

# **Staff Report to the Weber County Commission**

Weber County Planning Division

Synopsis			
Application Information			
Application Request: Agenda Date: Staff Report Date: Applicant: File Number:	Weber County Land Use Code:	Definitions ancy (§ 10 legulations	
Property Information			
Approximate Address: Project Area: Zoning: Existing Land Use: Proposed Land Use: Parcel ID: Township, Range, Secti	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable <b>on:</b> Not Applicable		
Adjacent Land Use			
North:Not ApplicableEast:Not Applicable		South: West:	Not Applicable Not Applicable
Staff Information			
Report Presenter: Report Reviewer:	Charlie Ewert cewert@co.weber.ut.us (801) 399-8763 SW		
Applicable Ordinances	5		

Definitions (§ 101-1-7), Land Use Permit, Building Permit, and Certificate of Occupancy (§ 102-4), Conditional Uses (§ 108-4), and Supplementary and Qualifying Regulations (§ 108-7)

# Legislative Decisions

Decision on this item is a legislative action. When the County Commission is acting on a legislative item it has wide discretion. Examples of legislative actions are general plan, zoning map, and land use code amendments. Typically, the criterion for a decision on a legislative matter suggests a review for compatibility with the general plan and existing ordinances.

#### Background

The Planning Commissions have been working with staff for the last six months to provide changes to the conditional use ordinance. The attached ordinance changes reflect this collaborative process. Both of the County's Planning Commissions have been instrumental in providing these changes, as have members of the public.

The ordinance is being changed because the current ordinance does not comply, in part, with state code. It is also being changed because it lacks substantive standards from which to review a conditional use permit.

# **Policy Analysis**

**Compliance with state code.** Under state statutory requirements<sup>1</sup> a conditional use permit "shall be approved" provided the use complies with applicable standards of an ordinance. This statute presumes approval. However, the County's current conditional use ordinance presumes denial unless it complies with certain standards. The County code also fails to provide any substantive standards.<sup>2</sup> In theory, pursuant to state code, without substantive standards in the code all conditional use permits should be approved with limited or no review. This is counter to the purpose of providing for conditional uses in the land use code, which is to allow more land uses than are otherwise permitted in each zone provided that the unique characteristics of those uses that may lead to detrimental effects on surrounding land owners are mitigated.

A permitted use is a land use for which a zone may be specifically written. For example, consider a residence in a residential zone. The zone is intended for residences and residential impacts. Obtaining a permit for a residence is straightforward. On the other hand, there are many other uses that can be allowed in that zone that have lesser known intended impacts. Providing for these uses by conditional use permit is intended to give a level of flexibility for the types of uses that can occur in the zone. Because some uses are notoriously detrimental to others or because the effect of some uses on others cannot be determined until a specific proposal has been made, allowing for these uses but requiring a heightened level of review and additional standards for them is imperative to reducing incompatibility between them.

**Best management practices.** Regulating conditional uses has historic context. Historically, it was not uncommon for the conditional use process to be used to determine whether a specific use/proposal is appropriate for an area. If it was, then the permit was approved. If not, the permit was denied. This process usually involved significant public involvement, and decisions were usually based on the opinions of the neighbors.

Conditional use permit practices have changed (or perhaps better stated: conditional use permit practices have been clarified). The changes are primarily due to various court cases [and subsequent state law changes] in which the courts have decreed that the approval of a conditional use permit is an administrative approval,<sup>3</sup> and as such an owner is entitled to the approval provided compliance with adopted codes.<sup>4,5</sup> An administrative approval means that the permit is not subject to the legislative process. If it is a use allowed by the ordinance, and it complies with the standards of the ordinance, then the use is a right, and the owner is entitled to the use. Essentially, this means that the decision on a conditional use permit is not subject to the same level of discretionary decision making that a legislative decision like making a new law is; and it means that the opinions of the neighbors with respect to whether they like/dislike the proposed use is irrelevant unless their like/dislike is based on some related standard of an adopted law.<sup>6</sup>

**<u>Review of the proposed ordinance</u>**. The changes presented in the proposed ordinance generally fall into four categories: general clarifications, enhanced application and review provisions, the creation of new conditional use standards, and revocation provisions.

*General clarifications.* The general clarifications you will see throughout. They are being provided to clarify and supplement current regulations in a manner that compliments the new substantive changes.

Application and review provisions. The enhanced application and review provisions, Section 108-4-3 provides two things. First, it provides clearer application submittal requirements for conditional uses. These clearer requirements will help set the expectation for the applicant on what exactly they need to anticipate when applying for a permit. It will also help the County ensure that the correct amount of information is submitted with the application to initiate a complete review. Second, it provides clearer governmental review procedures. The County's review has to comply with these procedures. This provides transparency for the applicant in what is occurring during the review of their permit. It also provides a level of responsibility and accountability on the County to conduct a thorough, objective, and complete review of every application.

*Conditional use standards.* The new standards, Section 108-4-5, provide the County with needed conditional use standards from which to review conditional use permit applications. These standards have been written to specify

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See UCA § 17-27a-506(2)(a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> County code provides a list of examples of negative impacts, but fails to give standards for mitigating them.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Salt Lake County Cottonwood Sanitary District v. Sandy City.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Krejci v. Saratoga Springs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See UCA § 17-27a-508(1)(a)(i).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Davis County v. Clearfield.

a comprehensive list of detrimental effects that conditional uses may have. They require that those detrimental effects be mitigated.

Most of the standards do not provide specific methods of mitigation. The various ways the effects may be mitigated are really up to the applicant or the County. The applicant may propose ways to mitigate detrimental effects. In the event the applicant does not, or does not do so effectively, the Land Use Authority may apply conditions of approval that the applicant must meet in order for the permit to be valid.

The realm of possible conditions is not infinite. Conditions must be reasonable; they must be related to the effects listed in the relevant standard;<sup>7</sup> they must be based on credible evidence;<sup>8</sup> and in most cases they should not be used for the purpose of regulating a use out of existence. Rather, conditions should be used to affirmatively help a conditional use fit into its surroundings. They should be used to help break down the conflicts between the use and other uses. To this end, Section 108-4-5 begins with a requirement to help the Land Use Authority understand how to temper decisions.

This temperance is imperative given that the Planning Commission continues to desire to hold public comment for all conditional use permits. It will be tempting to make a decision based on the will of the public rather than the merits of the proposal when reviewed against the adopted ordinance. The ordinance is written in such a way to help keep the decision at the administrative review level.

A note about objectivity in the conditional use standards: if any portion of the proposed ordinance changes turn out to be too vague or unspecific that no amount of credible evidence, relevant standard, or reasonable condition can be fairly or objectively applied, the Land Use Authority should interpret the provision in favor of the property owner.<sup>9</sup> If this becomes a continual problem then we will address it with further legislative clarification.

*Revocation provisions.* Finally, the proposal provides procedures for permit revocation, in Section 102-4-3. This section is not part of the conditional use code. It is generally applicable to any land use that otherwise requires a permit. Revocation procedures are sparse in the current code, and are not always clear or consistent. This code section provides a clear due process for revocation of a permit. Revocation should always be a last resort to obtaining ordinance compliance.

# **Conformance to the General Plan**

State code requires that a general plan governs four critical elements: land use, transportation, low-moderate income housing, and county resource management.<sup>10</sup> The proposed ordinance changes touch in some manner on all of these elements. For example, a conditional use is a land use that is otherwise listed in respective zones. The proposed conditional use standards touch on traffic, circulation, and related safety concerns. Two, three, four, and multiple family housing are listed as conditional uses in several zones, which help provide for low-moderate income housing. And the proposal provides standards related to the environment and its resources.

However, the changes in this proposal go a little beyond the current general plans. The changes are really more about improving an existing provision of the land use code. However, one standard to take note of is Section 108-4-5(4)(f). This standard will help the Land Use Authority verify that a conditional use permit generally complies with the policies of the general plan. Keeping in mind that the general plan is a guiding document and not everything in it can be applied as a requirement, items like architectural or design controls can be used to help support a condition of approval for a conditional use permit.

# **Conditions of Approval**

# Not Applicable

# Past Action on this Item

The Western Weber Planning Commission unanimously recommended approval of the ordinance on July 14, 2015. The Ogden Valley Planning Commission unanimously recommended approval of the ordinance on July 28,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See Uintah Mountain, RTC v. Duchesne County.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See Uintah Mountain, RTC v. Duchesne County.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See Patterson v. Utah County Board of Adjustments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> See UCA § 17-27a-403(2).

