agency. 1.2.2. Wood sheathing minimum thicknesses, span ratings, and nailing requirements shall be as indicated in the Roof and
- Floor Sheathing Schedule, unless noted otherwise. 1.2.2.1. Wood sheathing shall have the following minimum thicknesses and span ratings, unless noted otherwise:
- $\frac{5}{32}$ "(32/16), $\frac{19}{32}$ "(40/20) ²³/₃₂"(48/24) ¹⁵/₃₂" (32/16), ⁷/₁₆" (24/16)
- 1.2.3. Nails or other approved fasteners used to connect sheathing to the structure shall be driven such that their head or crown is flush with the surface of the sheathing. Do not overdrive fasteners. 1.3. Prefabricated Wood I-joists
- 1.3.1. I-joists shall comply with ASTM D5055 1.3.2. All prefabricated wood joists shall be as called out on plan and manufactured by the following: BCI: Manufactured by Boise Cascade.
- 1.3.3. I-joists of equal design properties as those called for on plan, including depth, stiffness and flange width may be substituted with written approval from the Engineer. 1.3.4. Handle, store and install all wood I-joists per the manufacturer's guidelines.
- 1.3.5. DO NOT cut or notch flanges. 1.3.6. Holes cut in the webs of the I-joists shall be per the manufacturer's guidelines. 1.4. Structural Glued Laminated Timber (GLB)
- 1.4.1. Structural glued laminated timber shall be manufactured and identified as required in ANSI A190.1 and ASTM 1.4.2. Glulam beams shall be the following species and combination number: 1.4.2.1. Simple-Span Glulam Beams: Douglas-fir 24F-V4 1.8E
- 1.4.3. Hybrid combination glulams with equivalent design properties may also be used with written approval from the 1.4.4. Appearance of members shall be Framing or Industrial appearance.
- 1.4.5. Camber: unless otherwise noted on the drawings, all stock glulam beams shall be cambered to industry standard 3500'-0" radius. Stock beams with zero camber are acceptable where available.
- 1.5. Laminated Veneer Lumber (LVL) , Laminated Strand Lumber (LSL), and Rim Board 1.5.1. LVL, LSL and Rim Board shall comply with ASTM D5456. 1.5.2. All LVL shall be a minimum of $1\frac{3}{4}$ " thick have the following minimum properties, U.N.O.: $F_{\rm b} = 2600 \text{ psi}$; E = 1.9x10⁶ psi; $F_{\rm v} = 285 \text{ psi}$; $F_{\rm t} = 1555 \text{ psi}$; $F_{\rm cll} = 2510 \text{ psi}$; $F_{\rm cll} = 750 \text{ psi}$

1.4.2.2. Continuous-Span and Cantilevered Glulam Beams: Douglas-fir 24F-V8 1.8E

- 1.5.3. All LSL shall be a minimum of 11/4" thick and shall have the following minimum properties, U.N.O.: $F_h = 1700 \text{ psi}$; $E = 1.3 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$; $F_v = 400 \text{ psi}$; $F_t = 1075 \text{ psi}$; $F_{cll} = 1400 \text{ psi}$; $F_{cll} = 680 \text{ psi}$ 1.5.2. All Rim Boards shall be a minimum of 11/4" thick and shall have the following minimum properties, U.N.O.:
- $F_b = 1130 \text{ psi}$; $E = 0.8 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$; $F_v = 355 \text{ psi}$; $F_{c,l} = 1415 \text{ psi}$ 1.5.3. Handle, store and install all LVL, LSL, and Rim Boards per the manufacturer's guidelines. 1.5.4. Connect multiple members together per the manufacturer's guidelines and as shown in the details. 1.5.4.1. Where discrepancies exist between the manufacturer's guidelines and the details shown in these plans, use the more stringent of the requirements.

1.63"

1.75"

- 1.6.1. All Nails shall conform with the tolerances specified in ASTM F1667, "Standard Specification of Driven Fasteners: Nails, Spikes and Staples."
- 1.6.2. All nails shall be common nails with the following properties: Nail Size Shank Diameter Min. Penetration into Support Member 0.131" 1.50" 1.63" 0.148"

0.148"

- 1.6.3. Nails with properties less then those listed above shall not be used without prior written approval from the Engineer. 1.6.4. Nails shall have round (full) heads. Nails with "T", brad, finish or casing heads are not permitted. 1.6.5. Deformed shank nails shall have either a helical (screw) or an annular (ring) shank.
- 1.7.1. Anchor Bolts: ASTM F1554 Grade 36 (or A307 Grade A/C or A36)
 - 1.7.1.1. All anchor bolts connecting the sill plate to the concrete foundation shall have a PL½"x3"x3" washer between the sill plate and the nut and have a minimum 7" embedment into concrete.
- 1.7.2. Connection Bolts: ASTM A307 Grade A/C or A36 1,7,2,1. All bolted connections shall have a standard cut or larger washer on both sides of the connection (between the head and the wood member and between the nut and the wood member).
- 1.7.3. Bolt holes shall be a minimum of $\frac{1}{32}$ " to a maximum of $\frac{1}{16}$ " larger than the bolt diameter. Holes shall be accurately aligned in main members and side plates or side members. Bolts shall not be forcibly driven. 1.7.4. All bolted connections shall have a standard cut or larger washer on both sides of the connection
- 2.1. All connection hardware shown shall be supplied by Simpson Strong-Tie Incorporated or USP structural connectors.
- 2.2. Install all hardware per the manufacturer's guidelines. 2.3. Connection hardware of equal design properties by other manufacturers may be substituted with written approval from the
- All fasteners in contact with pressure-treated or fire-treated wood shall be hot-dipped zinc-coated galvanized or stainless steel. 4. All wood in contact with concrete, masonry or soil shall be pressure treated or redwood.
- General framing and carpentry shall be connected as per "THE MINIMUM NAILING SCHEDULE" unless noted otherwise. Provide rim board or solid blocking at all joist, rafter, and truss bearing points U.N.O. Where blocking is used, it shall be at least 2" (nominal) thick full depth of joist and shaped to match slope of blocked member.
- 6.1. Rim board or blocking between joists shall be nailed to the wood plate at the top of the wall with one Simpson "A35" framing anchor per each piece of blocking. Fill all holes in the framing anchors with 8d x $1\frac{1}{2}$ " nails (12 nails per A35),
- 7. Provide approved bridging at 8'-0" on center maximum between joist or rafter end supports where both the top and bottom chord of the member are not braced with sheathing or wall board.
- 8. Built-up beams of 2x members shall be connected together as shown in the details. 8.1. Where a built-up beam connection is not shown in the details, built-up beams shall be connected as follows:
- 8.1.1. Members 12" or less in depth shall be spiked together with not less than 16d spikes at 12" on center, staggered. 8.1.2. Members more than 12" shall be connected together with ½" diameter bolts at 24" on center, staggered. Bolts shall be placed one-quarter of the depth of the member from the top and bottom of the member.
- 9. All bearing and shear walls shall have a minimum of 2 top plates. Splices in top plates shall be made as shown in the top-plate 9.1. Where a top-plate splice is not shown in the details, top plates splices shall be staggered a minimum of 4'-0" from the nearest splice in adjoining top plate and spiked together with a minimum of (20) 16d nails between splices unless noted
- otherwise. 10. Provide a double joist under parallel partitions. 11. Do not cut or notch any wood stud greater than 25% of its width. Do not bore a hole in any wood stud greater in diameter than 40% of its width. Bored holes shall be centered in the stud whenever possible. In no case shall the edge of any bored hole be nearer than 1" to the edge of the stud. Bored holes shall not be located at the same section of stud as a cut or notch.

11.1. Bored holes up to 60% of the stud width are allowed provided that an additional stud is placed adjacent to the stud to be

bored, that the bored hole is centered in the stud, and no more than two successive sets of studs are so bored.

PREFABRICATED WOOD TRUSSES

1. Prefabricated metal plate wood trusses shall be designed, signed, and sealed by a Professional Engineer registered in the same state as the project location. They shall be designed to support the concentrated and uniform loads shown on the plans, unbalanced and sliding snow loads, and the following uniform loads:

Dead Load (Top Chord):	60 psf
Dead Load (Bottom Chord):	60 psf
Live or Snow Load (Top Chord):	167 psf
Live Load (Bottom Chord):	40 psf Does not occur concurrently with top chord live load
Max Total Load:	287 psf

Loads listed above do not include drifting, unbalanced, or sliding snow. Designs shall include an additional 9 psf Dead Load at all overbuild framing locations. A dead load no greater than 8 psf shall be assumed for the design of trusses and

Coordinate the truss design with mechanical equipment, fire sprinkling systems and hanging walls supported by the trusses. Provide additional trusses as necessary.

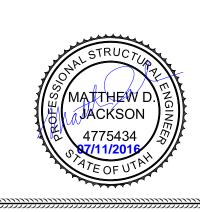
- 2. The deflection of all prefabricated wood trusses shall be limited to the following values:
- 2.1. Live Load 2.2. Total Load Span/240
- No stress increase is allowed for snow loads.
- All truss-to-truss connections shall be designed and provided by the truss manufacturer. Design, handling, erection, stability, and permanent bracing of metal plate connected wood trusses shall be in accordance with ANSI/TPI-1, National Design Standard for Metal Plated Connected Wood Truss Construction and the Truss Plate Institute publications entitled "Commentary and Recommendations for Bracing Wood Trusses" and "Commentary and Recommendations
- for Handling and Erecting Wood Trusses." 6. Steel Connector Plates: All steel gusset plates shall be galvanized and shall have a current ICBO approval. Values established by the approved ICBO report must be indicated on the shop drawings.
- 6.1. The minimum size for any connector shall be 8 in². 6.2. All steel gusset plates shall be located on the joint as the stresses require and shall provide a minimum bite of 2.5" on all
- tension members. 6.3. Plates shall be pressed or rolled into member to obtain full penetration without crushing the outer surfaces of wood. 6.4. All steel plate dimensions shall be increased by 10% above that required by analysis. Duration of load stress increases
- for steel connector plate design are not allowed 6.5. Submit a copy of the ICBO report for the connector plate used. No wane, knots, skips, or other defects shall occur in the plated contact area or scarfed area of web members. Plates shall be
- centered with one required each side of wood truss. 8. The truss shall be handled and stored in a manner to prevent moisture from being absorbed by the wood. 9. Shop Drawings: Complete calculations and shop drawings indicating all member forces, stresses, duration factors, lumber grades, dimensions, truss-to-truss connections, metal plate sizes and locations, and applied loads shall be submitted and reviewed by the engineer before fabrication. Each connector shall be dimensioned on the shop drawings as to its exact size and

POST-INSTALLED ANCHORS

- 1. Follow all ICC Evaluation Report and manufacturers' requirements and recommendations for post-installed anchor installation.
- Where conflicts may exist, the most stringent requirement applies. All holes in hollow, brick, or stone masonry shall be performed in the "rotary-only" mode with the hammer function off. Follow manufacturer and ICC evaluation report requirements for installation temperature of adhesive anchors. Adhesive anchors
- shall not be installed or cured outside of approved temperature ranges. 3.1. Adhesive anchors in concrete shall be
- 3.1.1. HIT RE-500 SD by Hilti (ESR-2322) normal weight concrete only 3.1.2. SET-XP by Simpson (ESR-2508)
- 3.1.3. PE1000+ by Powers Fasteners (ESR-2583) $\frac{1}{2}$ " to $\frac{7}{8}$ " diameter only 3.2. Adhesive anchors in grouted masonry shall be 3.2.1. HIT HY-150 MAX by Hilti (ESR-1967)
- 3.2.2. SET by Simpson (ESR-1772) 4. Mechanical (Expansion) anchors
- 4.1. Mechanical anchors in concrete shall be 4.1.1. Kwik Bolt TZ by Hilti (ESR-1917)
- 4.1.2. Strong-Bolt by Simpson (ESR 1771) 4.1.3. Trubolt+ by ITW Redhead (ESR-2427) 5. The Contractor may submit, for review and approval, the manufacturer's ICC evaluation report of alternate anchor systems. The

alternate method shall provide minimum capacities equal to or greater than those in the above noted anchors. The alternate

method shall be approved by the engineer of record prior to the substitution. 6. Special inspection shall be performed according to the requirements of the ICC evaluation report, per section 1704.13 of the IBC.





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REVISIONS

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1.1. Prefabricated Wood I-Joists (by wood I-joist manufacturer) Prefabricated Roof Trusses (by roof truss manufacturer)

1.3. Concrete Mix Designs (by concrete supplier) 2. These deferred submittals shall first be submitted to the project architect and/or engineer for review and coordination. Upon completion of the architect/engineer review, a submittal to the city shall be made (for city review and approval). The city submittal shall include a letter stating that the architect/engineer review has been performed and that the plans and calculations for the deferred submittal items are found to be acceptable (e.g., with regard to geometry, load conditions, etc.) with no

3. The final submittal shall be signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer licensed in the state in which construction will occur and shall be available at the jobsite throughout construction.

LEGEND	OF MARKS AND	INT	Interior
	/IATIONS	JST	Joist
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	77 (110110	JSTs	Joists
ALT	Alternate	K	Vin(S) - 1000 Pounds
ARCH	Architect	klf	Kip(S) = 1000 Pounds Kips Per Lineal Foot
		ksf	Kips Per Square Foot
BLDG	Building	KSI	Rips Fel Squale Foot
BLK	Blocking		
BN	Boundary Nail	LB	Pounds (#)
BOTT	Bottom	LSL	Laminated Strand Lumber
BRG	Bearing	LVL	Laminated Veneer Lumber
BTWN	Between		
BYND	Beyond	MAS	Masonry
O4417	0	(MAX)	Maximum
CANT	Cantilever	MECH	Mechanical
CGS	Center of Gravity of Strand	MEZZ	Mezzanine
C J CJP	Control Joint Complete Joint Penetration	MFR	Manufacturer
CL	Center Line	(MIN)	Minimum
CLR	Clear	MISC	Miscellaneous
CMU	Concrete Masonry Unit	MTL	Metal
COL	Column	4.0	
CONC	Concrete	(N)	New
CONT	Continuous		On Comban
CS	Coil Strap	oc OPNG	On Center
		OPP	Opening Opposite
DB	Deck Bearing	OSB	Orientated Strand Board
DBA	Deformed Bar Anchor	ОЗВ	Orientated Strand Board
DBL	Double	PCF	Pounds per Cubic Foot
DIM	Dimension	PERP	Perpendicular
DWG	Drawing	PL	Plate
		plf	Pounds per Lineal Foot
(E)	Existing	PRE-FAB	Prefabricated
EA	Each	psf	Pounds per Square Foot
ELEC	Electrical	psi	Pounds per Square Inch
EMBED	Embedment	PT	Post Tension
EN	Edge Nail	PT/DF	Pressure Treated Douglas Fir
EQ	Equal		
EQUIP EXT	Equipment Exterior	RD	Roof Drain
LAI	Exterior	REINF	Reinforce/Reinforcement/Reinforcin
FD	Floor Drain	REQD	Required/Requirements/Requiring
FND	Foundation	RTU	Roof Top Unit
FLR	Floor	CCLIED	Calcadada
FTG	Footing	SCHED	Schedule Seismic Critical Weld
FRT	Fire Retardant Treatment	SCW SIM	Similar
		STD	Standard
ga	Gage	STIFF	Stiffener
GALV	Galvanized	STL	Steel
GLB	Glued Laminated Beam	STRUCT	Structural
GSN	General Structural Notes	Sincer	Sauctara
		T&G	Tongue and Groove
HD	Hold-down	TEMP	Temperature
HDR	Header	TYP	Typical
HORIZ	Horizontal		
HSA	Headed Stud Anchor	U.N.O	Unless Noted Otherwise
HSS	Hollow Structural Section		
ICBO	International Conference	VERT	Vertical
TCDO	of Building Officials		
IBC	International Building Code	W/	with
100	Incorrational ballating code	WWR	Welded Wire Reinforcement
		WP	Working Point

QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN/SPECIAL INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS

1.1. Special inspections are required for construction conforming to IBC Chapter 17. The owner, or owner's agent, shall employ one or more approved agencies to perform inspections during construction of the types listed in IBC Section 1705 in addition to those inspections indicated in IBC Section 110.

1.1.1. See IBC Section 1704.2 for exceptions.

2. Special Inspector Responsibilities. 2.1. The special inspector shall provide written documentation to the building official demonstrating their competence, experience and

2.2. The special inspector shall keep records of the inspections and provide the inspection reports to the building official and engineer 2.2.1. Reports shall indicate if the inspected work was or was not completed according to the approved construction documents. 2.2.2. All discrepancies shall be brought to the immediate attention of the contractor for correction. If discrepancies are not

2.2.3. A final report detailing inspections and any corrections required shall be submitted to the building official at a predetermined

corrected, they shall be brought to the attention of the building official and engineer of record prior to completion of that

3.1. Construction for work requiring a special inspection shall remain accessible and exposed until completion of the required special

4. Structural Observations.

4.1. Where required by IBC Section 1704.5.1 and 1704.5.2 the owner shall employ a registered design professional to perform the structural observations as defined in IBC Section 202.

4.1.1. Prior to commencement of observations, the observer shall submit a written statement identifying the frequency and extent of the structural observations to the building official.

4.1.2. At the conclusion of the work, the observer shall submit to the building official a written statement that the site visits have been made and identify any reported deficiencies which have not been resolved. 4.2. Structural observations for seismic resistance shall be provided for structures assigned to seismic design category D, E, or F when

4.3. Structural observations for wind resistance shall be provided where Vasd determined by IBC Section 1609.3.1 exceeds 110 mph and when required by the building official.

5. Required Verification and Inspection 5.1. Inspection of fabricators

> 5.1.1. The special inspector shall verify the fabricator maintains detailed fabrication and quality control procedures that provide a basis for the inspection control of workmanship and the fabricators ability to conform to the construction documents and referenced standards. The inspector shall review the procedures for completeness and accuracy.

5.1.1.1. Special inspections shall not be required where the fabricator is approved in accordance with IBC Section 1704.2.5.2. 5.2. Steel Construction shall be special inspected according to the quality insurance and inspection requirements of AISC 360. 5.2.1. Items indicated as QC shall be inspected by the fabricator's or erector's Quality Control Inspector, as applicable, in

accordance with AISC 360 Sections N5.4, N5.6 and N5.7 to ensure work is according to the construction documents. 5.2.1.1. For QC inspection, the construction documents shall be approved shop drawings and erection drawings, and applicable

5.2.2. Items indicated as QA shall be inspected at the fabricator's plant and shall be scheduled by the Quality Assurance Inspector such that interruption of the work is minimized. 5.2.2.1. QA inspection of the erected steel system shall be conducted at the project site and shall be scheduled to minimize work

5.2.2.2. The QAI shall review the material test reports and specifications as listed in AISC 360 Section N3.2 for compliance with

5.2.2.3. QA inspections shall be performed by the QAI, in accordance with AISC 360 Sections N5.4, N5.6 and N5.7.

5.2.2.4. Tasks in the special inspection tables for the QAI shall be performed to ensure accordance with the construction

5.2.2.5. Concurrent with the submittal of reports to the building official, engineer of record or owner, the QAI shall submit inspection reports and non-destructive testing reports to the fabricator and erector.

5.2.3. Where a task is noted to be both QA and QC, it is permitted to allow coordination between the QAI and the QCI such that the inspection is performed by one party. Where QA relies on QC, the approval of the building official or engineer of record is

6. Non-Destructive Testing of Welded Joints

6.1. Ultrasonic testing (UT), magnetic particle testing (MT), penetrant testing (PT) and radiographic testing (RT), where applicable, shall be done by QA in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M. Acceptance criteria shall be in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M for statically loaded structures, unless otherwise designated in the design drawings or the project specifications. 6.2. Thermally cut surfaces of access holes shall be tested by QA using MT or PT, when the flange thickness is greater than 2" for built

up shapes. Any crack, regardless of size and location is unacceptable. 6.3. When required by AISC 360 Appendix 3, Table A-3.1, welded joints requiring weld soundness to be established by RT or UT shall

be tested by QA. Reduction in the rate of UT is prohibited. 6.4. The rate of UT is permitted to be reduced if approved by the engineer of record or the building official. Where the initial rate of UT is 100%, the non-destructive testing rate for an individual welder or welding operator is permitted to be reduce to 25%, provided the number of welds containing unacceptable defects divided by the number of welds completed is 5% or less of the welds tested. A sampling of at least 40 completed welds for a job shall be made prior to a reduction evaluation. When evaluating continuous

welds over 3 feet in length where the effective throat is 1" or less, each 12" portion of the weld shall be considered as one weld. When evaluating continuous welds over 3 feet in length where the effective throat is 1" or greater, each 6" portion of the weld shall be considered as one weld. 6.5. For structures in Risk Category II, where the initial rate for UT is 10%, the non-destructive testing rate for an individual welder or welding operator shall be increased to 100% if the number of welds containing unacceptable defects divided by the number of welds completed exceeds 5% of the welds tested. A sampling q of at least 20 completed welds shall be made prior to increasing the UT rate. When the reject rate, after sampling at least 40 completed welds, has fallen to 5% or less, the rate of UT shall be

of the weld shall be considered as one weld. When evaluating continuous welds over 3 feet in length where the effective throat is 1" or greater, each 6" portion of the weld shall be considered as one weld. 6.6. All non-destructive testing performed shall be documented. For shop fabrication, the non-destructive testing shall identify the tested weld by piece mark and location in the piece. Tests in the field shall identify the location in the structure, mark and piece

returned to 10%. When evaluating continuous welds over 3 feet in length where the effective throat is 1" or less, each 12" portion

6.6.1. When a weld is rejected, the record shall indicate the location of the defect and the reason for rejection.

6.7. Wood Construction 6.7.1. Inspection of prefabricated wood elements and assemblies shall be in accordance with item A above.

6.7.2. Inspection of high load diaphragms shall verify panel sheathing material, thickness, nail size, number of fastener lines, the

spacing between fasteners and the nominal size of framing members and adjoining panel edges. 6.7.3. For metal plate connected wood trusses spanning 60 feet or greater, the inspector shall verify the temporary installation of restraint/bracing and the permanent restraint/bracing are installed in accordance with the approved truss submittal package.

7.1. Special inspection for wind resistance is required when structure is in Exposure Category C or D, where Vasd as determined in accordance with IBC Section 1609.3.1 is 110 mph or greater. 7.2. Structural wood

7.2.1. Continuous special inspection of field gluing for elements of the main wind-force resisting system.

7.2.2. Periodic special inspection for nailing, bolting, anchoring and other fastening of components within the main wind-force resisting system, including wood shear walls, wood diaphragms, drag struts, braces and hold-downs.

7.2.3. Special inspection is not required for shear walls and diaphragms where fastener spacing is greater than 4" on center. 7.3. Wind resisting components

7.3.1. Periodic special inspection is required for roof cladding and wall cladding. 8. Inspection for Seismic Resistance

8.1. Special inspection for seismic resistance are required for the following: 8.1.1. Structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F in accordance with IBC Section 1075.11.1 through 1705.11.3. 8.1.2. Structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F in accordance with IBC Section 1705.11.4.

8.2.1. Continuous special inspection of field gluing for elements of the seismic-force resisting system. 8.2.2. Periodic special inspection for nailing, bolting, anchoring and other fastening of components within the main wind-force

resisting system, including wood shear walls, wood diaphragms, drag struts, braces and hold-downs. 8.2.3. Special inspection is not required for shear walls and diaphragms where fastener spacing is greater than 4" on center. 4775434

01 JUNE 2016 REVISIONS

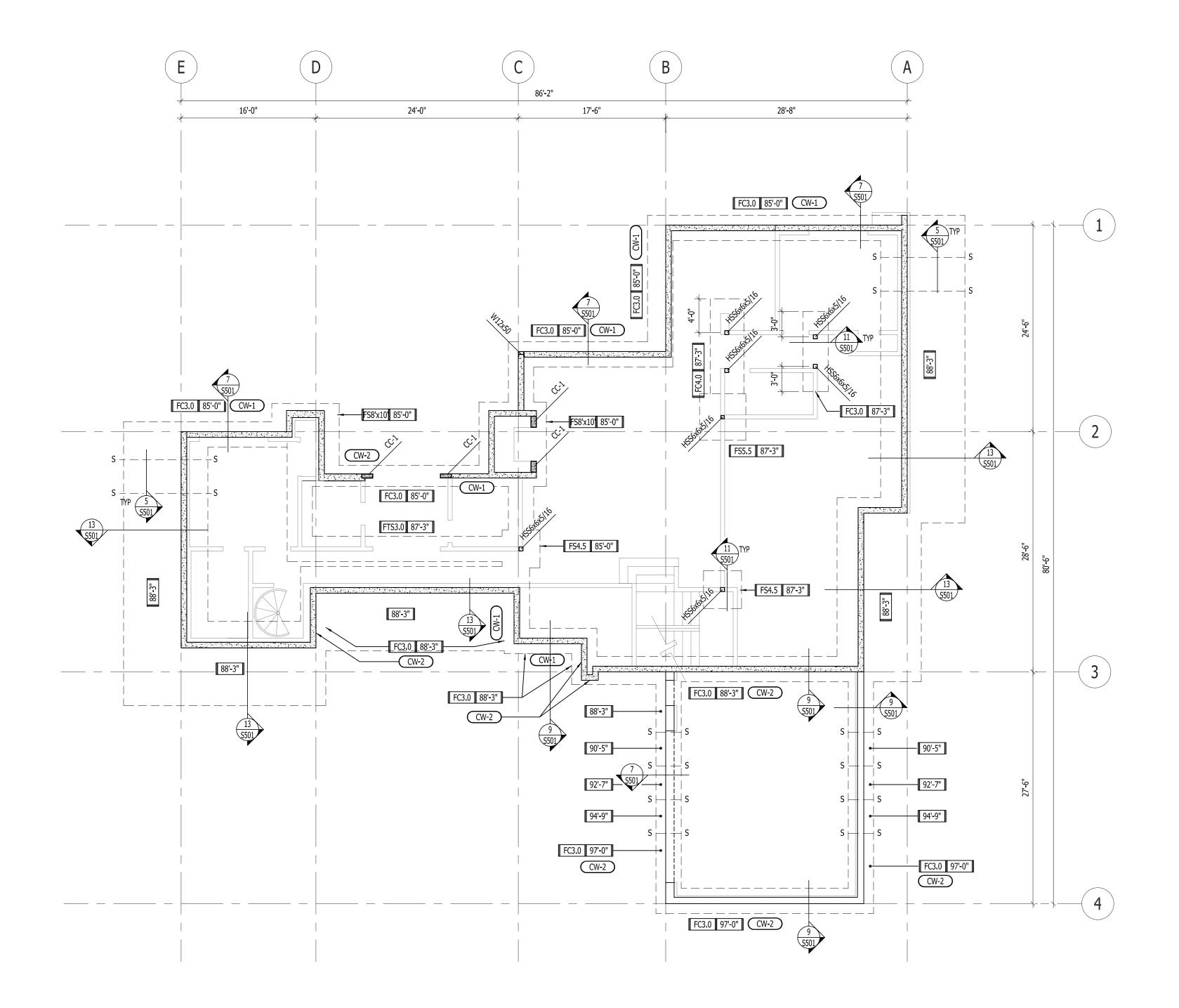
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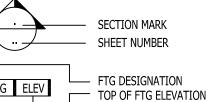


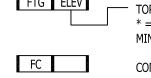




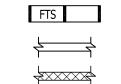
- SEE ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS FOR ALL DIMENSIONS. COORDINATE LOCATION OF DEPRESSED SLABS, SLOPED SLABS, AND FLOOR DRAINS WITH ARCHITECTURAL AND
- MECHANICAL DRAWINGS. SEE ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS AND CIVIL DRAWINGS FOR
- EXTERIOR CONCRETE WORK AT DOORS, SIDEWALKS, ETC. CENTER ALL SPOT FOOTINGS UNDER COLUMNS AS SHOWN ON PLAN, TYPICAL UNO.
- ALL WOOD FRAMING AT BUILDING PERIMETER WALLS (STUDS, SHEATHING, SILL PLATES, TOP PLATES, BLOCKING, RIM, HEADERS, ETC.) SHALL BE FIRE TREATED, SEE SPECIFICATIONS FASTENERS, (NAILS, BOLTS, HANGERS, CLIP ANGLES, HARDWARE, ETC.) IN CONTACT WITH FIRE TREATED WOOD SHALL BE GALVANIZED OR STAINLESS STEEL.
- SEE FOOTING AND FOUNDATION DETAILS FOR BURIED PIPES RUNNING PARALLEL AND PERPENDICULAR TO FOOTINGS.
- FOR TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION AND CONTROL JOINTS IN FLOOR SLABS SEE GSN & FOOTING AND FOUNDATION DETAILS FOR LOCATIONS WHERE CONTROL JOINTS ARE
- DISCONTINUOUS, SEE GSN & FOOTING AND FOUNDATION DETAILS. FOUNDATION WALLS TO BE REINFORCED AS SHOWN IN
- SCHEDULES AND DETAILS.
- 10. SEE GENERAL STRUCTURAL NOTES AND FOOTING AND FOUNDATION DETAILS FOR FILL BENEATH FOOTINGS. 11. ALL EXTERIOR WALLS, CORRIDOR WALLS AND PARTY WALLS
- ARE SHEAR WALLS. SEE SHEAR WALL SHEATHING SCHEDULE, SHEATH PER SW-1, TYPICAL UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. 12. STRAP OPENINGS IN SHEAR WALLS, SEE SHEAR WALL SCHEDULE.







* = LOCATE TOP OF FTG TO PROVIDE MINIMUM FROST PROTECTION, SEE GSN CONT FTG TAG, SEE SCHED

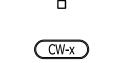


THICKENED SLAB FTG TAG, SEE SCHED CONC WALL, SEE PLAN AND SCHED MAS WALL, SEE PLAN AND SCHED

WOOD COL, SEE SCHED

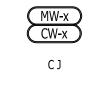
STL COL, SEE SCHED

SPOT FTG TAG, SEE SCHED

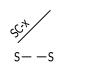


CONC WALL TAG, SEE SCHED MAS WALL ON TOP OF CONC

WALL, SEE SCHED



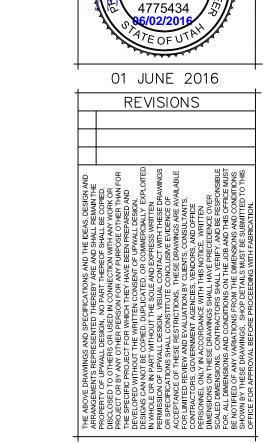
CONTROL JOINT, SEE FTG AND FND DETAILS AND GSN



STL COL TAG, SEE PLAN AND SCHED FTG STEP, SEE DETAILS

MAS COL TAG, SEE SCHED

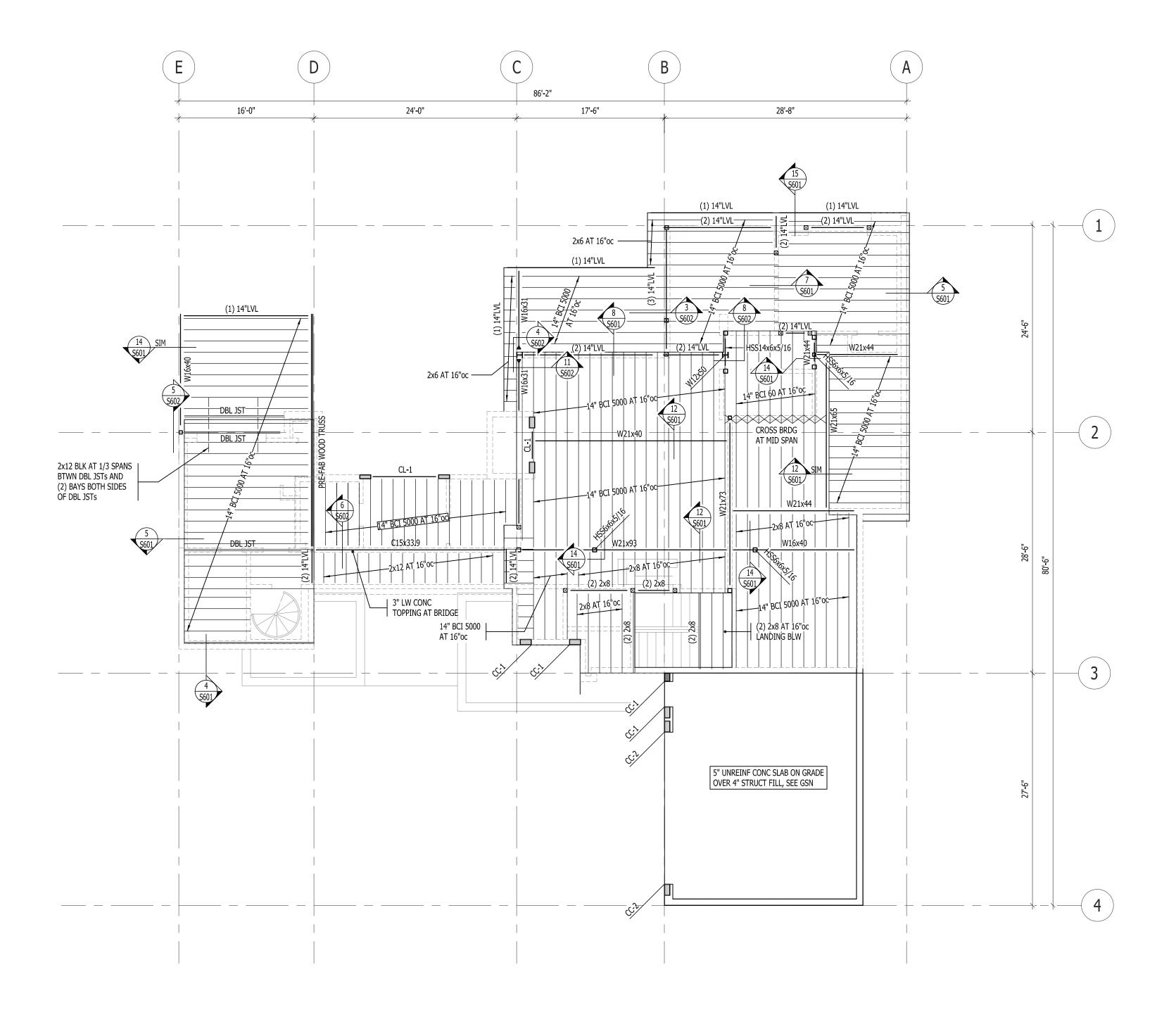
INDICATES DEPRESSED SLAB, SEE ARCH



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STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS 5673 S REDWOOD DR. SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84123





FLOOR FRAMING PLAN NOTES

- SEE ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS FOR ALL DIMENSIONS.
 VERIFY ALL FLOOR OPENINGS FOR MECHANICAL SHAFTS,
- STAIRS, ETC. WITH ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS.
- SEE FLOOR FRAMING DETAILS FOR FRAMING AROUND ALL OPENINGS.
 ALL SHEATHING SHALL HAVE STRENGTH AXIS (FACE)
- GRAIN) PERPENDICULAR TO FRAMING MEMBERS U.N.O. REFER TO SCHEDULE FOR SHEATHING TYPE AND NAILING REQUIREMENTS.