2015, with a request that staff verify and check references to other sections of code. Staff reviewed references and the attached ordinance provides checked version.

# Noticing Compliance

A hearing for this item before the County Commission has been posted for public notice in compliance with UCA §17-27a-205 in the following manners:

- Posted on the County's Official Website
- Posted on the Utah Public Notice Website
- Published in a local newspaper

# **Staff Recommendation**

Staff recommends approval of the ordinance provided as Attachment A with the following findings:

- 1. The changes will bring the conditional use code into compliance with state code.
- 2. The changes will provide standards necessary for a complete and objective review of conditional uses.
- 3. The clarification will provide for a more efficient administration of code.
- 4. The changes comply with the intent of the land use code.
- 5. The changes are supported by the general plan(s), and support the general plan(s).
- 6. The clarifications are not detrimental to the health, safety, and welfare of County residents.

# **Attachments**

- A. Proposed Ordinance, with Exhibits.
- B. Land Use Code Revision Process Flowchart.

# Attachment A

#### ORDINANCE NUMBER 2015-

# AN ORDINANCE AMENDING THE WEBER COUNTY LAND USE CODE TO UPDATE AND CLARIFY PROVISIONS RELATED TO CONDITIONAL USE PERMITTING AND PROCEDURES.

**Whereas,** the Weber County Land Use Code heretofore contained regulations governing conditional uses that were inconsistent with state statutes; and

**Whereas,** the Weber County Land Use Code heretofore contained regulations governing conditional use permits that provided inadequate standards for a comprehensive review; and

**Whereas,** on July 14, 2015, the Western Weber Planning Commission, after appropriate notice, held a public hearing to consider public comments regarding amendments to the Weber County Land Use Code with respect to conditional uses; and on July 28, 2015, the Ogden Valley Planning Commission did the same; and

Whereas, both the Western Weber Planning Commission and the Ogden Valley Planning Commission have forwarded a positive recommendation to the County Commission for amendments to County Land Use Code County to provide for said inconsistencies and inadequacies; and

**Whereas,** on August 25, 2015, the Weber County Board of Commissioners, after appropriate notice, held a public hearing to consider public comments regarding amendments to the County Land Use Code to provide for said inconsistencies and inadequacies; and

Whereas, The Weber County Board of Commissioners find that the proposed ordinance amendments comply with the goals and objectives of the General Plan and provide clarification necessary to facilitate efficient administration of the Weber County Land Use Code; and

**Now therefore,** the Weber County Board of Commissioners ordains an amendment to the Weber County Land Use Code as follows:

# See Exhibit A (Track Changes) and Exhibit B (Clean Copy)

This ordinance shall become effective fifteen (15) days after publication.

Passed, adopted, and ordered published this	day of,	2015, by the Weber County Board of
Commissioners.		
	Commissioner Gib	son Voting

Commissioner Gibson Commissioner Bell Commissioner Ebert

Voting	
Voting	
Voting	

**Commission Chair** 

ATTEST:

Ricky Hatch, CPA Weber County Clerk

Page 1 of 1

8/17/2015 12:18 PM

# Exhibit A: Code Change [Redlines] - Conditional Uses

All ordinances not specifically addressed herein or otherwise represented by [...] shall remain unchanged by these revisions.

#### **Title 101 - GENERAL PROVISIONS** 1

2 . . .

...

4

7

9

14

28

29

#### 3 Sec. 101-1-7. - Definitions.

5 Use, conditional, The term "conditional use" means a use, because of characteristics peculiar to it, or 6 because of size, technological processes, or type of equipment, or because of the exact location with reference to surroundings, streets and existing improvements or domands upon public facilities, requires 8 a special degree of control that mitigates or eliminates any detrimental impacts the use might have on the <del>ounty, surrounding neighbors, or adjacent land uses and makes such uses consistent and compatible</del> with other existing or permissible uses in the same districts, and assures that such uses 10 adverse to the public interest. "Conditional use" means a land use that, because of its unique 11 12 characteristics or potential impact on the county, surrounding neighbors, or adjacent land uses, may not be compatible in some areas or may be compatible only if certain conditions are required that mitigate or 13 eliminate the detrimental impacts.

removal, or occupancy of any structure. Construction shall not be commenced, except after the issuance

Comment [c1]: Taken straight from state code. Being proposed for the new conditional use code. 17-27A-103

15 ...

#### **Title 102 - ADMINISTRATION** 16

17 ... CHAPTER 4. - PERMITS REQUIRED AND ENFORCEMENT LAND USE PERMIT, 18 **BUILDING PERMIT AND CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY** 19 20 21 Sec. 102-4-1. - Purpose and intent. 22 The purpose of this chapter is to establish the requirements for land use permits from the Pelanning 23 Delivision and building permits from the Beuilding Delivision. This chapter identifies the responsibilities for enforcing the requirements of this Land Use Code. 24 25 (Ord. of 1956, § 30-1; Ord. No. 33-78; Ord. No. 22-2001; Ord. No. 2009-28) 26 Sec. 102-4-2. - Building permit required. Comment [c2]: Moved to after Land Use Permit regulations 27 Building permits, as specified by the county, are required for any construction, alteration, repair,

8/17/15 CUP Code Revisions

of a written permit by the county building official.