 5. ALL WOOD FRAMING AT BUILDING PERIMETER WALLS (STUDS, SHEATHING, SILL PLATES, TOP PLATES, BLOCKING, HEADERS, ETC.) SHALL BE FIRE TREATED, SEE SPECIFICATIONS
- HEADERS, ETC.) SHALL BE FIRE TREATED, SEE SPECIFICATIONS
 FASTENERS, (NAILS, BOLTS, HANGERS, CLIP ANGLES,
 HARDWARE, ETC.) IN CONTACT WITH FIRE TREATED WOOD
 SHALL BE GALVANIZED OR STAINLESS STEEL.
- 6. SEE THE MINIMUM NAILING SCHEDULE FOR CONNECTIONS NOT SPECIFICALLY DETAILED.
- 7. SEE DETAILS FOR PIPE PENETRATIONS THROUGH WOOD WALL TOP PLATES.

 8. FOR BUILT UP BEAMS AND COLUMNS SEE DETAILS
- FOR BUILT UP BEAMS AND COLUMNS, SEE DETAILS.
 IF TIE DOWN POST AND FULL HEIGHT BEARING POST OCCUR AT THE SAME LOCATION, USE LARGER OF POSTS SPECIFIED.
 SEE DETAILS FOR TYPICAL BEARING STUDS AND
- KING STUDS AT WALL OPENINGS.

 11. DO NOT RUN FLOOR JOIST CONTINUOUS ACROSS UNIT SEPARATION WALLS, (PARTY WALLS).
- 12. ALL EXTERIOR WALLS, CORRIDOR WALLS AND PARTY WALLS ARE SHEARWALLS. SEE SHEAR WALL SHEATHING SCHEDULE. SHEATH EXTERIOR WALLS PER SW-1 NAILING AND SHEATHING SPECIFICATIONS TYP, UNO. HOLD DOWNS ARE NOT REQUIRED AT THESE LOCATIONS.
- 13. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO PROPERLY BRACE WALLS, BEAMS, TRUSSES, ETC. AS NECESSARY

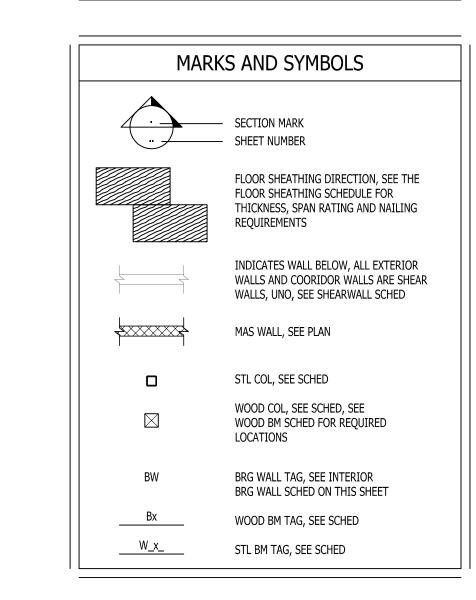
 14. THE TYPICAL WOOD FLOORS SHALL HAVE A SUB-FLOOR OF

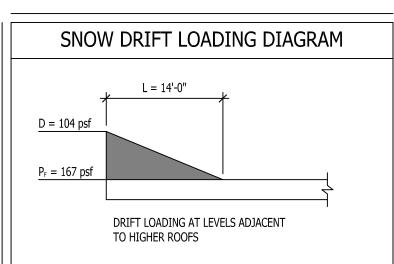
LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE OR GYPCRETE (NOT TO EXCEED 1")

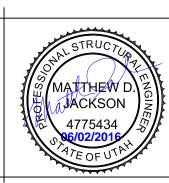
- WITH THE UNIT WEIGHT NOT TO EXCEED 110 PCF.

 15. COORDINATE THE LOCATION OF THE STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS SHOWN WITH THE DIMENSIONS ON THE ARCH DRAWINGS AND THE LAYOUT OF ALL MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND
- PLUMBING EQUIPMENT.

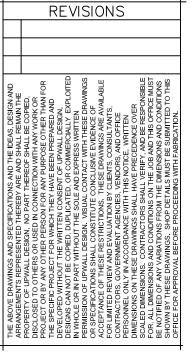
 16. SEE DETAILS FOR CONNECTION OF NON-BEARING WALLS TO FLOOR OR ROOF FRAMING.







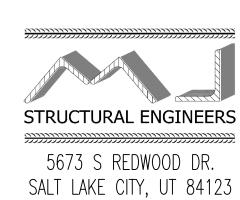
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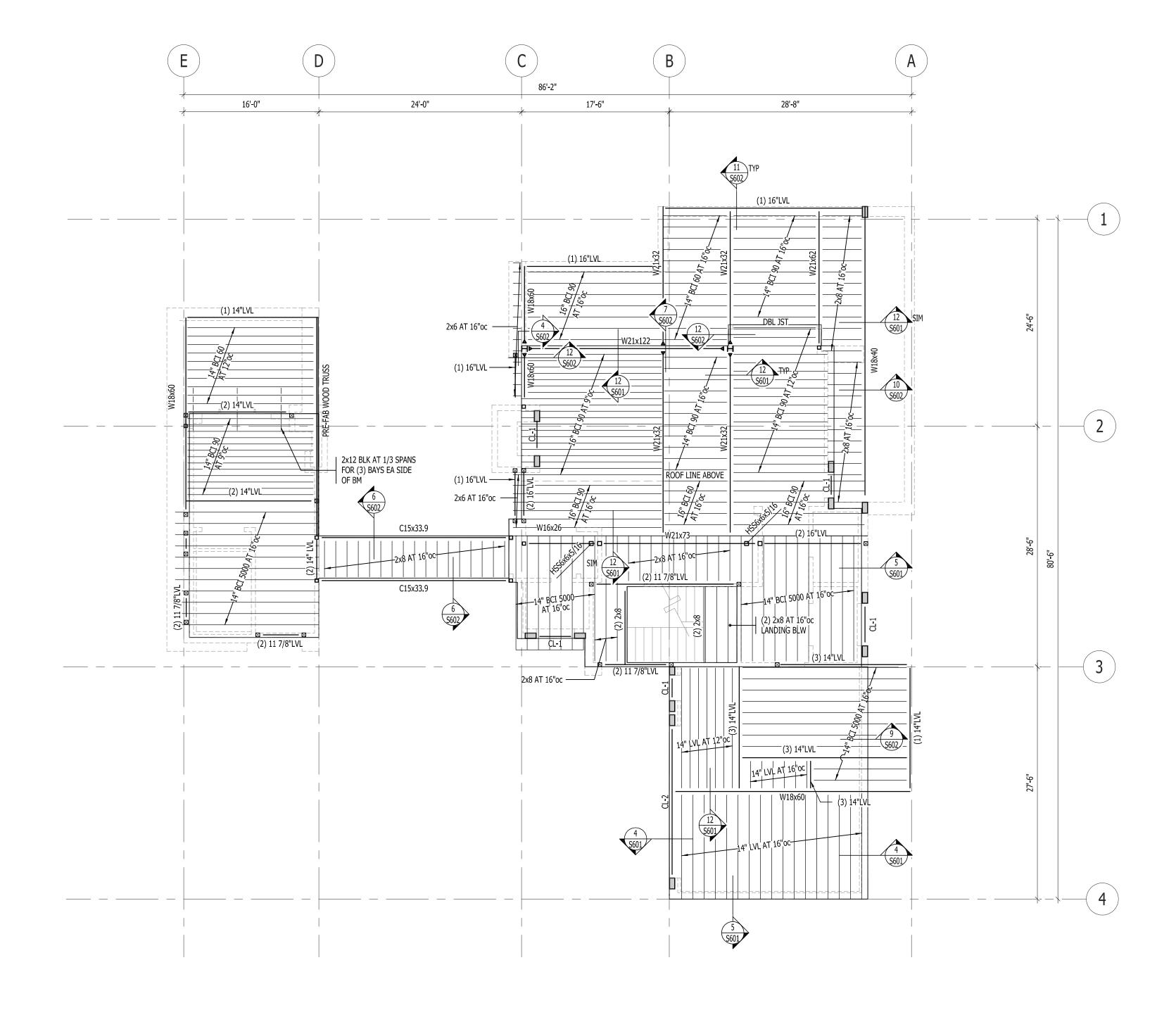
A NEW DESIGN FOR:

LOT 37 POWDER MOL

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FLOOR FRAMING PLAN NOTES

- SEE ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS FOR ALL DIMENSIONS.
 VERIFY ALL FLOOR OPENINGS FOR MECHANICAL SHAFTS, STAIRS, ETC. WITH ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS.
- STAIRS, ETC. WITH ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS.

 3. SEE FLOOR FRAMING DETAILS FOR FRAMING AROUND ALL
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 ALL SHEATHING SHALL HAVE STRENGTH AXIS (FACE
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- SCHEDULE FOR SHEATHING TYPE AND NAILING REQUIREMENTS.

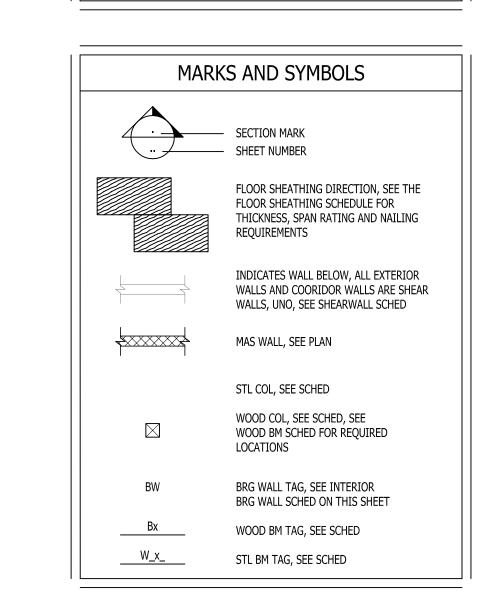
 5. ALL WOOD FRAMING AT BUILDING PERIMETER WALLS (STUDS, SHEATHING, SILL PLATES, TOP PLATES, BLOCKING, HEADERS, ETC.) SHALL BE FIRE TREATED, SEE SPECIFICATIONS FASTENERS, (NAILS, BOLTS, HANGERS, CLIP ANGLES, HARDWARE, ETC.) IN CONTACT WITH FIRE TREATED WOOD SHALL BE GALVANIZED OR STAINLESS STEEL.
- 6. SEE THE MINIMUM NAILING SCHEDULE FOR CONNECTIONS NOT SPECIFICALLY DETAILED.
- 7. SEE DETAILS FOR PIPE PENETRATIONS THROUGH WOOD WALL TOP PLATES.
- FOR BUILT UP BEAMS AND COLUMNS, SEE DETAILS.
 IF TIE DOWN POST AND FULL HEIGHT BEARING POST OCCUR AT THE SAME LOCATION, USE LARGER OF POSTS SPECIFIED.
 SEE DETAILS FOR TYPICAL BEARING STUDS AND
- KING STUDS AT WALL OPENINGS.

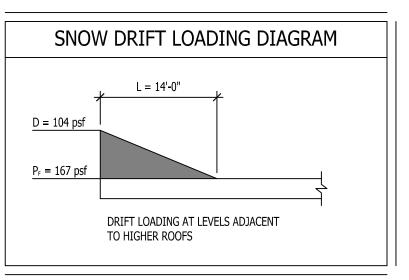
 11. DO NOT RUN FLOOR JOIST CONTINUOUS ACROSS UNIT
- SEPARATION WALLS, (PARTY WALLS).

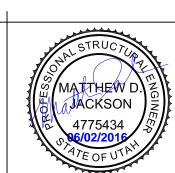
 12. ALL EXTERIOR WALLS, CORRIDOR WALLS AND PARTY WALLS ARE SHEARWALLS. SEE SHEAR WALL SHEATHING SCHEDULE. SHEATH EXTERIOR WALLS PER SW-1 NAILING AND SHEATHING SPECIFICATIONS TYP, UNO. HOLD DOWNS ARE NOT REQUIRED AT THESE LOCATIONS.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO PROPERLY BRACE WALLS, BEAMS, TRUSSES, ETC. AS NECESSARY
 THE TYPICAL WOOD FLOORS SHALL HAVE A SUB-FLOOR OF
- LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE OR GYPCRETE (NOT TO EXCEED 1")
 WITH THE UNIT WEIGHT NOT TO EXCEED 110 PCF.

 15. COORDINATE THE LOCATION OF THE STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS
 SHOWN WITH THE DIMENSIONS ON THE ARCH DRAWINGS
 AND THE LAYOUT OF ALL MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND
- PLUMBING EQUIPMENT.

 16. SEE DETAILS FOR CONNECTION OF NON-BEARING WALLS TO FLOOR OR ROOF FRAMING.







01 JUNE 2016 REVISIONS

ARRANGE DRAWNINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND THE IDEAS, DESIGN AND ARRANGEMENTS REPRESENTED THEREBY ARE AND SHALL REMAIN THE PROPERTY OF UPWALL DESIGN. NO PART THEREOF SHALL BE COPIED, DISCLOSED TO OTHERS OR USED IN CONNECTION WITH ANY WORK OR PROJECT OF BY ANY OTHER PERSON FOR ANY PURPOSE OTHER THAN FOR THE SPECIFIC PROJECT FOR WHICH THEY HAVE BEEN PREPARED AND THE SPECIFIC PROJECT FOR WHICH THEY HAVE BEEN PREPARED AND EDISCLOSED WITHOUT THE WAITTEN CONSENT OF UPWALL DESIGN. USES ON NO FURPORT THE SOLE AND EXPRESS WRITTEN PERMISSION OF UPWALL DESIGN. VISUAL CONTACT WITH THESE DRAWINGS APE AVAILABLE FOR LIMITED REVIEW AND ETHESE RESTRICTIONS. THESE DRAWINGS APE AVAILABLE FOR LIMITED REVIEW AND EVALUATION BY CLIENTS, CONSULTANTS, CONTRACTORS, GOVERNAMENT AGENCIES, VENDORS, AND OFFICE FOR LIMITED REVIEW AND EVALUATION BY CLIENTS, CONSULTANTS. CONTRACTORS, GOVERNAMENT AGENCIES, VENDORS, AND OFFICE MUST RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL IN NACCORDANGE WITH THIS NOTICE. WHITTEN DIMENSIONS ON THESE DRAWINGS SHALL WERFY, AND BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL IN PROSECUED OF ANY YARRATIONS FROM THE DIMENSIONS AND CONDITIONS SHALL WERFY, AND BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL IN PROSECUED OF ANY YARRATIONS FROM THE DIMENSIONS AND CONDITIONS SHALL WERFY, AND BE RESPONSIBLE SHOWN BY THESE DRAWINGS, SHOP DETAILS MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THIS OFFICE FOR APPROVAL BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH FABRICATION.

A NEW DESIGN FOR:

LOT 37 POWDER MOUN

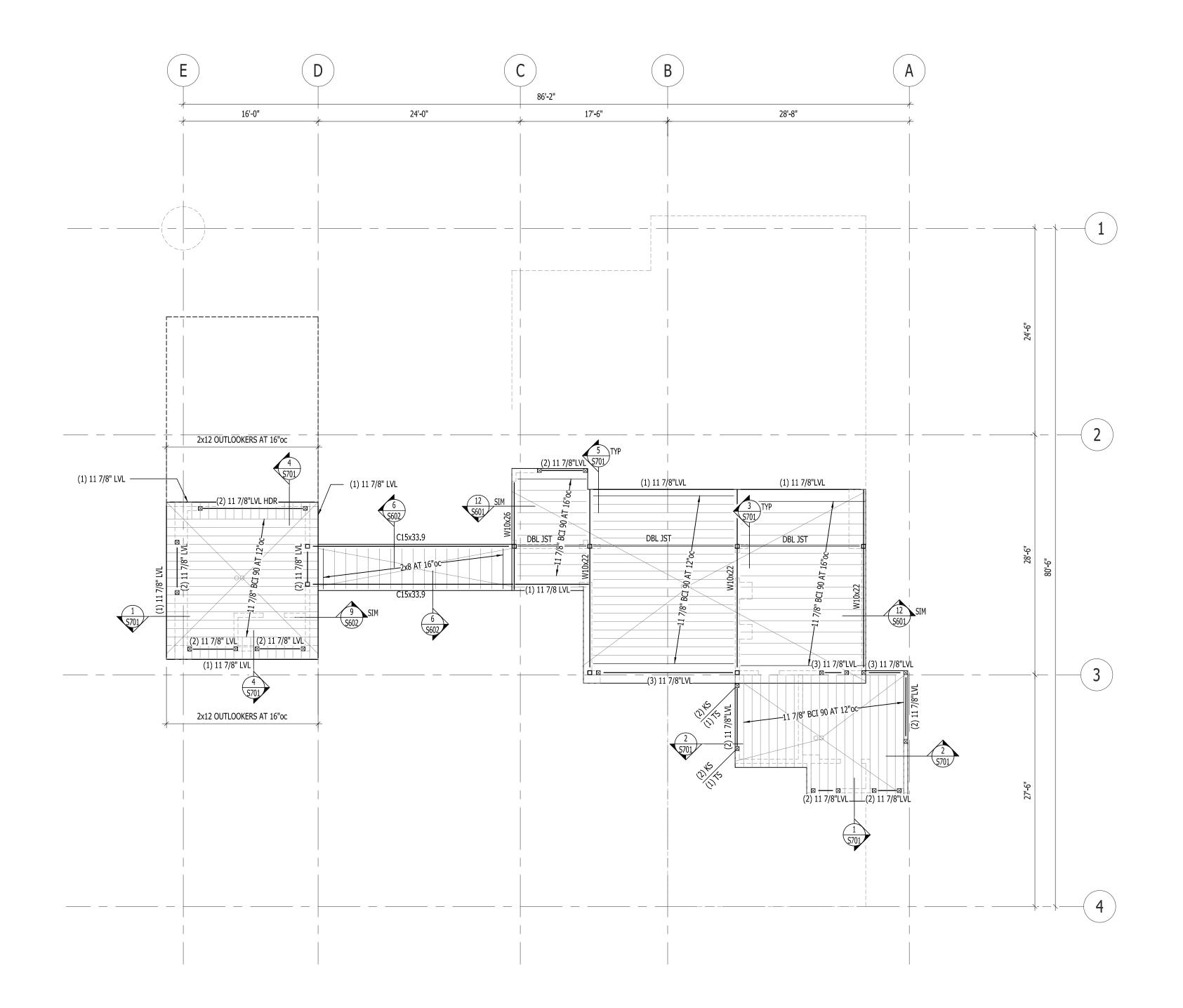
S EAST HOLLYWOOD AVE. S.L.C. UT (801)485-0708

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ENGINEERS

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ROOF FRAMING PLAN NOTES

- SEE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR ALL DIMENSIONS.
 VERIFY ROOF SLOPES, OVERHANGS, PLATE ELEVATIONS,
 PARAPET ELEVATIONS WITH ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS
 PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION
- PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

 3. REFER TO ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS FOR ALL CEILING ELEVATIONS AND SOFFIT ELEVATIONS AND DETAILS.

 4. ALL ROOF SHEATHING SHALL HAVE FACE GRAIN

SCHEDULE FOR SHEATHING TYPE AND NAILING

REQUIREMENTS.

ALL WOOD FRAMING AT BUILDING PERIMETER WALLS
(STUDS, SHEATHING, SILL PLATES, TOP PLATES,
BLOCKING, RIM, HEADERS, ETC.) SHALL BE FIRE TREATED,
SEE SPECIFICATIONS FASTENERS, (NAILS, BOLTS,
HANGERS, CLIP ANGLES, HARDWARE, ETC.) IN CONTACT
WITH FIRE TREATED WOOD SHALL BE GALVANIZED OR
STAINLESS STEEL.

PERPENDICULAR TO FRAMING MEMBERS U.N.O. REFER TO

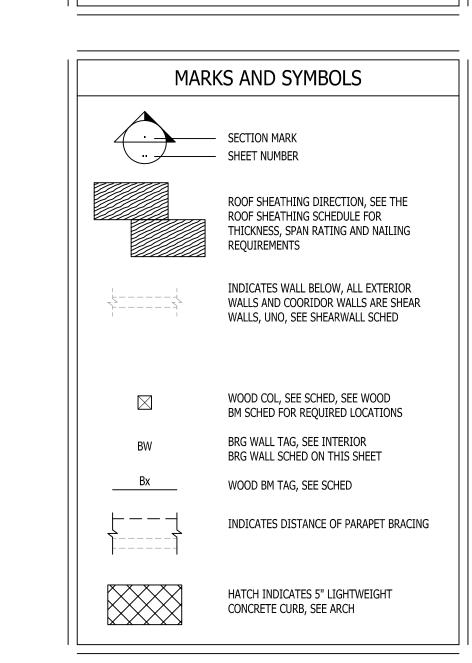
- 6. SEE THE MINIMUM NAILING SCHEDULE FOR CONNECTIONS NOT SPECIFICALLY DETAILED.
- 7. SEE DETAILS FOR PIPE PENETRATIONS THROUGH
- WOOD WALL TOP PLATES.

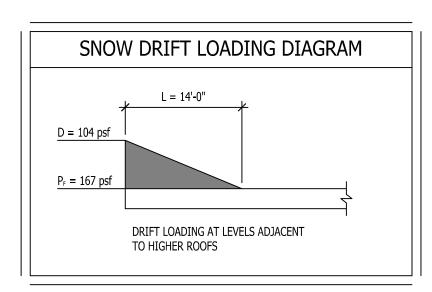
 8. FOR BUILT UP BEAMS AND COLUMNS, SEE DETAILS.

 9. IF TIE DOWN POST AND FULL HEIGHT BEARING POST
- OCCUR AT THE SAME LOCATION, USE LARGER OF POSTS
 SPECIFIED.
- 10. SEE DETAIL FOR TYPICAL BEARING STUDS AND KING STUDS AT WALL OPENINGS.
- ALL EXTERIOR WALLS, CORRIDOR WALLS AND PARTY WALLS ARE SHEARWALLS. SEE SHEAR WALL SHEATHING SCHEDULE. SHEATH EXTERIOR WALLS PER SW-1 NAILING AND SHEATHING SPECIFICATIONS TYP, UNO. HOLD DOWNS ARE NOT REQUIRED AT THESE LOCATIONS.
 CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO PROPERLY BRACE WALLS, BEAMS, TRUSSES, ETC. AS NECESSARY
- DURING CONSTRUCTION.

 13. TRUSS MANUFACTURER TO LOCATE PANEL POINT AT KICKER BEARING LOCATION AND DESIGN FOR 140 Ib POINT LOAD AT THAT LOCATION.

 14. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE LOCATIONS OF RTUS AND OTHER MECHANICAL UNITS.







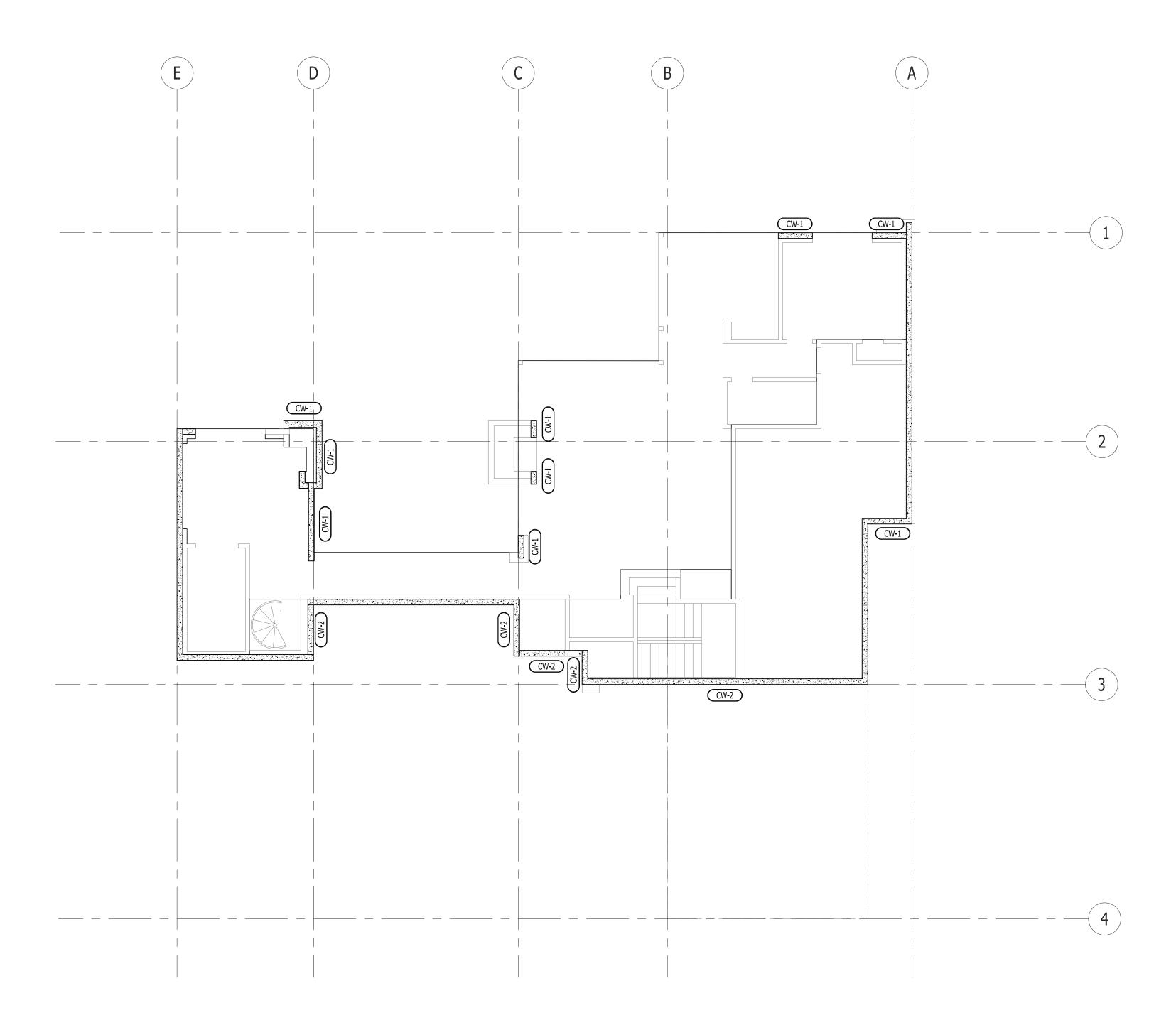
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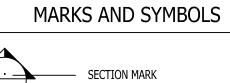


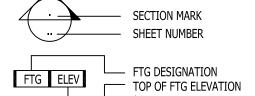


1 LOWER FLOOR SHEARWALL PLAN



- SEE ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS FOR ALL DIMENSIONS. COORDINATE LOCATION OF DEPRESSED SLABS, SLOPED SLABS, AND FLOOR DRAINS WITH ARCHITECTURAL AND
- MECHANICAL DRAWINGS.
- SEE ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS AND CIVIL DRAWINGS FOR EXTERIOR CONCRETE WORK AT DOORS, SIDEWALKS, ETC. 4. CENTER ALL SPOT FOOTINGS UNDER COLUMNS AS SHOWN ON PLAN, TYPICAL UNO.
- ALL WOOD FRAMING AT BUILDING PERIMETER WALLS (STUDS, SHEATHING, SILL PLATES, TOP PLATES, BLOCKING, RIM, HEADERS, ETC.) SHALL BE FIRE TREATED, SEE SPECIFICATIONS FASTENERS, (NAILS, BOLTS, HANGERS, CLIP ANGLES, HARDWARE, ETC.) IN CONTACT WITH FIRE TREATED WOOD
- SHALL BE GALVANIZED OR STAINLESS STEEL. 5. SEE FOOTING AND FOUNDATION DETAILS FOR BURIED PIPES RUNNING PARALLEL AND PERPENDICULAR TO FOOTINGS.
- FOR TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION AND CONTROL JOINTS IN FLOOR SLABS SEE GSN & FOOTING AND FOUNDATION DETAILS 8. FOR LOCATIONS WHERE CONTROL JOINTS ARE
- DISCONTINUOUS, SEE GSN & FOOTING AND FOUNDATION DETAILS. 9. FOUNDATION WALLS TO BE REINFORCED AS SHOWN IN
- SCHEDULES AND DETAILS. 10. SEE GENERAL STRUCTURAL NOTES AND FOOTING AND FOUNDATION DETAILS FOR FILL BENEATH FOOTINGS.
- 11. ALL EXTERIOR WALLS, CORRIDOR WALLS AND PARTY WALLS ARE SHEAR WALLS. SEE SHEAR WALL SHEATHING SCHEDULE, SHEATH PER SW-1, TYPICAL UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. 12. STRAP OPENINGS IN SHEAR WALLS, SEE SHEAR WALL SCHEDULE.





* = LOCATE TOP OF FTG TO PROVIDE

CONC WALL, SEE PLAN AND SCHED

MAS WALL, SEE PLAN AND SCHED

WOOD COL, SEE SCHED

MINIMUM FROST PROTECTION, SEE GSN FC CONT FTG TAG, SEE SCHED

SPOT FTG TAG, SEE SCHED THICKENED SLAB FTG TAG, SEE SCHED

STL COL, SEE SCHED CW-x CONC WALL TAG, SEE SCHED

MW-x CW-x CJ

WALL, SEE SCHED CONTROL JOINT, SEE FTG AND FND DETAILS AND GSN

MAS WALL ON TOP OF CONC

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STL COL TAG, SEE PLAN AND SCHED

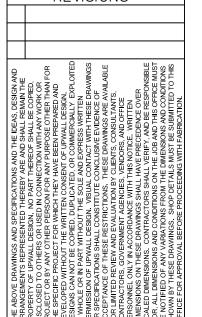
INDICATES DEPRESSED SLAB, SEE ARCH

FTG STEP, SEE DETAILS

MAS COL TAG, SEE SCHED

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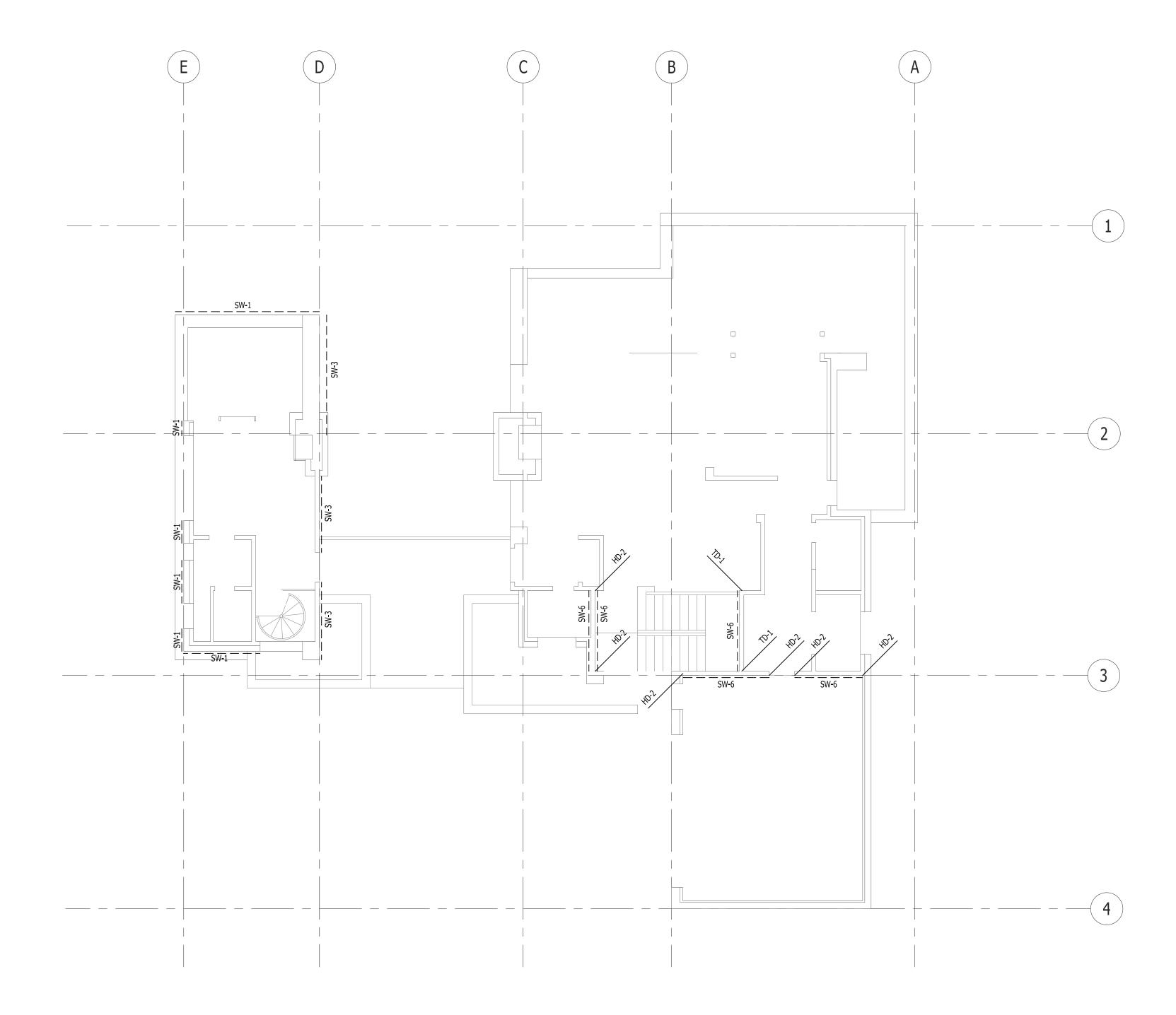
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MAIN FLOOR WOOD SHEARWALL PLAN

FLOOR FRAMING PLAN NOTES

- SEE ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS FOR ALL DIMENSIONS.
 VERIFY ALL FLOOR OPENINGS FOR MECHANICAL SHAFTS,
- STAIRS, ETC. WITH ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS.

 3. SEE FLOOR FRAMING DETAILS FOR FRAMING AROUND ALL
- 4. ALL SHEATHING SHALL HAVE STRENGTH AXIS (FACE GRAIN) PERPENDICULAR TO FRAMING MEMBERS U.N.O. REFER TO SCHEDULE FOR SHEATHING TYPE AND NAILING REQUIREMENTS.
 5. ALL WOOD FRAMING AT BUILDING PERIMETER WALLS (STUDS, SHEATHING, SILL PLATES, TOP PLATES, BLOCKING, HEADERS, ETC.) SHALL BE FIRE TREATED, SEE SPECIFICATIONS

FASTENERS, (NAILS, BOLTS, HANGERS, CLIP ANGLES,

- HARDWARE, ETC.) IN CONTACT WITH FIRE TREATED WOOD SHALL BE GALVANIZED OR STAINLESS STEEL.