Page 1 of 11

30	<del>(Ord. of 1956, § 30-2; Ord. No. 33-78; Ord. No. 22-2001; Ord. No. 2009-28)</del>	
31	Sec. 102-4-3 Certificate of occupancy required.	<b>Comment [c3]:</b> Remove this whole section to
32	No land shall be used or occupied and no building hereafter structurally altered or erected shall be	keep CofO from being a land use decision. Also add
33	used or changed in use, except for agricultural purposes, until a certificate of occupancy has been issued	changes necessary in 108-12-9, and in 108-1-2(a).
34	by the building official stating that the building or the proposed use thereof or the use of the land,	Search term "Certificate of Occupancy" to see if any other damage will be caused.
35	complies with the provisions of this chapter. A certificate of occupancy either for the whole or part of a	other damage will be caused.
36	building or structure shall be applied for coincidentally with the application for a building permit, and shall	
37	be issued within ten days after the erection or structural alteration of such building or structure or part	
38	thereof, shall have been completed in conformity with the provisions of this chapter.	
39	<del>(Ord. of 1956, § 30-3; Ord. No. 33-78; Ord. No. 22-2001; Ord. No. 2009-28)</del>	
40	Sec. 102-4-24 Land use permit required.	
41	(a) In order to verify zoning requirements and setbacks compliance with applicable regulations, all land	
42	uses that require a land use permit or conditional use permit by this Land Use Code are prohibited	
43	until a land use permit or conditional use permit has received final written approval from the	
44	appropriate Land Use Authority.	
45	(b) Nofor permitted or conditional uses, no structure, including agricultural structures, shall be	
46	constructed, changed in use, or altered, as provided or as restricted inregulated by this Land Use	
47	Code, until and unless a land use permit or, if applicable, a conditional use permit, has received final	
48	written approval from the appropriate Land Use Authority is approved and issued by the planning	
49	director or designee.	
50	(c) No application for permits or approvals governed by this Land Use Code shall be approved for any	
51	lot or parcel until all unresolved zoning, subdivision, building, business license, nuisance, or other	
52	violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are	
52 53		Comment [c4]: Moved from Supplementary
53	violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.	Comment [c4]: Moved from Supplementary Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54	violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.	
53 54 55	violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.  Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following:</li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following:         <ul> <li>(1) Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following:</li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following:         <ul> <li>(1) Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>(2) Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57 58	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following:         <ul> <li>(1) Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>(2) Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the violation by bringing the property into compliance or by diligently pursuing an amendment or</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57 58 59	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following:         <ul> <li>(1) Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>(2) Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following: <ol> <li>Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the violation by bringing the property into compliance or by diligently pursuing an amendment or modification to the permit, as may be allowed by this Land Use Code.</li> <li>In the event compliance cannot be attained the land owner shall be given a notice of the</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following: <ol> <li>Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the violation by bringing the property into compliance or by diligently pursuing an amendment or modification to the permit, as may be allowed by this Land Use Code.</li> <li>In the event compliance cannot be attained the land owner shall be given a notice of the</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 61	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following: <ol> <li>Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the violation by bringing the property into compliance or by diligently pursuing an amendment or modification to the permit, as may be allowed by this Land Use Code.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following: <ol> <li>Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the violation by bringing the property into compliance or by diligently pursuing an amendment or modification to the permit, as may be allowed by this Land Use Code.</li> <li>In the event compliance cannot be attained the land owner shall be given a notice of the impending permit revocation 14 days prior to final revocation. The notice of the impeding permit</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following: <ul> <li>(1) Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>(2) Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the violation by bringing the property into compliance or by diligently pursuing an amendment or modification to the permit, as may be allowed by this Land Use Code.</li> <li>(3) In the event compliance cannot be attained the land owner shall be given a notice of the impending permit revocation 14 days prior to final revocation. The notice of the right to request a hearing.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following: <ol> <li>Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the violation by bringing the property into compliance or by diligently pursuing an amendment or modification to the permit, as may be allowed by this Land Use Code.</li> <li>In the event compliance cannot be attained the land owner shall be given a notice of the impending permit revocation 14 days prior to final revocation. The notice of the right to request a hearing.</li> <li>The land owner shall have a right to a hearing with the Land Use Authority to show cause for</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. <ul> <li>A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following:</li> <li>(1) Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>(2) Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the violation by bringing the property into compliance or by diligently pursuing an amendment or modification to the permit, as may be allowed by this Land Use Code.</li> <li>(3) In the event compliance cannot be attained the land owner shall be given a notice of the impeding permit revocation 14 days prior to final revocation. The notice of the right to request a hearing.</li> <li>(4) The land owner shall have a right to a hearing with the Land Use Authority to show cause for why the permit should not be revoked, if a written request for such is submitted prior to a final written revocation of the permit shall be</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following: <ol> <li>Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the violation by bringing the property into compliance or by diligently pursuing an amendment or modification to the permit, as may be allowed by this Land Use Code.</li> <li>In the event compliance cannot be attained the land owner shall be given a notice of the impending permit revocation 14 days prior to final revocation. The notice of the right to request a hearing.</li> <li>The land owner shall have a right to a hearing with the Land Use Authority to show cause for</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. <ul> <li>A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following:</li> <li>(1) Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>(2) Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the violation by bringing the property into compliance or by diligently pursuing an amendment or modification to the permit, as may be allowed by this Land Use Code.</li> <li>(3) In the event compliance cannot be attained the land owner shall be given a notice of the impeding permit revocation 14 days prior to final revocation. The notice of the right to request a hearing.</li> <li>(4) The land owner shall have a right to a hearing with the Land Use Authority to show cause for why the permit should not be revoked, if a written request for such is submitted prior to a final written revocation of the permit shall be</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. <ul> <li>A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following:</li> <li>(1) Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>(2) Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the violation by bringing the property into compliance or by diligently pursuing an amendment or modification to the permit, as may be allowed by this Land Use Code.</li> <li>(3) In the event compliance cannot be attained the land owner shall be given a notice of the impending permit revocation 14 days prior to final revocation. The notice of the impeding permit revocation to days prior to final revocation. The notice of the impeding permit revocation to be revoked, if a written request for such is submitted prior to a final written revocation decision. If a hearing is requested, final revocation of the permit shall be stayed until after the hearing. The hearing shall be scheduled at a time specified by the Land Use Authority.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. <ul> <li>A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following:</li> <li>(1) Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>(2) Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the violation by bringing the property into compliance or by diligently pursuing an amendment or modification to the permit, as may be allowed by this Land Use Code.</li> <li>(3) In the event compliance cannot be attained the land owner shall be given a notice of the impending permit revocation 14 days prior to final revocation. The notice of the right to request a hearing.</li> <li>(4) The land owner shall have a right to a hearing with the Land Use Authority to show cause for why the permit should not be revoked, if a written request for such is submitted prior to a final written revocation decision. If a hearing is requested, final revocation of the permit shall be stayed until after the hearing. The hearing shall be scheduled at a time specified by the Land Use Authority.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. <ul> <li>A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following:</li> <li>(1) Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>(2) Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the violation by bringing the property into compliance or by diligently pursuing an amendment or modification to the permit, as may be allowed by this Land Use Code.</li> <li>(3) In the event compliance cannot be attained the land owner shall be given a notice of the impending permit revocation 14 days prior to final revocation. The notice of the right to request a hearing.</li> <li>(4) The land owner shall have a right to a hearing with the Land Use Authority to show cause for why the permit should not be revoked, if a written request for such is submitted prior to a final written revocation decision. If a hearing is requested, final revocation of the permit shall be staved until after the hearing. The hearing shall be scheduled at a time specified by the Land Use Authority.</li> <li>(5) Revocation of a permit is final upon the issuance of a final written decision. The final written decision may be appealed pursuant to Title 102, Chapter 3.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following: <ol> <li>Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the violation to the permit, as may be allowed by this Land Use Code.</li> <li>In the event compliance cannot be attained the land owner shall be given a notice of the impending permit revocation 14 days prior to final revocation. The notice of the right to request a hearing. </li> <li>The land owner shall have a right to a hearing with the Land Use Authority to show cause for why the permit should not be revoked, if a written request for such is submitted prior to a final written revocation of the permit shall be stayed until after the hearing. The hearing shall be scheduled at a time specified by the Land Use Authority.</li> <li>Revocation of a permit is final upon the issuance of a final written decision. The final written decision may be appealed pursuant to Title 102, Chapter 3. </li> </ol></li></ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text
53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72	<ul> <li>violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.</li> <li>Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation. <ul> <li>A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following:</li> <li>(1) Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.</li> <li>(2) Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the violation by bringing the property into compliance or by diligently pursuing an amendment or modification to the permit, as may be allowed by this Land Use Code.</li> <li>(3) In the event compliance cannot be attained the land owner shall be given a notice of the impending permit revocation 14 days prior to final revocation. The notice of the right to request a hearing.</li> <li>(4) The land owner shall have a right to a hearing with the Land Use Authority to show cause for why the permit should not be revoked, if a written request for such is submitted prior to a final written revocation decision. If a hearing is requested, final revocation of the permit shall be staved until after the hearing. The hearing shall be scheduled at a time specified by the Land Use Authority.</li> <li>(5) Revocation of a permit is final upon the issuance of a final written decision. The final written decision may be appealed pursuant to Title 102, Chapter 3.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Regulations Section 108-7-26, with minor text

Page **2** of **11** 

75	(Ord. of 1956, § 30-4; Ord. No. 33-78; Ord. No. 22-2001; Ord. No. 2009-28)
76 77 78	Sec. 102-4- <u>4</u> 5 Code enforcement. The <u>Pplanning Delirector is designated and authorized as the official charged with the enforcement of this chapterLand Use Code</u> .
79	(Ord. of 1956, § 30-5; Ord. No. 33-78; Ord. No. 22-2001; Ord. No. 2009-28)
80 81 82 83	Sec. 102-4-52 Building permit required. Building permits, as specified by the county, are required for any construction, alteration, repair, removal, or occupancy of any structure. Construction shall not be commenced, except after the issuance of a written permit by the <u>C</u> eounty <u>B</u> building <u>O</u> efficial.
84	<u>(Ord. of 1956, § 30-2; Ord. No. 33-78; Ord. No. 22-2001; Ord. No. 2009-28)</u>
85	
86 87 88 89 90	Sec. 102-4-6 Permits to comply with ordinance. The Building Oefficial shall not grant a permit for the construction or alteration of any building or structure if such construction or alteration is in violation of any provision of this chapterLand Use Code; nor shall any county official grant any permit or license for the use of any building or land if such use would be in violation of this chapterLand Use Code.
91	(Ord. of 1956, § 30-6; Ord. No. 33-78; Ord. No. 22-2001; Ord. No. 2009-28)
92 93 94 95 96 97	Sec. 102-4-7 Powers and duties of building official. It shall be the duty of the building official to inspect or cause to be inspected all setbacks of buildings in the course of construction or repair. The building official shall assist in the enforcement of all provisions of this chapter. The building official shall not issue any permit unless the plans of, and for, the proposed erection, construction, reconstruction, alteration and use fully conform to <u>all zoning regulations</u> <u>this Land</u> <u>Use Code</u> .
98	(Ord. of 1956, § 30-7; Ord. No. 33-78; Ord. No. 22-2001; Ord. No. 2009-28)
99	
100	Title 108 - STANDARDS
101	
102 103	CHAPTER 4 CONDITIONAL USES
104 105	Sec. 108-4-1 Purpose and intent. (a) The purposes of this Chapter are to:
106 107 108 109	(1) provide for the purpose and intent of the respective zones, and to provide for the vision, goals, and objectives of the respective general plans, by specifying general standards that may be applied by the Land Use Authority to a use listed as a conditional use in this Land Use Code; and
	8/17/15 CUP Code Revisions Page <b>3</b> of <b>11</b>

110 111	(2) provide a reasonable process for the application for, and timely review of, a conditional use permit.	
112 113 114 115 116	(b) The intent of providing conditional use regulations is to provide allowance for additional uses in each zone and give the Land Use Authority flexibility in applying reasonable conditions to effectively manage unique characteristics or detrimental effects of those uses, on a case by case basis. Conditions shall be related to the standards of this Chapter, or other applicable requirements of this Land Use Code.	
117 118 119	(a) The purpose of this chapter is to establish standards for land uses listed in each zone as a conditional use, and to provide for a reasonable application, review, and approval process for land uses that are specified as "conditional."	
120 121 122 123 124	(b) Conditional uses are intended to allow greater flexibility by providing a wider variety of uses in a zone, while at the same time allowing conditions to be applied, due to their unique characteristics or potential impacts on surrounding uses. These may be appropriate only in certain locations and/or under specific conditions that mitigate potential impacts. If impacts cannot be mitigated, the conditional use may be deemed incompatible in some areas.	
125	(Ord. of 1956, § 22C-1; Ord. No. 4-71; Ord. No. 2010-26, 11-16-2010)	
126	Sec. 108-4-2 Conditional use permit	Comment [c5]: See new CUP definition
127 128 129 130	(a) A conditional use permit shall be required for all uses listed as a conditional use in the Weber Countythis Land Use Code. The conditional use permit shall list all requirements determined appropriate to mitigate the impacts created by the use in order to make it acceptable at the specific location.	
131 132 133	(b) In the event a change is proposed <u>anticipated</u> from the <u>originally approved proposal or</u> conditions of the original approval, an amendment to the original conditional use permit shall be required <u>as</u> <u>provided herein</u> .	
134 135	(b)(c) A conditional use permit shall run with the property <del>,</del> unless the permit has expired_ or has been revoked <u>or the use has been abandoned</u> .	
136	(Ord. of 1956, § 22C-2; Ord. No. 4-71; Ord. No. 2010-26, 11-16-2010)	
137	Sec. 108-4-3. – <u>Application and Rr</u> eview procedure.	
138	Applications for a conditional use permit shall be submitted to the Pplanning Ddivision.	
139 140 141 142 143	(1) An application shall include: The application shall include the information in the following list; for those applications where no changes are proposed to an existing site or structure, or where the application requirements are unnecessary to demonstrate compliance with applicable ordinances and standards, the application requirements may be modified or consolidated by the Planning Director or designee:	
144	a. <u>a</u> A completed application form signed by the property owner or certified agent $\frac{1}{2^{n}}$	
145 146	<ul> <li><u>a</u>An application fee. The payment of a partial application fee, or the submittal of plans for a pre-submittal review, does not constitute a complete application <u>i</u>.</li> </ul>	
147 148	<u>c.</u> <u>aA</u> written narrative addressing the criteria of issuance section 108-4-4explaining the proposal. The narrative shall include, at a minimum, the following information:	
149	1. the name of the project:	
150	2. the name, home address, and, if applicable, business address of the applicant;	
151 152	<ol> <li>as applicable, the name and business address of the project designer or engineer; and</li> </ol>	

Page **4** of **11** 

153 154 155		1.4. a written explanation of how the proposal complies with the applicable standards of Ssection 108-4-5, and those applicable standards of Title 108, Chapter 1, and Title 108, Chapter 2; and
156 157	<u>d.</u>	a dDetailed location vicinity map. The map shall include, at a minimum, the following minimum information:
158		1. the name of the project;
159		2. a north arrow;
160 161		3. all significant natural and manmade features and existing structures within 200 feet of any portion of the proposed project area;
162		4. the property boundaries of the proposal; and
163		2.5. the names and site addresses of adjacent property owners; and
164 165	<u>e.</u>	a site plan of the proposal. The site plan shall be designed to provide, at a minimum, the following information:
166		1. the name of the project;
167		2. the name, home, and, if applicable, business address of the applicant;
168		3. if applicable, the name and business address of the project designer or engineer;
169 170		<ol> <li>a scale, which shall be sized appropriately to make the site plan easily and clearly legible;</li> </ol>
171		5. a north arrow pointing to the left or top of the sheet;
172 173		<ol> <li>the boundary of the site, including any building pad, public and private easements, and other areas affected by the proposal;</li> </ol>
174		7. the existing uses and ownership information for adjacent parcels;
175		8. existing zoning;
176 177		<ol> <li>total acreage of the entire affected property and, if the property is split by zoning, the total acreage of property in each zone;</li> </ol>
178 179		10. the location and width of existing and proposed roads, driveways, and parking areas, as may be applicable;
180 181		11. the location of any existing and proposed manmade features, including, but not limited to, bridges, railroad tracks, trails and pathways, structures, and fences;
182 183		12. the existing and, if applicable, proposed culinary water, irrigation water, and sanitary sewer or septic infrastructure;
184 185 186 187		13. the existing and proposed topographic contours, including, if applicable, any details necessary to explain proposed grade changes, fills or excavations, or any other earth work, together with any applicable drainage plans, storm water pollution prevention plans, and revegetation plans;
188 189 190		14. the location and type of existing landscaping and vegetation, and proposed changes thereto, if any. If applicable, location and type of new landscaping and vegetation;
191		15. The location of flood plain boundaries, if applicable; and
192 193 194		3-16. Any other proposed site improvements showing details and other applicable design and architectural requirements specified in Title 108, Chapter 1, and Title 108, Chapter 2; and

Page **5** of **11** 

195	Detailed build	ding plans and site plans. Detailed building plans and site plans specifications shall be	
196		le including electronic copies showing details and other applicable zoning requirements as	
197		tlined in chapter 1 of this title, Design review, and chapter 2 of this title, Ogden Valley	
198	Architectural	, Landscape and Screening Standards.	
199	<del>a</del>	Accompanying documents including water and wastewater feasibility letters.	
200	<del>b.</del>	Any additional pertinent information needed to adequately describe the proposal.	
201 202 203	<u>f.</u>	culinary water and sanitary sewer or septic verification, as may be applicable for the specific use. Culinary water and sanitary sewer or septic verification shall include feasibility letters from the applicable water and sanitary sewer or septic entity or agency;	
204 205 206 207 208	<u>g.</u>	<u>A requirement that the applicant submit applicable impact studies or other technical studies</u> that may be necessary to provide evidence of anticipated detrimental effects of the proposal or evidence of compliance with the applicable standards, as may be required by the Planning Director or County Engineer; regarding grading, drainage, traffic, geologie hazards, etcand	
209 210 211	<del>c.</del>	Any additional pertinent information needed to adequately describe the proposal, or provide evidence of compliance with the applicable standards, as determined by the Planning Director.	
212 213	<del>d.<u>h</u>.</del>	For those applications where no changes are proposed to an existing structure, the application requirements may be modified by the planning director.	
214	(2) Ap	plication <u>submittal and</u> review.	
215 216 217 218 219	a. b.	The application review procedure for proposed conditional uses Review of a conditional use permit application and the site plan will ensure is intended to verify compliance with all applicable ordinances and provide appropriate and reasonable mitigation of anticipated detrimental effects.	
220 221 222 223 224 225 226		<ol> <li>Pre-application meeting. Prior to submission of a complete application, aA pre- application meeting is required to be held with Planning Division staff, in which the applicant will provide preliminary site plans are reviewed and for Planning Division staff to review and discussed discuss with the applicant. This meeting is intended to provide the applicant with a better understanding of the conditional use process and requirements in order to assist with the submission of a complete application prior to finished plans being submitted for review;</li> </ol>	Formatted: Space After: 6 pt, Line spacing: single, Outline numbered + Level: 4 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.9" + Indent at: 1.2", Tab stops: Not at 2"
227 228 229 230 231		<ol> <li><u>Complete application submission. Upon assembling a complete application, the applicant shall submit it for substantive review. Incomplete applications shall not be accepted. Staff will review the application for completeness. In the event the application is incomplete, staff will return it to the applicant with a list of deficiencies. A review of the application for completeness;</u></li> </ol>	
232 233 234 235		<ol> <li>Referral of the application to reviewers. Upon acceptance of an application, planning staff shall transmit it to applicable reviewers as may be determined necessary to verify compliance with the standards of this chapter, or any other relevant requirements of this Land Use Code.</li> </ol>	
236 237 238 239		<ol> <li>Reviewer's recommendations. Within a reasonable timeframe, applicable reviewers shall forward to Planning Division staff reasonable recommendations for conditions necessary to substantially mitigate the reasonably anticipated detrimental effects of the proposed use in accordance with applicable standards.</li> </ol>	
240 241 242 243		5. Planning staff review and recommendation to the Land Use Authority. Planning staff shall review the application, together with any reasonable recommendations from applicable reviewers, to determine compliance with this Land Use Code. Planning staff shall assemble a staff recommendation, with conditions and findings.	