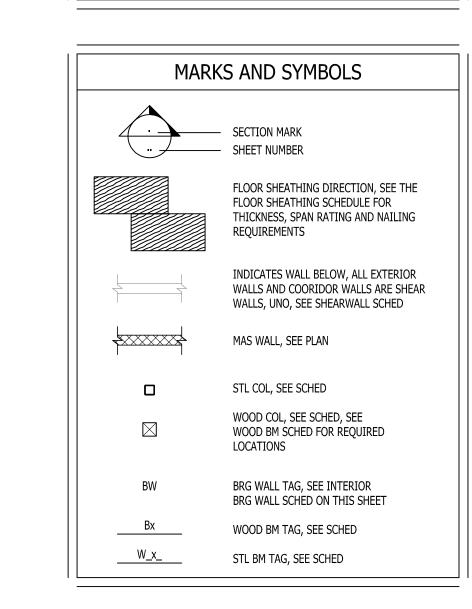
 6. SEE THE MINIMUM NAILING SCHEDULE FOR CONNECTIONS NOT SPECIFICALLY DETAILED.
- 7. SEE DETAILS FOR PIPE PENETRATIONS THROUGH WOOD WALL TOP PLATES.
- TOP PLATES.

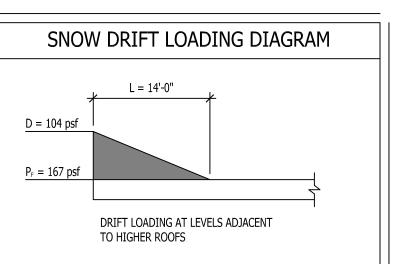
 8. FOR BUILT UP BEAMS AND COLUMNS, SEE DETAILS.

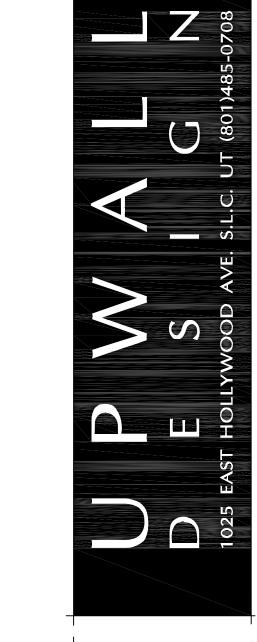
 9. IF TIE DOWN POST AND FULL HEIGHT BEARING POST OCCUR
- AT THE SAME LOCATION, USE LARGER OF POSTS SPECIFIED.

 10. SEE DETAILS FOR TYPICAL BEARING STUDS AND KING STUDS AT WALL OPENINGS.
- 11. DO NOT RUN FLOOR JOIST CONTINUOUS ACROSS UNIT SEPARATION WALLS, (PARTY WALLS).
- 12. ALL EXTERIOR WALLS, CORRIDOR WALLS AND PARTY WALLS ARE SHEARWALLS. SEE SHEAR WALL SHEATHING SCHEDULE. SHEATH EXTERIOR WALLS PER SW-1 NAILING AND SHEATHING SPECIFICATIONS TYP, UNO. HOLD DOWNS ARE NOT REQUIRED AT THESE LOCATIONS.
- 13. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO PROPERLY BRACE WALLS, BEAMS, TRUSSES, ETC. AS NECESSARY
- 14. THE TYPICAL WOOD FLOORS SHALL HAVE A SUB-FLOOR OF LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE OR GYPCRETE (NOT TO EXCEED 1") WITH THE UNIT WEIGHT NOT TO EXCEED 110 PCF.
- 15. COORDINATE THE LOCATION OF THE STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS SHOWN WITH THE DIMENSIONS ON THE ARCH DRAWINGS AND THE LAYOUT OF ALL MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND
- PLUMBING EQUIPMENT.

 16. SEE DETAILS FOR CONNECTION OF NON-BEARING WALLS TO FLOOR OR ROOF FRAMING.







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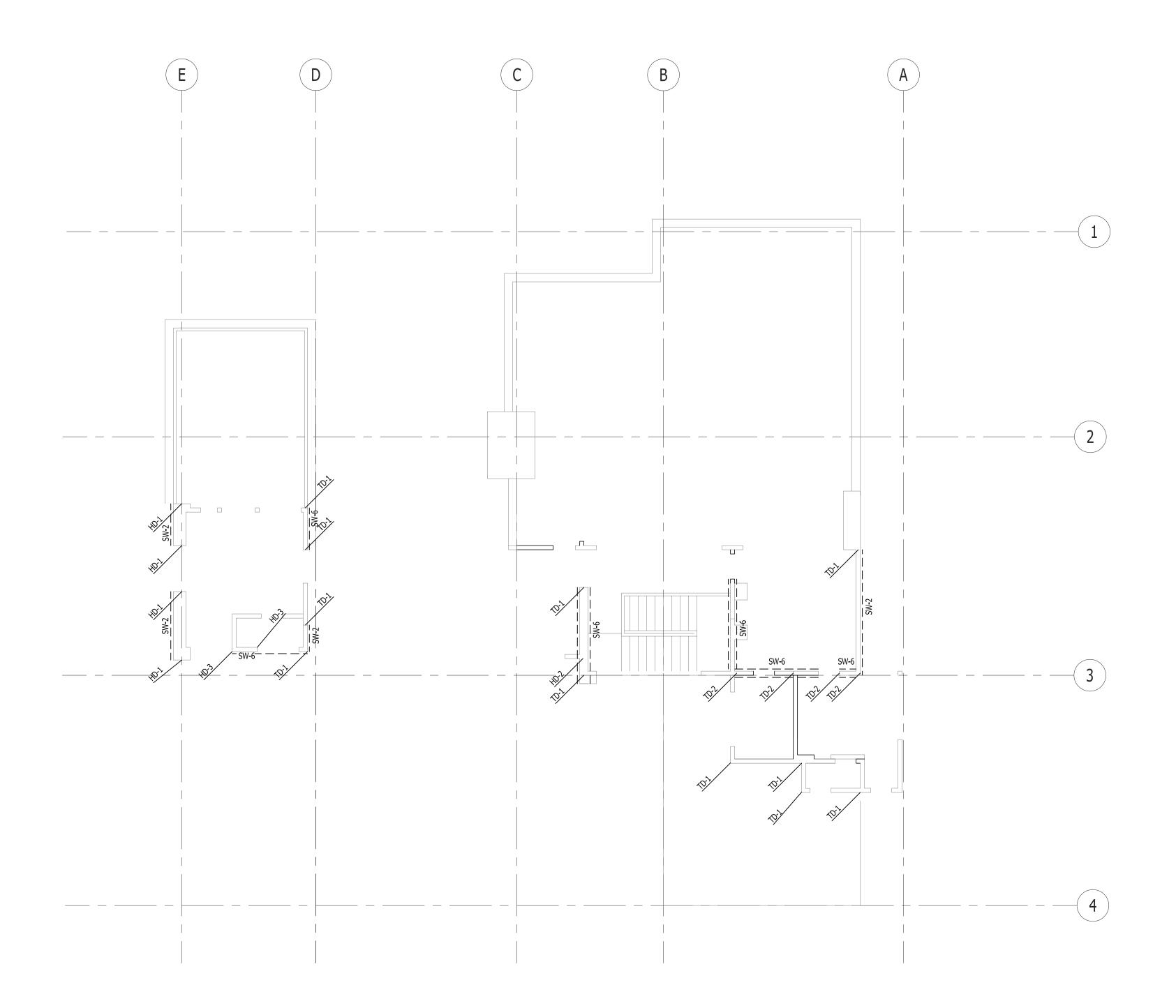
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1 UPPER FLOOR SHEARWALL PLAN

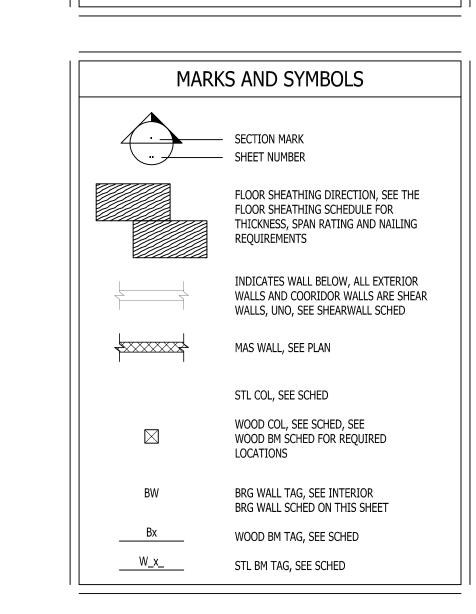
FLOOR FRAMING PLAN NOTES

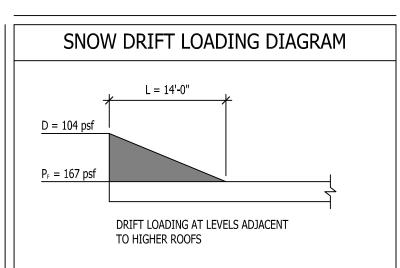
- SEE ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS FOR ALL DIMENSIONS.
 VERIFY ALL FLOOR OPENINGS FOR MECHANICAL SHAFTS,
- STAIRS, ETC. WITH ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS.

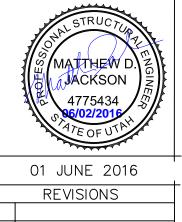
 3. SEE FLOOR FRAMING DETAILS FOR FRAMING AROUND ALL
- 4. ALL SHEATHING SHALL HAVE STRENGTH AXIS (FACE GRAIN) PERPENDICULAR TO FRAMING MEMBERS U.N.O. REFER TO SCHEDULE FOR SHEATHING TYPE AND NAILING REQUIREMENTS.
 5. ALL WOOD FRAMING AT BUILDING PERIMETER WALLS (STUDS, SHEATHING, SILL PLATES, TOP PLATES, BLOCKING,
- SHEATHING, SILL PLATES, TOP PLATES, BLOCKING,
 HEADERS, ETC.) SHALL BE FIRE TREATED, SEE SPECIFICATIONS
 FASTENERS, (NAILS, BOLTS, HANGERS, CLIP ANGLES,
 HARDWARE, ETC.) IN CONTACT WITH FIRE TREATED WOOD
 SHALL BE GALVANIZED OR STAINLESS STEEL.
- SEE THE MINIMUM NAILING SCHEDULE FOR
 CONNECTIONS NOT SPECIFICALLY DETAILED.
 SEE DETAILS FOR PIPE PENETRATIONS THROUGH WOOD WALL
- TOP PLATES.
 8. FOR BUILT UP BEAMS AND COLUMNS, SEE DETAILS.
- 9. IF TIE DOWN POST AND FULL HEIGHT BEARING POST OCCUR
 AT THE SAME LOCATION, USE LARGER OF POSTS SPECIFIED.

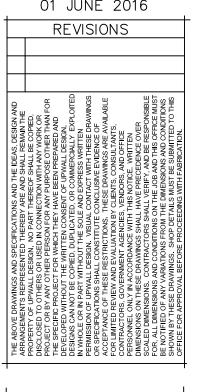
 10. SEE DETAILS FOR TYPICAL BEARING STUDS AND
- KING STUDS AT WALL OPENINGS.

 11. DO <u>NOT</u> RUN FLOOR JOIST CONTINUOUS ACROSS UNIT SEPARATION WALLS, (PARTY WALLS).
- 12. ALL EXTERIOR WALLS, CORRIDOR WALLS AND PARTY WALLS ARE SHEARWALLS. SEE SHEAR WALL SHEATHING SCHEDULE. SHEATH EXTERIOR WALLS PER SW-1 NAILING AND SHEATHING SPECIFICATIONS TYP, UNO. HOLD DOWNS ARE NOT REQUIRED AT THESE LOCATIONS.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO PROPERLY BRACE WALLS, BEAMS, TRUSSES, ETC. AS NECESSARY
 THE TYPICAL WOOD FLOORS SHALL HAVE A SUB-FLOOR OF
- LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE OR GYPCRETE (NOT TO EXCEED 1")
 WITH THE UNIT WEIGHT NOT TO EXCEED 110 PCF.
- 15. COORDINATE THE LOCATION OF THE STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS SHOWN WITH THE DIMENSIONS ON THE ARCH DRAWINGS AND THE LAYOUT OF ALL MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND PLUMBING EQUIPMENT.
- 16. SEE DETAILS FOR CONNECTION OF NON-BEARING WALLS TO FLOOR OR ROOF FRAMING.









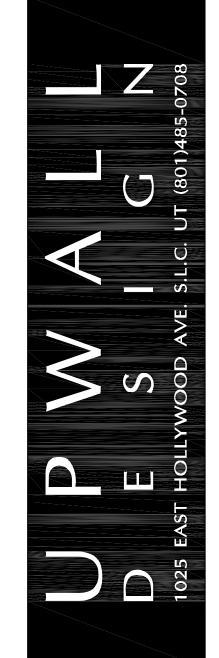
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	CONCRETE FOOTING SCHEDULE													
MADIZ	WIDTH	LENCTH	DEDTU	REINFORCING CROSSWISE					REINFOR	CING LENGT	HWISE	DEMARKS		
MARK	MIDIU	LENGTH 	DEPTH	NO	SIZE	LENGTH	SPACING	NO	SIZE	LENGTH	SPACING	REMARKS		
FC3.0	3'-0"	CONT	12"	-	#5	2'-6"	14"	3	#5	CONT	EQ			
FC4.0	4'-0"	CONT	12"	-	#5	3' - 6"	14"	4	#5	CONT	EQ			
FC5.0	5'-0"	CONT	16"	-	#6	4'-6"	17"	5	#6	CONT	EQ	WALL IS OFF CENTER		
FS4.5	4'-6"	4'-6"	12"	4	#5	4'-0"	EQ	4	#5	4'-0"	EQ			
FS5.5	5'-6"	5'-6"	14"	6	#5	5'-0"	EQ	6	#5	5'-0"	EQ			
FS8x10	8'-0"	10'-0"	24"	10	#6	7'-6"	EQ	10	#7	9'-6"	EQ			
FTS3.0	3'-0"	CONT	12"		#5	2-6"	14"	3	#5	CONT	EQ			

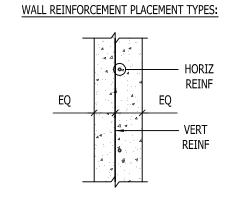
PLACE ALL FOOTING REINFORCING IN BOTTOM OF FOOTING WITH 3" CLEAR CONCRETE COVER, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.

TOP REINFORCING, WHERE SPECIFIED, SHALL BE PLACED IN THE TOP OF THE FOOTING WITH 2" MINIMUM CONCRETE COVER.

IF FOOTINGS ARE EARTH FORMED, FOOTING WIDTH AND LENGTH SHALL BE BE 6" WIDER AND LONGER THAN SCHEDULED.

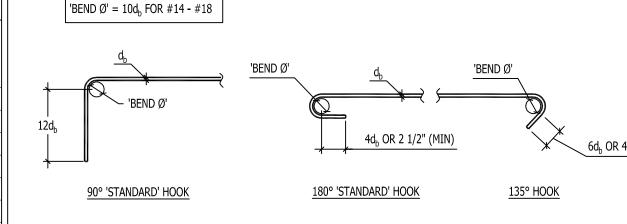
	CONCRETE WALL SCHEDULE												
TAC	THICKNESS		- WALL TYPE	DEMARKS									
TAG	THICKNESS	VERTICAL	HORIZONTAL	TOP AND BOTTOM] WALL TIPE	REMARKS							
CW-1	8"	#4 AT 16"oc	#4 AT 15"oc	(2) #4	A								
CW-2	10"	#4 AT 16"oc	#5 AT 15"oc	(2) #5	А								

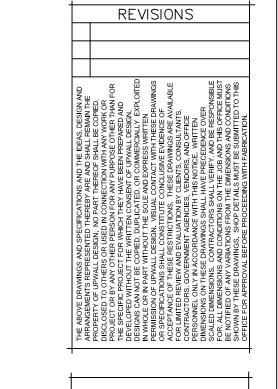
1. SEE GENERAL STRUCTURAL NOTES FOR REQUIREMENTS NOT NOTED IN SCHEDULE.



		TENSION BARS													
TAG		f'c = 3	000psi			f'c = 4	000psi								ALL f'c
	REGI	JLAR	TC)P	REGI	JLAR	TO	OP							
	CLASS		CLASS		CLASS		CLASS								
	Α	В	А	В	Α	В	Α	В							
#3	17"	22"	22"	28"	15"	19"	19"	24"							12"
#4	22"	29"	29"	38"	19"	25"	25"	33"							15"
#5	28"	36"	36"	47"	24"	31"	31"	41"							19"
#6	33"	43"	43"	56"	29"	37"	37"	49"							23"
#7	49"	63"	63"	81"	42"	54"	54"	70"							27"
#8	55"	72"	72"	93"	47"	62"	62"	80"							30"
#9	62"	81"	81"	105"	53"	69"	69"	90"							34"
#10	70"	91"	91"	118"	60"	78"	78"	101"							39"
#11	78"	101"	101"	131"	67"	87"	87"	112"							43"

CONCRETE REINFORCING LAP SPLICE SCHEDULE AND BAR BENDING DIAGRAMS
NO SCALE





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4d_b FOR #3 - #5

'BEND Ø' FOR #6 - #8

MIN EDGE EMBEDMENT

DEPTH

1'-2"

DISTANCE

1 1/2"

01 JUNE 2016

EQ	4 4		EQ	HORIZ REINF
		4 4		· VERT REINF
	TYPE	"A"		

- 1. THESE NOTES SHALL BE USED FOR ALL SPLICES UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 2. TOP BARS ARE CLASSIFIED AS HORIZONTAL BARS WHERE 12", OR MORE, OF FRESH CONCRETE IS CAST BELOW THE REINFORCING BAR.
- 3. CLASS 'B' SPLICES SHALL BE USE FOR ALL SPLICES UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 4. TIES AND STIRRUPS SHALL NOT BE SPLICED. 5. FOR ALL LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE, LAP LENGTHS SHALL BE MULTIPLIED BY 1.3.
- 6. FOR ALL EPOXY COATED BARS, LAP LENGTHS SHALL BE MULTIPLIED BY 1.3 FOR TOP BARS AND 1.5 FOR REGULAR BARS.