Page **6** of **11** 

244 245	for the application, then forward the recommendation with the application to the Land Use Authority for a final decision.		
246 247 248 249 250	3.6. Land Use Authority review and decision. Upon receipt of the application and staff recommendation the Land Use Authority shall make final decision on whether the application complies with this Land Use Code, in accordance with the requirements of Section 108-4-4. Final decisions shall be accompanied by any applicable conditions and relevant findings.		
251 252 253 254 255 256 257	7. The Planning Commission is the Land Use Authority for conditional use permits. De minimis revisions to a previously approved conditional use permit may be approved by the Planning Director provided it can be determined that the changes are slight, inconsequential, and not in violation of any substantive provision of this code. The Planning Director's written approval of a de minimis revision shall be appended to the written decision of the Planning Commission. Revisions that are de minimis shall not require public notice.		<b>Comment [c6]:</b> This is a placeholder until the Land Use Authority matrix is completed and the
258 259	<ol> <li>A review of the proposed site plan for compliance with applicable sections of the Land Use Code;</li> </ol>		land use table is completed. It may change after that.
260 261	A review of the proposed use and site plan to ascertain potential negative impacts and whether reasonable conditions can be imposed to mitigate those impacts.		Formatted: Space After: 6 pt, Line spacing: single, Outline numbered + Level: 4 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.9" + Indent at:
262	(Ord. of 1956, § 22C-3; Ord. No. 4-71; Ord. No. 2002-20; Ord. No. 2010-26, 11-16-2010)		1.2", Tab stops: Not at 2"
263 264 265	Sec. 108-4-4. — <u>Decision requirements.</u> Criteria for issuance of conditional use permit. Conditional uses shall be approved on a case-by-case basis. The planning commission shall not authorize a conditional use permit unless evidence is presented to establish:		
266 267 268 269 270 271 272 272	<ul> <li>(a) A conditional use shall be approved if reasonable conditions are proposed, or can be imposed, to substantially mitigate the reasonably anticipated detrimental effects of the proposed use in accordance with the standards of this chapter, or relevant standards or requirements of any other chapter of this Land Use Code. When considering any of the standards, the Land Use Authority shall consider the reasonably anticipated detrimental effects of the proposed use in the context of current conditions and, to the extent supported by law, the policy recommendations of the applicable general plan.</li> <li>(b) If the reasonably anticipated detrimental effects of a proposed conditional use cannot be</li> </ul>		Comment [c7]: Definition of "mitigate"; 1: to cause to become less harsh or hostile : mollify <aggressiveness may<br="">be mitigated or channeled — Ashley Montagus 2a: to make less severe or painful : <u>alleviate</u> b: <u>extenuate</u></aggressiveness>
274 275	substantially mitigated by the proposal or the imposition of reasonable conditions to achieve compliance with applicable standards, the conditional use may be denied.	\	Comment [c8]: From State Code. UCA §17-27a- 506.
276 277 278 279	(1) Reasonably anticipated detrimental effects of a proposed conditional use can be substantially mitigated by the proposal or by the imposition of reasonable conditions to achieve compliance with applicable standards. Examples of potential negative impacts are odor, vibration, light, dust, smoke, or noise.		In essence: find a way to enable the use, but mitigate the negative effects. Use standards to help mitigate the effects.
280 281	(2) That the proposed use will comply with the regulations and conditions specified in the Land Use Code and other applicable agency standards for such use.		Comment [C9]: Straight from State Code. UCA §17-27a-506.
282	(Ord. of 1956, § 22C-4; Ord. No. 4-71; Ord. No. 2010-26, 11-16-2010)		
283 284 285	<ul> <li>Sec. 108-4-5. – Conditional use standards.</li> <li>(a) The Land Use Authority may apply conditions of approval related to any of the standards of this section, provided that credible evidence exists that:</li> </ul>		
286	(1) the application of the standard is relevant to the use; and		
287 288	(2) the conditions are reasonable and necessary to substantially mitigate detrimental effects of the use as specified in the standard.		

Page **7** of **11** 

289 290 291		nd Use Authority shall consider the expertise and experience of applicable reviewers and d professionals to help determine credible evidence, relevant standards, and reasonable		
291		nal use standards are as follows:		
293	<u>(1) Sta</u>	indards relating to safety for persons and property.		<b>Comment [c10]:</b> Examples of conditions for mitigation may include any reasonable method of
294 295	<u>a.</u>	Mitigate injury, loss of life, property damage, or other disproportionate demand for services on applicable fire fighting agencies.		fire hazard avoidance or fire fighting, including, but not limited to: coordination and cooperation with
296 297	<u>b.</u>	Mitigate injury, loss of life, or other disproportionate demand for services on applicable emergency medical service agencies		the local fire authorities, site design and layout; building, structure, or other facility design and layout; defensible space; ingress and egress;
298 299 300	<u>C.</u>	Mitigate injury, loss of life, property damage, criminal activity, the need for added peace keeping activities, or other disproportionate demand for services on the County Sheriff's Office		emergency evacuation; fire fighting facilities; fire flow capacity; fire apparatus access; fire fighting staging; and other related fire hazards mitigation a authorize by local, state, and federal laws.
301 302	<u>d.</u>	Mitigate injury, loss of life, or property damage of any known geologic hazard or flood hazard, if credible evidence of such a detrimental effect is present.		Comment [c11]: Examples of conditions for mitigation may include coordination and cooperation with the fire and EMS agencies, and
303 304	<u>e.</u>	Mitigate the creation of traffic hazards and right-of-way conflicts, including mitigation of traffic hazards caused by:	$\backslash \setminus$	compensation for the need for additional fire and EMS presence beyond typical service levels.
305 306 307		<ol> <li>the location, massing, size, or height of buildings, structures, and other facilities, including signage, fencing, and landscaping;</li> <li>the frequency of heavy truck traffic to and from the site (i.e. import and export of</li> </ol>		<b>Comment [c12]:</b> Examples of conditions for mitigation may include coordination and cooperation with the Sheriff's Office, and compensation for the need for additional Sheriff's
308 309		materials, deliveries, etc.) to minimize right-of-way conflicts with regular vehicle and pedestrian traffic.	١	Deputy presence beyond typical service levels. Comment [c13]: Examples of conditions for mitigation may include appropriate design,
310 311	<u>f.</u>	Substantially mitigate the likelihood that the proposed use or facility may cause bodily injury or property damage to potential persons or property in the area.		construction, and location of structures, buildings and facilities.
312	<u>(2) Sta</u>	indards relating to infrastructure, amenities, and services.		Comment [14]: This standard is intended to be the "umbrella" standard to catch what the others do not. Much more difficult to track the outcomes, and the resulting conditions are going to be more difficult to defend without really good findings, but
313	<u>a.</u>	Mitigate undesirable vehicle or pedestrian traffic patterns or volumes.		
314 315 316	<u>b.</u>	Mitigate internal vehicle or pedestrian circulation inefficiencies onsite, and provide for adequate onsite parking given the unique specificities of the proposed use or the proposed site plan.		it may be useful when a proposal is presented that other standards do not catch.
317	<u>C.</u>	Mitigate material degradation of the level of service of any street.		<b>Comment [c15]:</b> Examples of conditions for mitigation: this may include provision for, relocation
318 319	<u>d.</u>	Mitigate material degradation of the level of service of any storm water drainage facility or infrastructure, and adequately provide for storm water drainage from the site.		of, or protection of infrastructure or amenities. Mitigation may take into consideration the existing and, if applicable, proposed configuration and size
320 321 322 323	<u>e.</u>	Mitigate material degradation of the level of service of any culinary and irrigation water facility or infrastructure, and, if applicable, provide adequate culinary and irrigation water service to the site. To help determine adequacy of culinary water provisions the Land Use Authority may require, but are not limited to, the following as a condition of approval of the		of streets, driveways, driveway and parking lot approaches, parking lots and/or parking spaces, and pedestrian pathways. Mitigation may also consider peak traffic demands, and other applicable infrastructure constraints.
324 325 326 327		<ul> <li><u>conditional use permit:</u> <ol> <li>written verification that the culinary water source of any new public water system can meet the requirements of the Utah Division of Drinking Water and/or the Weber Morgan Health Department; or</li> </ol> </li> </ul>		<b>Comment [c16]:</b> Examples of conditions for mitigation may include the provision for infrastructure or amenities for the reduction of vehicle and pedestrian conflicts; the provision of sufficient space for loading and unloading; the
328 329		<ul> <li><u>a capacity assessment letter from the Utah Division of Drinking Water for additional</u> <u>connections to any existing public water system; or</u></li> </ul>		provision of sufficient space and access to waste collection facilities; and the provision for additional parking lot standards beyond those required in
330 331 332		3. written verification that the source of any non-public well providing culinary water for the use meets the requirements of the Weber Morgan Health Department. This verification shall be based on a test of a new or existing well.		Section 108-8, including, but not limited to, number of parking spaces, parking space dimensions, parking lot isle dimensions, parking lot isle and driveway connections and configuration, and cross acress easements or agreements for adjacent

Page 8 of 11

#### nsible space; ingress and egress; evacuation; fire fighting facilities; fire y; fire apparatus access; fire fighting other related fire hazards mitigation as local, state, and federal laws. [c11]: Examples of conditions for nav include coordination and with the fire and EMS agencies, and on for the need for additional fire and ce beyond typical service levels.

[c16]: Examples of conditions for nay include the provision for re or amenities for the reduction of pedestrian conflicts; the provision of ace for loading and unloading; the sufficient space and access to waste cilities; and the provision for additional standards beyond those required in 8, including, but not limited to, number paces, parking space dimensions, sle dimensions, parking lot isle and nnections and configuration, and cross ments or agreements for adjacent properties.

333 334	<u>f.</u>	Mitigate material degradation of the level of service of any sanitary sewer service, and, if applicable, provide adequate sanitary sewer service to, or septic system on, the site.		
335 336	<u>g.</u>	Mitigate material degradation of the level of service of any other utility, and, if applicable, adequately provide such utility services to the site.		
337 338 339 340	<u>h.</u>	Mitigate material degradation of the level of service, functionality, capacity, or usability of the existing open spaces, public features, or recreational amenities in the area, and, if applicable, adequately provide additional open spaces, public features, or recreational amenities.		
341	<u>i.</u>	Mitigate any disproportionate demand for government services, generally.		
342	<u>(3) Sta</u>	andards relating to the environment.		
343 344 345 346	<u>a.</u>	Mitigate detrimental effects on the natural features of the site, and the surrounding affected areas, if credible evidence of such a detrimental effect is present; including, but not limited to, rivers and creeks, lakes, ponds, reservoirs, wetlands, drainage ways, ground water protection, and slopes.		
347 348 349 350 351	<u>b.</u>	Mitigate detrimental effects on the natural environment of the site, and the surrounding affected areas, if credible evidence of such a detrimental effect is present; including, but not limited to, wildlife, air quality, water quality (including erosion control), local natural resources, natural vegetation (including protection against noxious or invasive species), and wildland areas.		
352 353		andards relating to the <mark>current qualities and characteristics of the surrounding area and mail and and and and and and and and and and</mark>		<b>Comment [c17]:</b> There can be a lot of subjectivity in this determination. Stick to the facts.
353 354 355 356	<u>a.</u>	Provide buffering, screening, or fencing of the use or site, or provide other landscape features, sufficient to mitigate the proximity of incompatible uses, objectionable site features, and disharmony with existing and future land uses in the area.		subjectivity in this determination. Stick to the facts. Try not to be tempted to deny a permit because it does not comply with your interpretation of this. Try not to use this to overdesign the proposal so much that it is cost prohibitive. Instead, find reasonable ways to help the proposal fit in better. Look to existing design features in the area. Look to the design review standards for help. Strengthen the design review standards if necessary.
357 358	<u>b.</u>	Provide hours of operation appropriate for the general nature and character of existing land uses in the area to mitigate conflict or incompatibility with surrounding uses.		
359 360	<u>C.</u>	Provide reclamation, restoration, clean-up, or beautification of the site as the use evolves, or as the use is terminated, in order to mitigate aesthetic and nuisance effects.		<b>Comment [c18]:</b> Rather than denying an application because "it doesn't fit," help it fit by requiring these types of site features.
361 362 363	<u>d.</u>	Mitigate nuisance factors including, but not limited to, light and glare, noise, vibrations, smoke, dust, dirt, odors, gases, noxious matter, heat, electromagnetic disturbances, and radiation, if credible evidence of such a nuisance is present.		requiring these types of site reatures.
364 365	<u>e.</u>	Mitigate detrimental effects of the use considering the combined effect of it and other main uses on the property.		
366 367 368	<u>f.</u>	To the extent supported by law, mitigate other general detrimental effects in a manner that sustains the objectives and intentions of the County's general plan, future land use map (or proposed land use map), and this Land Use Code.		
369	<u>(5) Sta</u>	andards Relating to Performance.		
370 371 372	<u>a.</u>	Mitigate potential noncompliance or poor performance by providing appropriate performance measures, including, but not limited to, completion or performance bonds, completion agreements, and development agreements.		
373 374 375	<u>b.</u>	Mitigate potential noncompliance or poor performance by requiring regular review or monitoring of certain specified detrimental effects by an appropriately qualified professional.		
376	<u>(6) Sta</u>	andards Generally		
377 378	<u>a.</u>	Mitigate unsustainable effects on the economy of the surrounding area or County, generally, if credible evidence of such negative effects is present.		

Page **9** of **11** 

379 380 381	b. Provide appropriate mitigation of detrimental effects as required in standards found elsewhere in this Land Use Code in a manner that complies with this Land Use Code, and any other federal, state, or local regulation, as may be applicable.
382 383 384 385 386 387	(1)(7) Voluntary contributions providing satisfactory compliance with applicable standards. When considering a conditional use the Land Use Authority has discretion to determine satisfactory compliance with any applicable standard, requirement, provision, or restriction of this Chapter if the applicant has voluntarily offered a more desirable alternative to mitigate the reasonably anticipated detrimental effects of the use than those otherwise specified here. The Land Use Authority may require a development agreement to execute the voluntary alternative.
388 389 390 391	<ul> <li>Sec. 108-4-65 Appeal.</li> <li>(a) The decision of the planning commission The decision of the Land Use Authority may be appealed to the county commission Appeal Authority, in accordance with Title 102, Chapter 3 of this Land Use Code.</li> </ul>
392	(b) The Board of Adjustment is the Appeal Authority for conditional use permits.
393 394	A conditional use permit may be revoked by the planning commission upon failure to comply with the conditional use permit.
395	_(Ord. of 1956, § 22C-5; Ord. No. 4-71; Ord. No. 2010-26, 11-16-2010)
396 397 398	<ul> <li>Sec. 108-4-76 Permit and improvement guarantee.</li> <li>(a) Prior to the issuance of a conditional use permit the applicant shall submit the appropriate required letters and/or permits from the appropriate review agencies.</li> </ul>
399 400 401 402 403	(b) Prior to the issuance of <u>a</u> certificate of occupancy permit, a business license or any other permit required by the county, the developer shall deposit funds into an escrow account with the county engineering division for all off-site improvements and on-site landscaping <u>, as may be allowed by law</u> , as per the approved site plan, and for the completion of any <u>unin</u> completed improvements or conditions of approval.
404	(Ord. of 1956, § 22C-6; Ord. No. 4-71; Ord. No. 21-83; Ord. No. 2002-20; Ord. No. 2010-26, 11-16-2010)
405 406 407 408 409 410	<ul> <li>Sec. 108-4-87. — <u>Revocation and Eexpiration.</u> <ul> <li>(a) A conditional use permit may be revoked by the Land Use Authority upon failure to comply with the applicant's approved proposal, or any applied standard, or applicable requirement, provision, restriction, or condition of approval. Violation of any condition of approval of a conditional use permit shall constitute a violation of this Land Use Code. Rules for revocation are provided in Section 102- <u>4-3.</u></li> </ul> </li> </ul>
411 412 413 414 415	(a)(b) Unless there is substantial action under a conditional use permit within a maximum period of one year of its approval from the planning commissionLand Use Authority, the conditional use permit shall expire. The planning commissionLand Use Authority may grant a maximum extension of six months. Upon expiration of any extension of time granted by the planning commissionLand Use Authority, the approval for the conditional use permit shall expire and become null and void.
416	(Ord. of 1956, § 22C-7; Ord. No. 4-71; Ord. No. 2010-26, 11-16-2010)
417 418 419 420	Sec. 108-4- <u>9</u> 8 Discontinued <u>Abandoned</u> use. When an approved conditional use has been discontinued and/or abandoned for a period of one year, the conditional use permit becomes null and void. In order to restore the conditional use, a new application shall be filed for review and consideration by the <u>planning commissionLand Use Authority</u> .