'BEND Ø'	12 2 / BEND Ø'	6d _b FOR #3 - #5 12d _b FOR #6 - #8	6d _b OR 4" (MIN)
45° BEND	<u>OFFSET</u>	180° STIRRUP HOOK	135° STIRRUP HOOK

'BEND Ø'

4d_b FOR #3 - #5

'BEND Ø' FOR #6 - #8

'BEND Ø' = $6d_b$ FOR #3 - #8 'BEND Ø' = 8d_b FOR #9 - #11

CONCRETE FOOTING SCHEDULE

TYP FTG REINF

SEE GENERAL STRUCTURAL NOTES FOR ALL OTHER REQUIREMENTS.

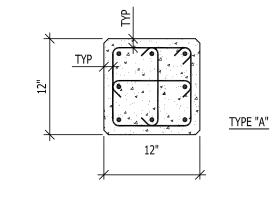
NOT ALL FOOTINGS ARE USED, SEE FOUNDATION PLAN FOR FOOTING MARKS.

RUN CONTINUOUS BARS IN 'FC' FOOTING THROUGH INTERSECTED 'FS' FOOTINGS.

CONCRETE PIER SCHEDULE						
TAC	DIED CIZE	REINFO	ORCING	TVDF	DEMARKS	
TAG	PIER SIZE	VERTICAL	TIES	- TYPE	REMARKS	
CP-1	18" x 18"	(4) #5	#3 AT 12"oc	A		

TYP FTG SECTION

1. INSTALL (3) SETS OF TIES AT 3"oc AT TOP OF ALL PIERS (U.N.O.).



2	CONCRETE WALL SCHEDULE
\	NO SCALE

CONCRETE LINTEL SCHEDULE							
TAG	THICKNESS	DEDTIL	DEPTH REINFORCING	RCING	- REMARKS		
TAG THICKNESS DE		DEPIH	TOP AND BOTTOM	STIRRUPS	REMARNS		
CL-1	8"	16"	(3) #6	#4 AT 6"oc			
CL-2	8"	27"	(3) #9	#4 AT 6"oc			

NOTES:

- 1. EXTEND HORIZONTAL BARS 40 BAR DIAMETERS BEYOND EDGE OF OPENING OR AS FAR AS POSSIBLE AND TERMINATE WITH A 90° STANDARD HOOK.
- 2. TOP BARS MAY ONLY BE SPLICED AT THE MID-SPAN OF LINTELS.
- BOTTOM BARS MAY ONLY BE SPLICED OVER SUPPORTS OF LINTELS. 4. TIES AND STIRRUPS MAY NOT BE SPLICED.

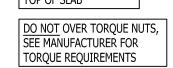
CONCRETE COLUMN SCHEDULE							
TAC	PIER SIZE	REINFORCING		TYPE	DEMARKS		
ΓAG	PIER SIZE	VERTICAL	STIRRUPS	TIPE	REMARKS		
C-1	8" x 10"	(4) #6	#4 AT 6"oc	Α			
C-2	8" x 16"	(6) #6	#4 AT 6"oc	В			

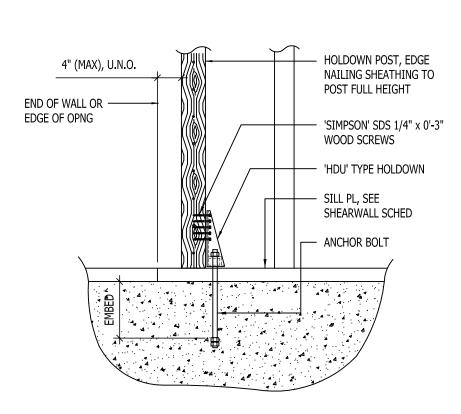
1. INSTALL (3) SETS OF TIES AT 3"oc AT TOP OF ALL PIERS, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.

TAG	TYPE	HOLDOWN POST	WOOD SCREWS 'SIMPSON' SDS 1/4" x 0'-3"	ANCHOR BOLT DIAMETER	EMBEDMEN ^T DEPTH
HD-1	HDU4	(2) 2x	(10)	5/8"	0'-10"
HD-2	HDU8	(3) 2x	(20)	7/8	1'-2"
HD-3	HDU14	(3) 2x	(36)	1"	1'-2"

- 1. INCREASE FOOTING DEPTH WHERE EMBEDMENT LENGTH PLUS 3" IS
- GREATER THAN FOOTING DEPTH SPECIFIED. 2. ALL HOLDOWNS SPECIFIED ARE "SIMPSON - STRONG TIE", SEE GENERAL
- STRUCTURAL NOTES FOR SUBSTITUTIONS. 3. LAG SCREWS SHALL NOT BE USED.

EMBED LENGTH	
DOES NOT INCLUDE	
THAT PORTION OF	
CONCRETE ABOVE THE	
TOP OF SLAB	
TOP OF SLAB	
DO NOT OVER TORQUE N	UTS,





MIN EDGE DIST TO CONC CORNER		-	HOLDOWN POST, EDGE NAILING SHEATHING TO POST FULL HEIGHT, SEE DETS FOR REQD CONNECTION OF POSTS
			'LSTHD/STHD' TYPE HOLDOWN, USE 'LSTDHRJ/STHDRJ' MODEL WHERE RIM JST EXISTS
			SILL PL, SEE SHEARWALL SCHED
#4 REBAR w/ MIN LENGTH OF 2X EMBED LENGTH + 12"	4		

'LSTHD/STHD' TYPE HOLDOWN SCHEDULE

HOLDOWN POST

(3) 2x

STHD14 (RJ)

NOTES:

REQD NAILS

(38) 16d

1. INCREASE FOOTING DEPTH WHERE EMBEDMENT LENGTH PLUS 3" IS

3. (RJ) INDICATES 'RIM JOIST'. USE 'RJ' MODEL WHERE RIM JOIST IS

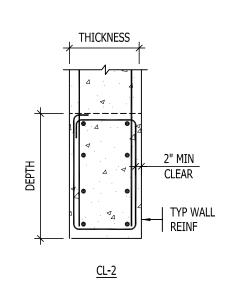
PRESENT REGARDLESS OF MODEL SPECIFIED ON PLAN.

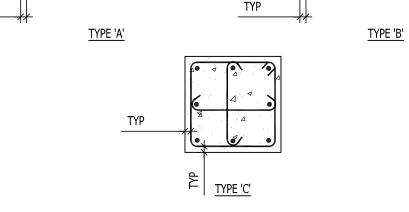
2. ALL HOLDOWNS SPECIFIED ARE "SIMPSON - STRONG TIE", SEE GENERAL

GREATER THAN FOOTING DEPTH SPECIFIED.

STRUCTURAL NOTES FOR SUBSTITUTIONS.

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DEPTH	





6 CONCRETE COLUMN SCHEDULE
NO SCALE

7 HDU' TYPE HOLDOWN SCHEDULE

8 'LSTHD/STHD' TYPE HOLDOWN SCHEDULE

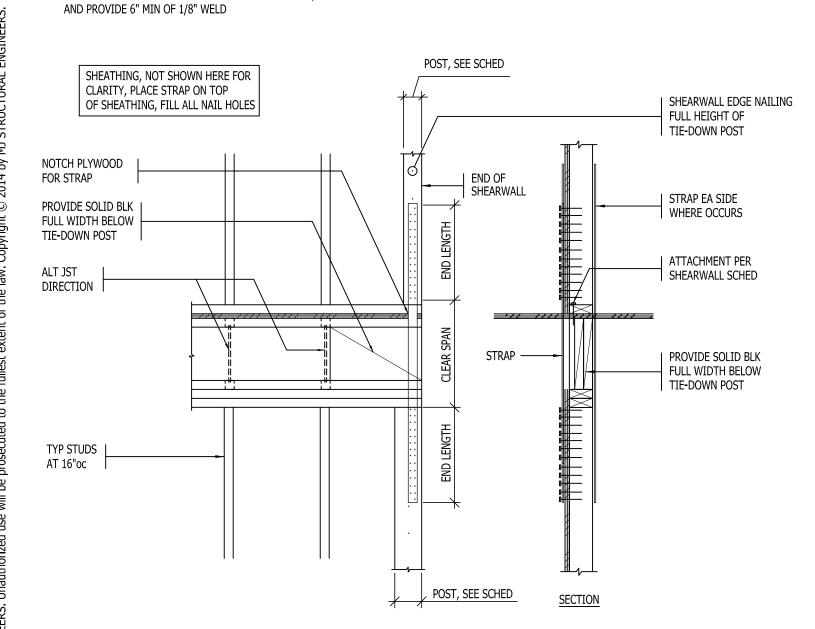


5 CONCRETE LINTEL SCHEDULE
NO SCALE



NOTES:

MINIMUM NAIL PENETRATION INTO FRAMING, 10d = 2", 16d = 2 1/2" USE COMMON NAILS. (10d DIAMETER = 0.148", 16d DIAMETER = 0.162") WHERE HOLDOWN STRAP OCCURS ABOVE STEEL BEAM, WELD STRAP TO BEAM



STEEL COLUMN SCHEDULE						
TAG	SIZE	STEEL BASE PLATE	STEEL CAP PLATE	REMARKS		
SC-1	HSS 5x5x1/4	3/4" (SBP-2)	3/4" (SCP-2)			
SC-2	HSS 6x6x1/4	3/4" (SBP-1)	3/4" (SCP-1)			
SC-3	HSS 6x6x1/2	3/4" (SBP-1)	1/4" CAP			
SC-4	HSS 6x6x5/8	3/4" (SBP-1)	1/4" CAP			
SC-5	HSS 8x8x5/16	3/4" (SBP-1)	1/4" CAP			
SC-6	W12X50	3/4" (SBP-4)	SEE DETAILS			

NOTES:

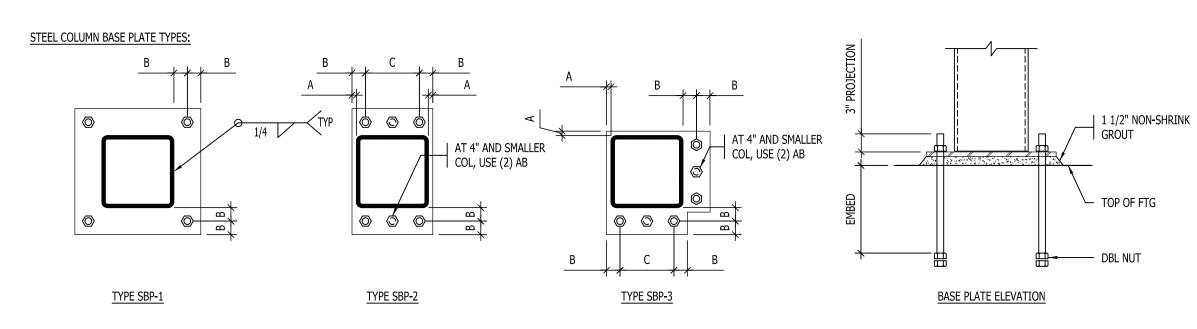
1. UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE ALL COLUMNS SHALL BE INSTALLED WITH (4) 3/4" ANCHOR BOLTS WITH DOUBLE NUT. PROJECT ANCHOR BOLTS 3" MINIMUM ABOVE THE TOP OF THE BASE PLATE. EMBEDMENT SHALL BE 9" MINIMUM. ALL BOLTS SHALL BE INSTALLED WITH HARDENED WASHERS BENEATH THE NUT. ANY BOLT HOLES LARGER THAN THE BOLT DIAMETER PLUS 5/16" SHALL HAVE 5/16" PLATE WASHERS INSTALLED BENEATH THE HARDENED WASHERS.

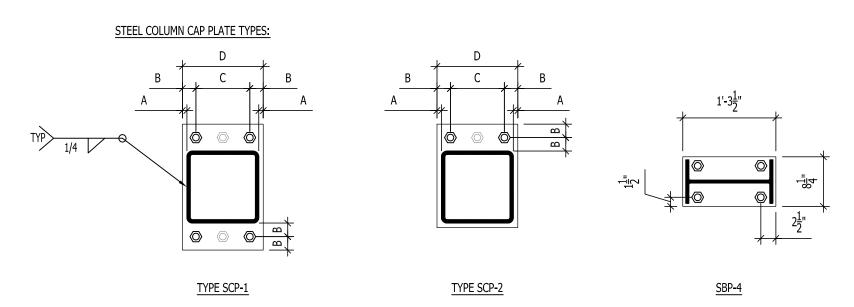
OR

WHICHEVER IS GREATER

COL WIDTH + 1"

- ANCHOR BOLTS SHALL NOT BE WELDED (INCLUDING TACK WELDS).
- 4. SEE GENERAL STRUCTURAL NOTES FOR ALL OTHER REQUIREMENTS.
- BASE PL LEGEND: A = 1/2" MIN $\frac{\text{CAP PL LEGEND:}}{A = 1/2" \text{ MIN}}$ B = 1 1/2" MINB = 1 1/2" MINC = 3" MIN C = BM OR GIRDER GAGE D = BM OR GIRDER GAGE + 3" OR BM OR GIRDER + 1"

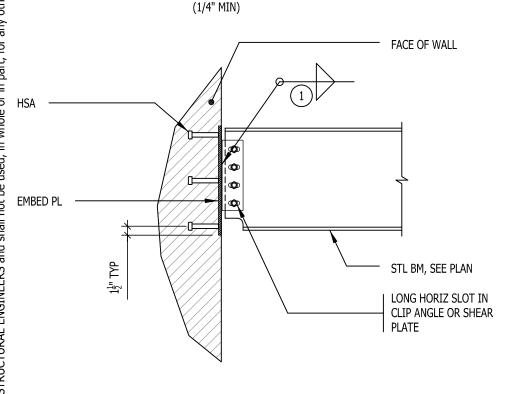






EMBED PLATE CONNECTION SCHEDULE					
BEAM DEPTH	EMBED PLATE	ANCHORS			
W8, W10, W12	12" x 1/2" x 1'-0" HIGH	(2) ROWS OF (2) 3/4" Ø x 5" HSA ((4) TOTAL)			
W14 AND W16	12" x 1/2" x 1'-4" HIGH	(3) ROWS OF (3) 3/4" Ø x 5" HSA ((9) TOTAL)			
W18 AND W21	14" x 1/2" x 2'-4" HIGH	(4) ROWS OF (3) 3/4" Ø x 5" HSA ((12) TOTAL)			
W24	18" x 1/2" x 2'-6" HIGH	(5) ROWS OF (4) 3/4" Ø x 5" HSA ((20) TOTAL)			

1 FILLET WELDS SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS: TWO SIDES PLATE THICKNESS PLUS 1/16" (1/4" MIN) EACH SIDE ANGLES ANGLE THICKNESS MINUS 1/16"



(2	STEEL	COLUMN	SCHEDULE
(. Z ,	NO SCALE		

A-325 BOLT SCHEDULE				
Maximum beam size in	A325N BOLTS			
EACH BEAM DEPTH GROUP	NO. PER BEAM	SIZE		
W8	2	7/8"Ø		
W10	2	7/8"Ø		
W12	3	7/8"Ø		
W14	3	7/8"Ø		
W16	4	7/8"Ø		
W18	5	7/8"Ø		
W21	6	7/8"Ø		
W24	7	7/8"Ø		
W27	7	7/8"Ø		
W30	8	7/8"Ø		
W36	9	7/8"Ø		

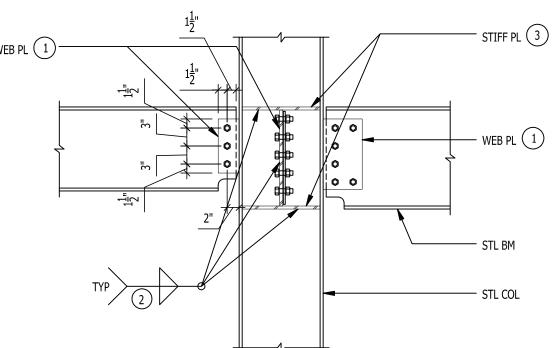
BEAM WEB CONNECTION PLATES. THICKNESS EQUALS BEAM WEB THICKNESS + 1/8" (3/8" MIN).

2 FILLET WELDS SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS: ... 1/2 PLATE THICKNESS PLUS 1/16" TWO SIDES (1/4" MIN) EACH SIDE. .. ÀNGLES THICKNESS MINUS 1/16" (1/4" MIN)

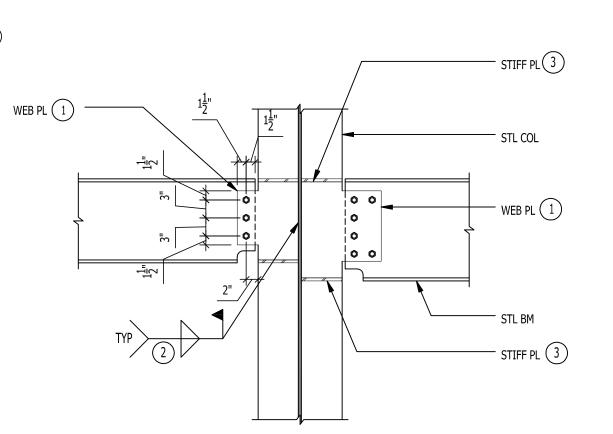
THICKNESS EQUALS BEAM FLANGE THICKNESS OF BEAM FRAMING INTO COLUMN WEB (3/8" MIN).