421 (Ord. of 1956, § 22C-8; Ord. No. 4-71; Ord. No. 2010-26, 11-16-2010)

8/17/15 CUP Code Revisions

Page **10** of **11** 

422

8/17/15 CUP Code Revisions

Page **11** of **11** 

# Exhibit B: Code Change [Clean] – Conditional Uses

All ordinances not specifically addressed herein or otherwise represented by [...] shall remain unchanged by these revisions.

# 1 Title 101 - GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 2 ...
- 3 Sec. 101-1-7. Definitions.

4 ...

5 Use, conditional. "Conditional use" means a land use that, because of its unique characteristics or 6 potential impact on the county, surrounding neighbors, or adjacent land uses, may not be compatible in 7 some areas or may be compatible only if certain conditions are required that mitigate or eliminate the 8 detrimental impacts.

9 ...

# 10 Title 102 - ADMINISTRATION

11 ...

# 12 CHAPTER 4. – PERMITS REQUIRED AND ENFORCEMENT

13

# 14 Sec. 102-4-1. - Purpose and intent.

The purpose of this chapter is to establish the requirements for land use permits from the Planning Division and building permits from the Building Division. This chapter identifies the responsibilities for enforcing the requirements of this Land Use Code.

18 (Ord. of 1956, § 30-1; Ord. No. 33-78; Ord. No. 22-2001; Ord. No. 2009-28)

# 19 Sec. 102-4-2. - Land use permit required.

- (a) In order to verify compliance with applicable regulations, all land uses that require a land use permit
   or conditional use permit by this Land Use Code are prohibited until a land use permit or conditional
   use permit has received final written approval from the appropriate Land Use Authority.
- (b) No structure, including agricultural structures, shall be constructed, changed in use, or altered, as
   regulated by this Land Use Code, until and unless a land use permit or, if applicable, a conditional
   use permit, has received final written approval from the appropriate Land Use Authority.
- (c) No application for permits or approvals governed by this Land Use Code shall be approved for any
   lot or parcel until all unresolved zoning, subdivision, building, business license, nuisance, or other
   violations on the lot or parcel, or on any parcel included in any manner as part of the application, are
   resolved, unless approval of the application will resolve all of the existing violations.

# 30 Sec. 102-4-3. – Land use permit revocation.

A land use permit or conditional use permit may be revoked for violation of any part of this Land Use Code related to the specific use or permit in accordance with the following:

- (1) Revocation shall be conducted by the Land Use Authority that is authorized to approve the permit.
- (2) Prior to permit revocation, the land owner shall be given reasonable opportunity to resolve the
   violation by bringing the property into compliance or by diligently pursuing an amendment or
   modification to the permit, as may be allowed by this Land Use Code.
- (3) In the event compliance cannot be attained the land owner shall be given a notice of the impending permit revocation 14 days prior to final revocation. The notice of the impeding permit
   revocation shall specify the violation, and inform the land owner of the right to request a hearing.
- 42 (4) The land owner shall have a right to a hearing with the Land Use Authority to show cause for
  43 why the permit should not be revoked, if a written request for such is submitted prior to a final
  44 written revocation decision. If a hearing is requested, final revocation of the permit shall be
  45 stayed until after the hearing. The hearing shall be scheduled at a time specified by the Land
  46 Use Authority.
- 47 (5) Revocation of a permit is final upon the issuance of a final written decision. The final written decision may be appealed pursuant to Title 102, Chapter 3.
- 49 (6) Revocation of a permit shall not prohibit prosecution or any other legal action taken on account
   50 of the violation, as provided in this Land Use Code or any other applicable law.
- 51 (Ord. of 1956, § 30-4; Ord. No. 33-78; Ord. No. 22-2001; Ord. No. 2009-28)

# 52 Sec. 102-4-4. - Code enforcement.

53 The Planning Director is designated and authorized as the official charged with the enforcement of 54 this Land Use Code.

55 (Ord. of 1956, § 30-5; Ord. No. 33-78; Ord. No. 22-2001; Ord. No. 2009-28)

# 56 Sec. 102-4-5. - Building permit required.

57 Building permits, as specified by the county, are required for any construction, alteration, repair, 58 removal, or occupancy of any structure. Construction shall not be commenced, except after the issuance 59 of a written permit by the County Building Official.

60 (Ord. of 1956, § 30-2; Ord. No. 33-78; Ord. No. 22-2001; Ord. No. 2009-28)

# 61 Sec. 102-4-6. - Permits to comply with ordinance.

The Building Official shall not grant a permit for the construction or alteration of any building or structure if such construction or alteration is in violation of any provision of this Land Use Code; nor shall any county official grant any permit or license for the use of any building or land if such use would be in violation of this Land Use Code.

66 (Ord. of 1956, § 30-6; Ord. No. 33-78; Ord. No. 22-2001; Ord. No. 2009-28)

# 67 Sec. 102-4-7. - Powers and duties of building official.

68 It shall be the duty of the building official to inspect or cause to be inspected all setbacks of buildings 69 in the course of construction or repair. The building official shall assist in the enforcement of all provisions 70 of this chapter. The building official shall not issue any permit unless the plans of, and for, the proposed

rection, construction, reconstruction, alteration and use fully conform to this Land Use Code.

- 72 (Ord. of 1956, § 30-7; Ord. No. 33-78; Ord. No. 22-2001; Ord. No. 2009-28)
- 73 ...

# 74 Title 108 - STANDARDS

75 ...

# 76 CHAPTER 4. - CONDITIONAL USES

77

# 78 Sec. 108-4-1. - Purpose and intent.

- 79 (a) The purposes of this Chapter are to:
- 80 (1) provide for the purpose and intent of the respective zones, and to provide for the vision, goals,
   81 and objectives of the respective general plans, by specifying general standards that may be
   82 applied by the Land Use Authority to a use listed as a conditional use in this Land Use Code;
   83 and
- 84 (2) provide a reasonable process for the application for, and timely review of, a conditional use
   85 permit.
- (b) The intent of providing conditional use regulations is to provide allowance for additional uses in each
   zone and give the Land Use Authority flexibility in applying reasonable conditions to effectively
   manage unique characteristics or detrimental effects of those uses, on a case by case basis.
   Conditions shall be related to the standards of this Chapter, or other applicable requirements of this
   Land Use Code.
- 91 (Ord. of 1956, § 22C-1; Ord. No. 4-71; Ord. No. 2010-26, 11-16-2010)

# 92 Sec. 108-4-2. - Conditional use permit.

- 93 (a) A conditional use permit shall be required for all uses listed as a conditional use in this Land Use
   94 Code.
- (b) In the event a change is anticipated from the originally approved proposal or conditions of the original approval, an amendment to the original conditional use permit shall be required as provided herein.
- 98 (c) A conditional use permit shall run with the property unless the permit has expired or has been
   99 revoked or the use has been abandoned.
- 100 (Ord. of 1956, § 22C-2; Ord. No. 4-71; Ord. No. 2010-26, 11-16-2010)

# 101 Sec. 108-4-3. – Application and review procedure.

- 102 Applications for a conditional use permit shall be submitted to the Planning Division.
- 103 (1) The application shall include the information in the following list; for those applications where no
   104 changes are proposed to an existing site or structure, or where the application requirements are
   105 unnecessary to demonstrate compliance with applicable ordinances and standards, the
   106 application requirements may be modified or consolidated by the Planning Director or designee:
- a. a completed application form signed by the property owner or certified agent;
- 108b.an application fee. The payment of a partial application fee, or the submittal of plans for a109pre-submittal review, does not constitute a complete application;