BOLT EDGE DISTANCE SHALL BE 1 1/2" MIN AT ALL EDGE. BOLT SPACING SHALL BE 3" MIN WHEN MORE THAN ONE ROW OF BOLTS IS NEEDED, THE FIRST ROW SHALL BE A COMPLETE ROW WITH THE REMAINDER OF THE BOLTS

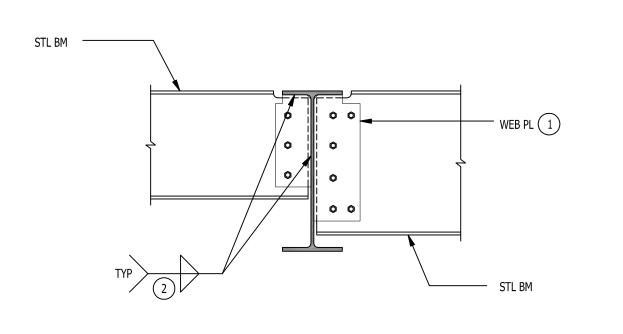
PLACED IN THE SECOND ROW. 6 CLIP ANGLES: (2) L5x3 1/2". THICKNESS SHALL BE EQUAL TO ONE HALF THE BEAM WEB THICKNESS PLUS 1/16" (1/4" MIN). FOR (2) ROWS OF BOLTS OR SKEWED CONNECTIONS, USE BENT PLATES. WHERE COLUMN WIDTH IS SMALLER THAN THE CONNECTING CLIP ANGLES, ANGLE LEGS MAY BE REDUCED TO MATCH WIDTH OF COLUMN. USE L4x4 ANGLES AT BEAM TO CONCRETE WALL OR COLUMN CONNECTIONS.



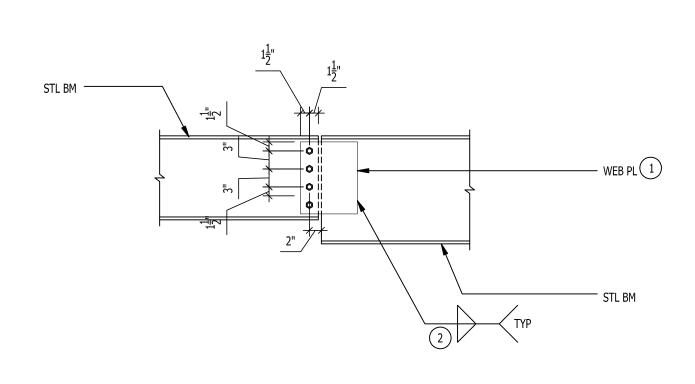
BEAM TO WIDE FLANGE COLUMN WEB PLATE CONNECTION



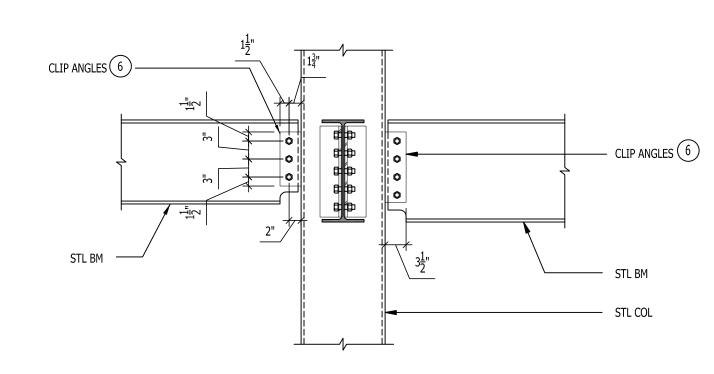
BEAM TO WIDE FLANGE COLUMN WEB PLATE CONNECTION



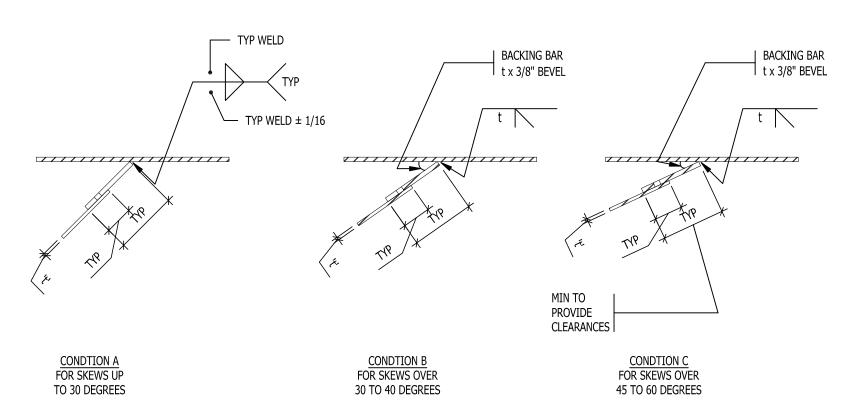
BEAM TO BEAM WEB PLATE CONNECTION



BEAM TO PARALLEL BEAM WEB PLATE CONNECTION



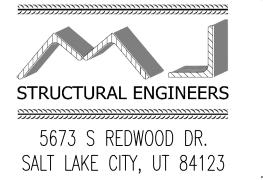
BEAM TO HSS COLUMN WEB PLATE CONNECTION (DOUBLE SHEAR)



EMBED PLATE CONNECTION SCHEDULE

TYPICAL BOLTED WEB PLATE CONNECTIONS WITH BOLT SCHEDULE (SINGLE SHEAR)

NO SCALE





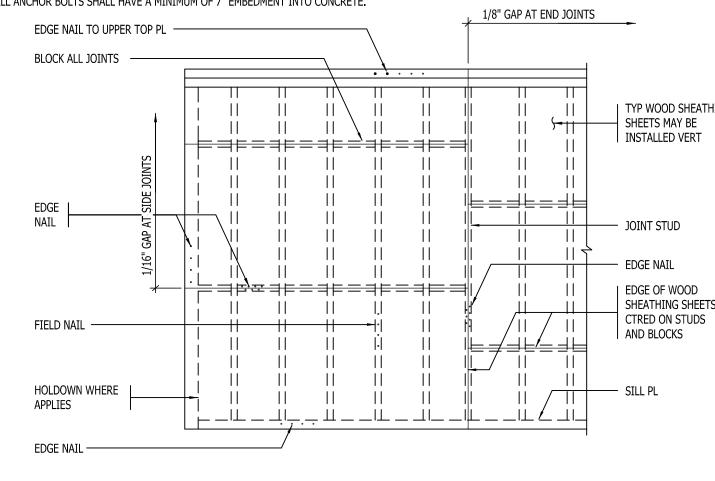
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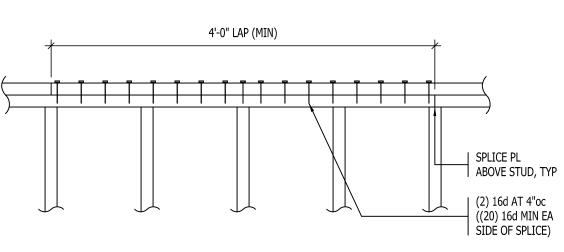
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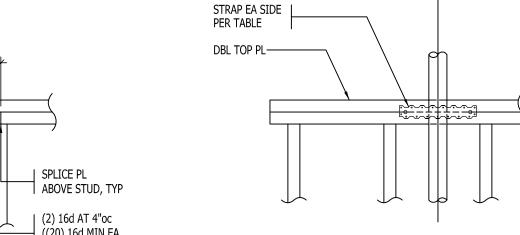
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NOTES:

- 1. MINIMUM NAIL PENETRATION INTO FRAMING, 8d = 1 1/2", 10d = 1 5/8"
- STAGGER SHEATHING JOINTS ON DOUBLE SIDED WALLS (SW-5 THRU SW-8) SO
- 4. ALL ANCHOR BOLTS SHALL HAVE A 3"x3"x 1/4" PLATE WASHER







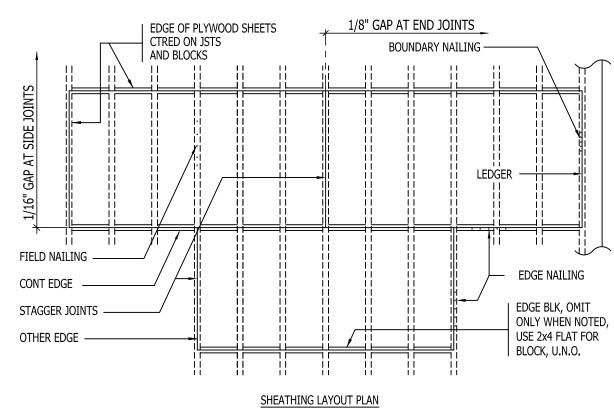
HOLE SIZE	STRAPS
LESS THAN 1/3 STUD WIDTH	NONE REQD
LESS THAN 2/3	ST2122 WITH (4) 16d
STUD WIDTH	EACH END
OVER 2/3	ST2215 WITH (6) 16d
STUD WIDTH	EACH END

Ç OF PIPE AND STRAP

SHEATHING SCHEDULE AT ROOF AND FLOOR

LOCATION	WOOD SHEATHING	NAIL SIZE	EDGE NAIL		FIELD NAIL	BOUNDARY	EDGE
LOCATION	THICKNESS	NAIL SIZL	CONT EDGE	OTHER EDGE	FILLD NAIL	NAIL	BLOCK
ROOF	3/4"	8d	4"	4"	12"	4"	YES
FLOOR	3/4"	10d	4"	4"	12"	4"	NO

- 1. MINIMUM NAIL PENETRATION INTO FRAMING 8d = 1 1/2", 10d = 1 5/8"
- 2. USE SCREW SHANK NAILS AT FLOOR PLYWOOD. 3. USE COMMON NAILS. (8d DIAMETER = 0.131", 10d DIAMETER = 0.148")
- 4. FLOOR SHEATHING SHALL BE GLUED AND NAILED TO SUPPORTING MEMBERS.



MINIMUM NAILING SCHEDULE

l	CONNECTION	NAILING
	SOLE PLATE TO JOIST OR BLOCKING, FACE NAIL	16d at 1'-4"oc
l	BRIDGING TO JOIST, TOENAIL EACH END	(2) 8d
l	BLOCKING BETWEEN JOIST OR RAFTERS TO TOP PLATE, TOE NAIL	(3) 8d
l	RIM JOIST TO TOP PLATE, TOE NAIL	8d AT 0'-6"oc
l	COLLAR TIE TO RAFTER, FACE NAIL	(3) 10d
l	JACK RAFTER TO HIP, TOE NAIL	(3) 10d
l	FACE NAIL	(2) 16d
l	ROOF RAFTER TO 2x RIDGE BEAM, TOE NAIL	(2) 16d
l	FACE NAIL	(2) 16d
l	JOIST TO BAND JOIST, FACE NAIL	(3) 16d
l	LEDGER STRIP, FACE NAIL	(3) 16d
l	TOP PLATE TO STUD, END NAIL	(2) 16d
l	STUD TO SOLE PLATE, END NAIL	(2) 16d
l	DOUBLE STUDS, FACE NAIL	16d at 2'-0"oc
l	DOUBLED TOP PLATES, FACE NAIL	16d at 1' - 4"oc
l	TOP PLATES, LAPS & INTERSECTION, FACE NAIL	(2) 16d
l	CONTINUOUS HEADER, TWO PIECES	16d at 1'-4oc along ea ed
l	CEILING JOISTS TO PLATE, TOENAIL	(3) 8d
l	CONTINUOUS HEADER TO STUD, TOENAIL	(4) 8d
l	CEILING JOISTS, LAPS OVER PARTITIONS, FACE NAIL	(3) 16d
l	CEILING JOISTS TO PARALLEL RAFTERS, FACE NAIL	(3) 16d
l	RAFTER TO PLATE, TOENAIL	(3) 8d
l	1" BRACE TO EACH STUD & PLATE, FACE NAIL	(2) 8d
l	BUILT-UP CORNER STUDS	16d at 2'-0"oc
l	BUILT-UP GIRDER & BEAMS	20d at 32"oc at top &
l		bottom & staggered. (2) 200
l	* PLYWOOD & PARTICLEBOARD:	at ends & at ea. splice
I	SUBFLOOR, ROOF & WALL SHEATHING (TO FRAMING)	
ı	1/2/I AND LECC	0.4

1/2" AND LESS

19/32" **-** 3/4" 8d or 10d 7/8" - 1" 1 1/8" - 1 1/4" 10d or 8d COMBINATION SUBFLOOR-UNDERLAYMENT (TO FRAMING) 3/4" AND LESS 7/8" - 1" 1 1/8" - 1 1/4" 10d or 8d

* NAILS SPACED AT 6 INCHES ON CENTER AT EDGES 12" AT INTERMEDIATE SUPPORTS EXCEPT 6 INCHES AT ALL SUPPORTS WHERE SPANS ARE 48" OR MORE. REFER TO SHEARWALL SCHEDULE

- NAILING SCHEDULE IS PER TABLE 2304.9.1 OF THE I.B.C. 2012. NAILING REQUIREMENTS SHOWN HERE DO NOT REPLACE HARDWARE

SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR DETAILS.

3. ALL NAILS USED ARE COMMON NAILS.

SHEATHING SCHEDULE AT ROOF AND FLOOR
NO SCALE

MINIMUM NAILING SCHEDULE

NO SCALE

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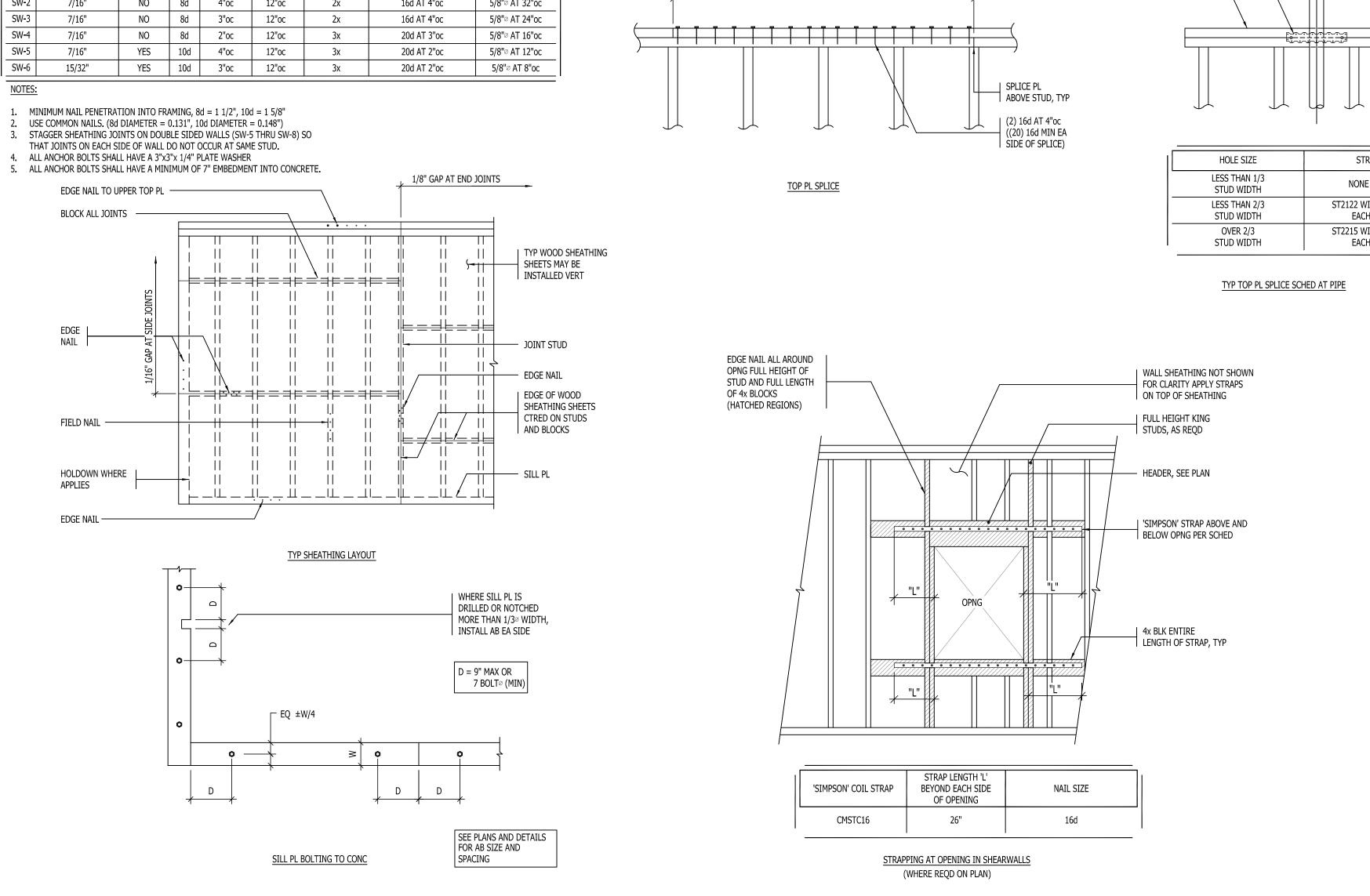
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STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

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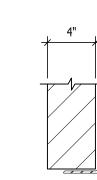


WOOD SHEATHING SHEARWALL SCHEDULE

NO SCALE

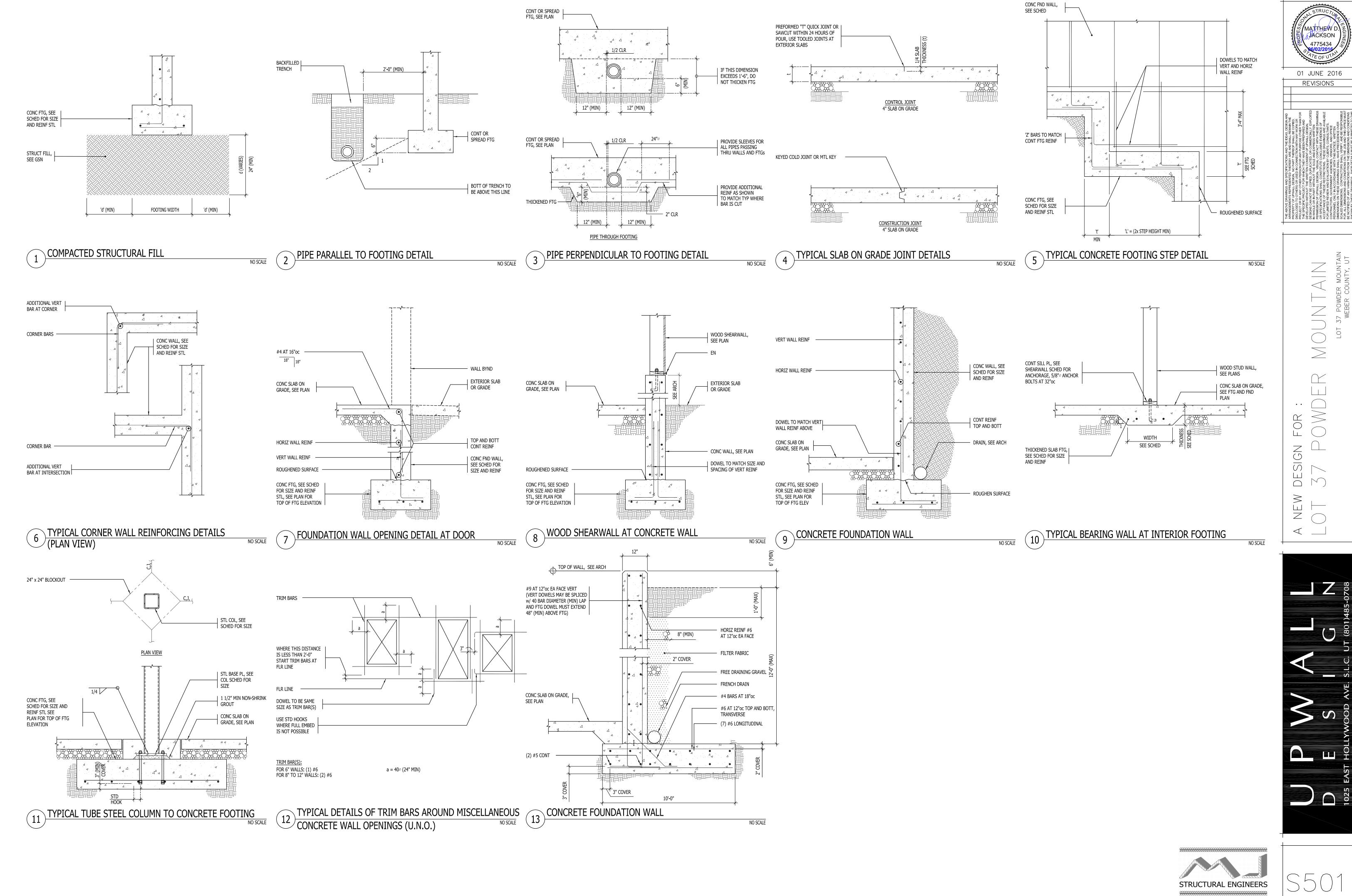
STEEL ANGLE LINTEL SCHEDULE (NON-STRUCTURAL)			
CLEAR OPENING	SIZE OF ANGLE		
UP TO 5'-0"	3 1/2" x 3" x 1/4"		
5'-1" TO 7'-0"	3 1/2" x 3 1/2" x 1/4"		
7'-1" TO 9'-0"	5" x 3 1/2" x 1/4"		
9'-1" TO 10'-0"	5" x 3 1/2" x 5/16"		
10'-1" TO 11'-0"	10'-1" TO 11'-0" 5" x 3 1/2" x 3/8"		
11'-1" TO 12'-0"	6" x 4" x 3/8"		
12'-1" AND OVER REQUIRES SPECIAL ANALYSIS			

- 1. STEEL LINTELS CARRY VENEER ONLY. WHERE FLOOR, ROOFS OR CONCENTRATED LOADS OCCUR, FURTHER ANALYSIS IS NECESSARY. PROVIDE 1" OF BEARING EACH END FOR EACH FOOT OF SPAN. MINIMUM BEARING OF 6" EA SIDE OF OPENING. USE THIS SCHEDULE
- UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. 2. LINTELS ARE TO BE GALVANIZED.

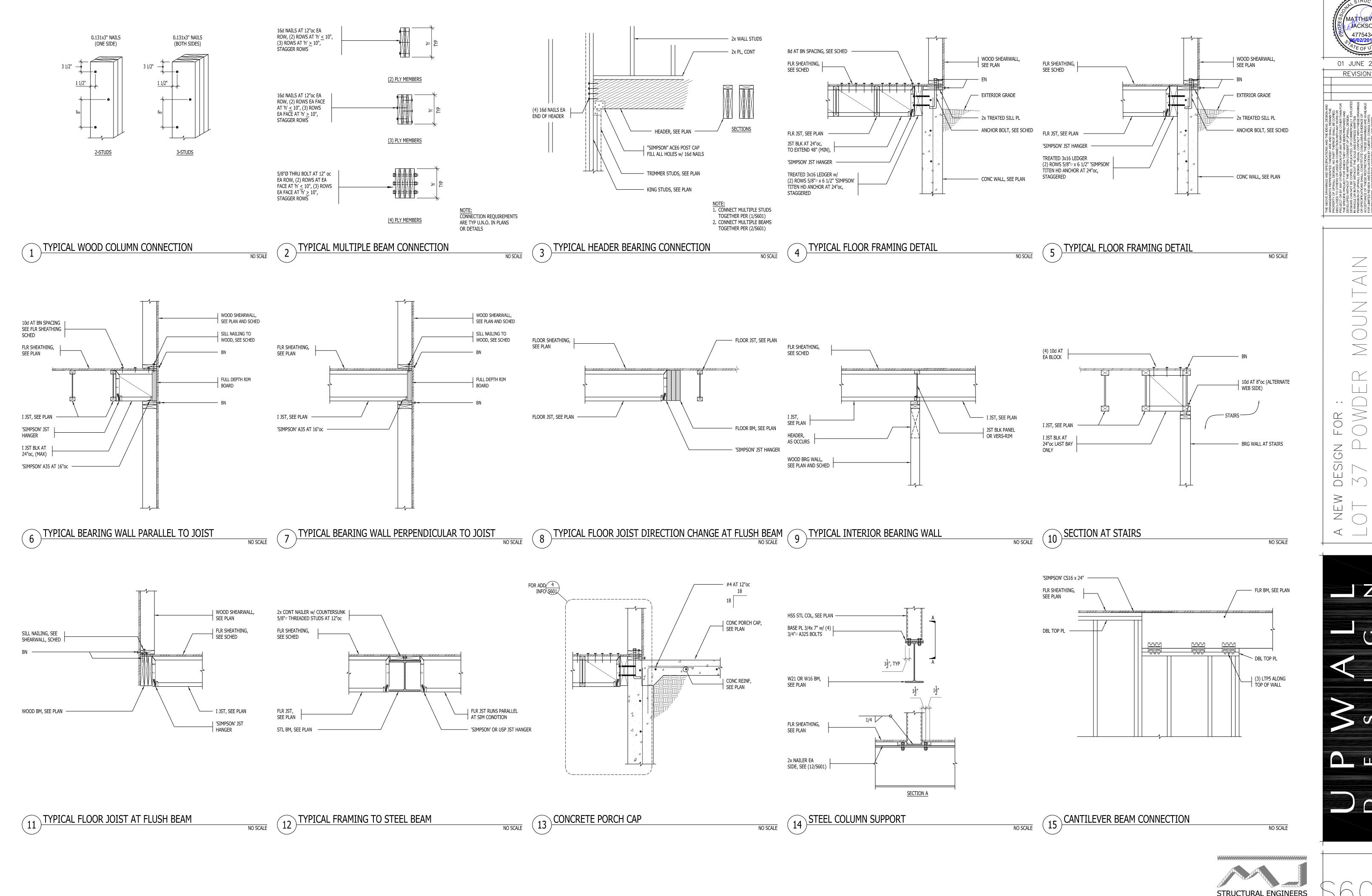


STEEL ANGLE LEDGER SECHEDULE





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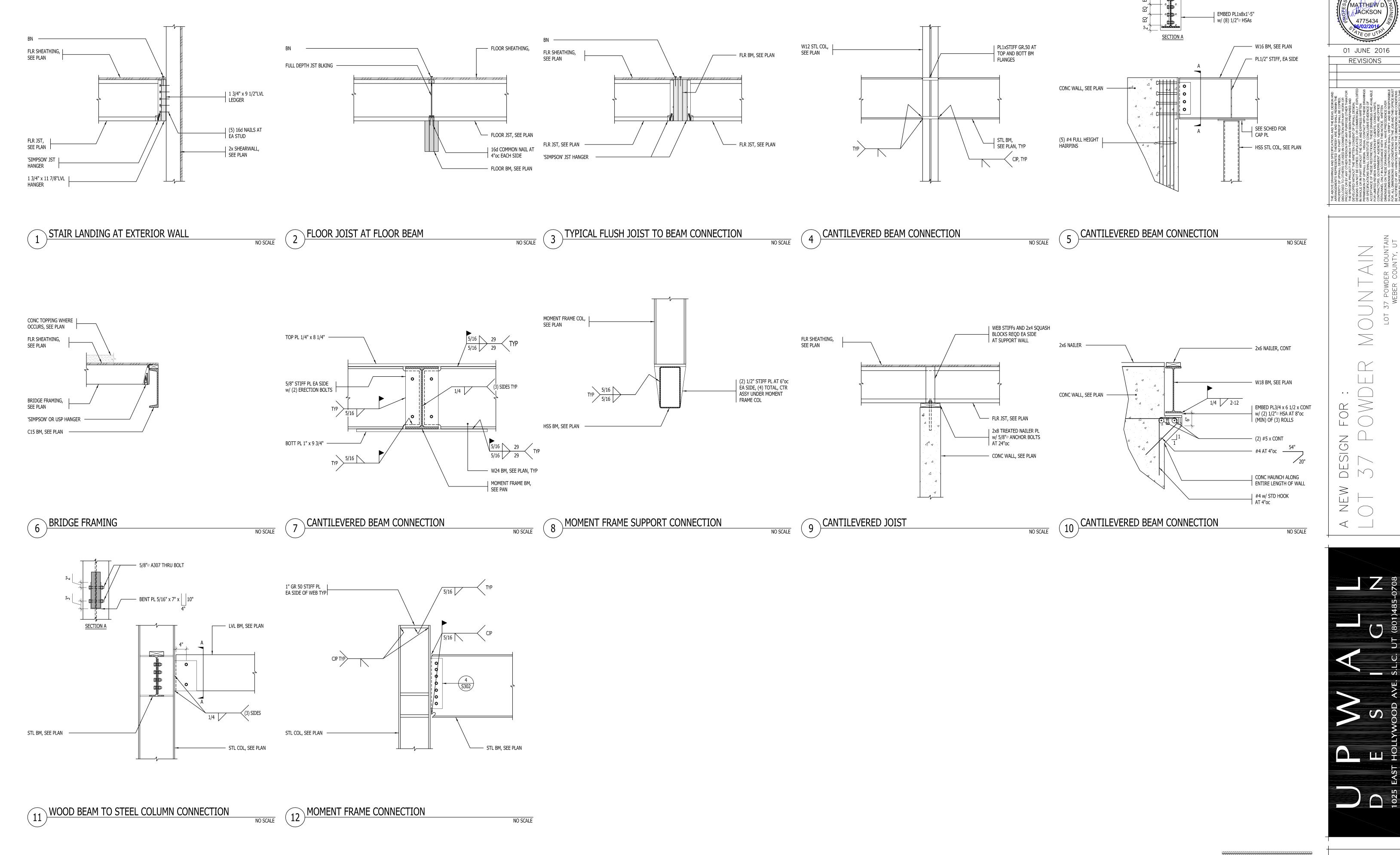
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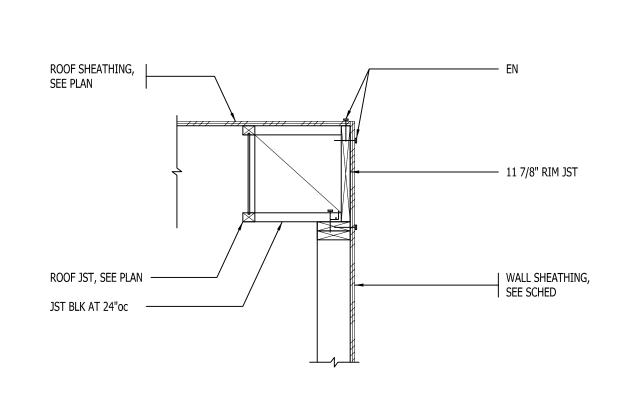
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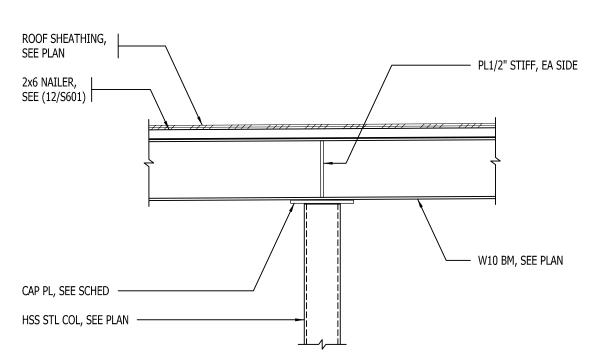


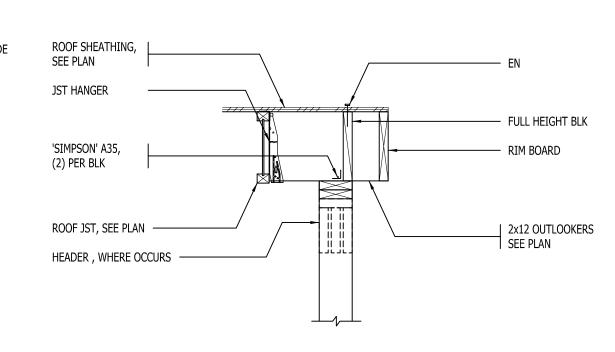
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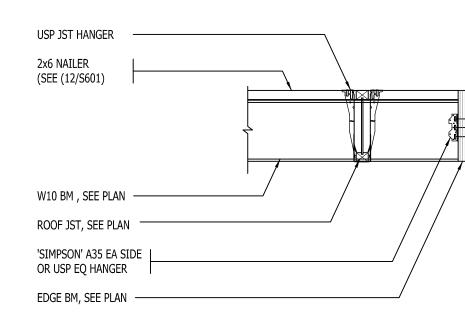
JACKSON

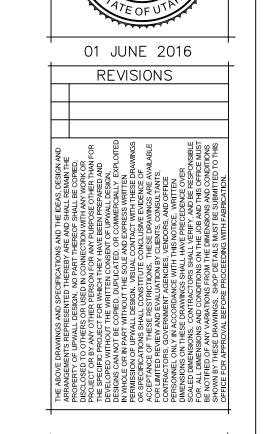
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ROOF FRAMING

- 2 ROOF FRAMING

BEAM CANTILEVER

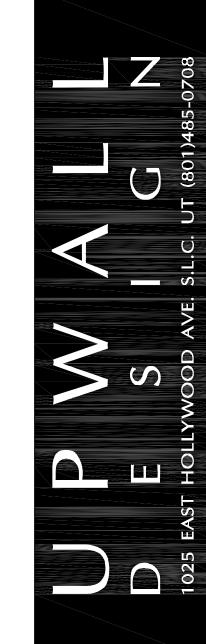
OUTLOOKER DETAIL

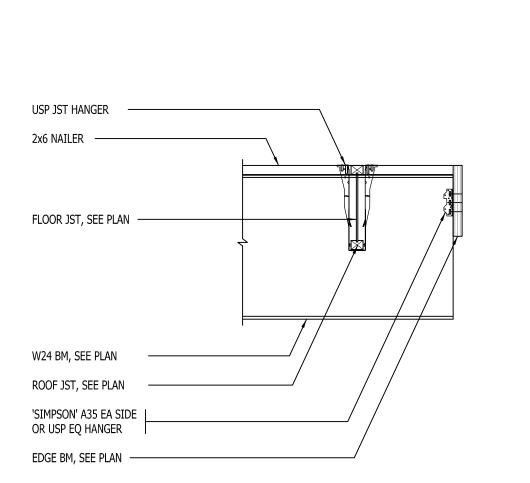
5 EDGE BEAM CONNECTION

NO SCALE

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DESIGN FOR < ___





NO SCALE

6 EDGE BEAM FRAMING