110 111	C.	a written narrative explaining the proposal. The narrative shall include, at a minimum, the following information:
112		1. the name of the project;
113		<ol> <li>the name, home address, and, if applicable, business address of the applicant;</li> </ol>
114		<ol> <li>as applicable, the name and business address of the project designer or engineer;</li> </ol>
115		and
116		4. a written explanation of how the proposal complies with the applicable standards
117 118		of <u>Section 108-4-5</u> , and those applicable standards of Title 108, Chapter 1, and Title 108, Chapter 2; and
119	d.	a detailed vicinity map. The map shall include, at a minimum, the following information:
120		1. the name of the project;
121		2. a north arrow;
122 123		<ol> <li>all significant natural and manmade features and existing structures within 200 feet of any portion of the proposed project area;</li> </ol>
124		4. the property boundaries of the proposal; and
125		5. the names and site addresses of adjacent property owners; and
126 127	e.	a site plan of the proposal. The site plan shall be designed to provide, at a minimum, the following information:
128		1. the name of the project;
129		2. the name, home, and, if applicable, business address of the applicant;
130		3. if applicable, the name and business address of the project designer or engineer;
131 132		<ol> <li>a scale, which shall be sized appropriately to make the site plan easily and clearly legible;</li> </ol>
133		5. a north arrow pointing to the left or top of the sheet;
134 135		<ol><li>the boundary of the site, including any building pad, public and private easements, and other areas affected by the proposal;</li></ol>
136		<ol><li>the existing uses and ownership information for adjacent parcels;</li></ol>
137		8. existing zoning;
138 139		<ol> <li>total acreage of the entire affected property and, if the property is split by zoning, the total acreage of property in each zone;</li> </ol>
140 141		<ol> <li>the location and width of existing and proposed roads, driveways, and parking areas, as may be applicable;</li> </ol>
142 143		<ol> <li>the location of any existing and proposed manmade features, including, but not limited to, bridges, railroad tracks, trails and pathways, structures, and fences;</li> </ol>
144 145		<ol> <li>the existing and, if applicable, proposed culinary water, irrigation water, and sanitary sewer or septic infrastructure;</li> </ol>
146 147 148 149		<ol> <li>the existing and proposed topographic contours, including, if applicable, any details necessary to explain proposed grade changes, fills or excavations, or any other earth work, together with any applicable drainage plans, storm water pollution prevention plans, and revegetation plans;</li> </ol>
150 151 152		<ol> <li>the location and type of existing landscaping and vegetation, and proposed changes thereto, if any. If applicable, location and type of new landscaping and vegetation;</li> </ol>

153 15. The location of flood plain boundaries, if applicable; and 154 16. Any other proposed site improvements showing details and other applicable design and architectural requirements specified in Title 108, Chapter 1, and Title 108, 155 Chapter 2: and 156 f. culinary water and sanitary sewer or septic verification, as may be applicable for the 157 158 specific use. Culinary water and sanitary sewer or septic verification shall include feasibility letters from the applicable water and sanitary sewer or septic entity or agency; 159 160 applicable impact studies or other technical studies that may be necessary to provide g. evidence of anticipated detrimental effects of the proposal or evidence of compliance with 161 the applicable standards, as may be required by the Planning Director or County Engineer; 162 163 and 164 h. Any additional pertinent information needed to adequately describe the proposal, or provide evidence of compliance with the applicable standards, as determined by the 165 Planning Director. 166 167 (2) Application submittal and review. 168 Review of a conditional use permit application is intended to verify compliance with a. applicable ordinances and provide appropriate and reasonable mitigation of anticipated 169 170 detrimental effects. The application review procedure is as follows: 171 b. 172 Pre-application meeting. Prior to submission of a complete application, a pre-1. application meeting is required to be held with Planning Division staff, in which the 173 applicant will provide preliminary plans for Planning Division staff to review and 174 175 discuss with the applicant. This meeting is intended to provide the applicant with a 176 better understanding of the conditional use process and requirements in order to 177 assist with the submission of a complete application. Complete application submission. Upon assembling a complete application, the 178 2. 179 applicant shall submit it for substantive review. Incomplete applications shall not be 180 accepted. Staff will review the application for completeness. In the event the application is incomplete, staff will return it to the applicant with a list of 181 182 deficiencies. 183 Referral of the application to reviewers. Upon acceptance of an application, 3. 184 planning staff shall transmit it to applicable reviewers as may be determined 185 necessary to verify compliance with the standards of this chapter, or any other relevant requirements of this Land Use Code. 186 187 Reviewer's recommendations. Within a reasonable timeframe, applicable reviewers 4. 188 shall forward to Planning Division staff reasonable recommendations for conditions 189 necessary to substantially mitigate the reasonably anticipated detrimental effects of 190 the proposed use in accordance with applicable standards. 191 Planning staff review and recommendation to the Land Use Authority. Planning 5. 192 staff shall review the application, together with any reasonable recommendations from applicable reviewers, to determine compliance with this Land Use Code. 193 194 Planning staff shall assemble a staff recommendation, with conditions and findings, 195 for the application, then forward the recommendation with the application to the Land Use Authority for a final decision. 196 197 Land Use Authority review and decision. Upon receipt of the application and staff 6. recommendation the Land Use Authority shall make final decision on whether the 198 199 application complies with this Land Use Code, in accordance with the requirements 200 of Section 108-4-4. Final decisions shall be accompanied by any applicable 201 conditions and relevant findings.

- 2027.The Planning Commission is the Land Use Authority for conditional use permits. De203minimis revisions to a previously approved conditional use permit may be approved204by the Planning Director provided it can be determined that the changes are slight,205inconsequential, and not in violation of any substantive provision of this code. The206Planning Director's written approval of a de minimis revision shall be appended to207the written decision of the Planning Commission. Revisions that are de minimis208shall not require public notice.
- 209 (Ord. of 1956, § 22C-3; Ord. No. 4-71; Ord. No. 2002-20; Ord. No. 2010-26, 11-16-2010)

# 210 Sec. 108-4-4. – Decision requirements.

- (a) A conditional use shall be approved if reasonable conditions are proposed, or can be imposed, to substantially mitigate the reasonably anticipated detrimental effects of the proposed use in accordance with the standards of this chapter, or relevant standards or requirements of any other chapter of this Land Use Code. When considering any of the standards, the Land Use Authority shall consider the reasonably anticipated detrimental effects of the proposed use in the context of current conditions and, to the extent supported by law, the policy recommendations of the applicable general plan.
- (b) If the reasonably anticipated detrimental effects of a proposed conditional use cannot be
   substantially mitigated by the proposal or the imposition of reasonable conditions to achieve
   compliance with applicable standards, the conditional use may be denied.
- 221 (Ord. of 1956, § 22C-4; Ord. No. 4-71; Ord. No. 2010-26, 11-16-2010)

# 222 Sec. 108-4-5. – Conditional use standards.

- (a) The Land Use Authority may apply conditions of approval related to any of the standards of this
   section, provided that credible evidence exists that:
- 225 (1) the application of the standard is relevant to the use; and
- (2) the conditions are reasonable and necessary to substantially mitigate detrimental effects of the use as specified in the standard.
- (b) The Land Use Authority shall consider the expertise and experience of applicable reviewers and qualified professionals to help determine credible evidence, relevant standards, and reasonable conditions.
- 231 (c) Conditional use standards are as follows:
- 232 (1) Standards relating to safety for persons and property.
- a. Mitigate injury, loss of life, property damage, or other disproportionate demand for services
   on applicable fire fighting agencies.
- b. Mitigate injury, loss of life, or other disproportionate demand for services on applicable
   emergency medical service agencies.
- c. Mitigate injury, loss of life, property damage, criminal activity, the need for added peace
   keeping activities, or other disproportionate demand for services on the County Sheriff's
   Office.
- 240d.Mitigate injury, loss of life, or property damage of any known geologic hazard or flood241hazard, if credible evidence of such a detrimental effect is present.
- e. Mitigate the creation of traffic hazards and right-of-way conflicts, including mitigation of traffic hazards caused by:
- the location, massing, size, or height of buildings, structures, and other facilities,
   including signage, fencing, and landscaping;

246 247 248		<ol> <li>the frequency of heavy truck traffic to and from the site (i.e. import and export of materials, deliveries, etc.) to minimize right-of-way conflicts with regular vehicle and pedestrian traffic.</li> </ol>
249 250	f.	Substantially mitigate the likelihood that the proposed use or facility may cause bodily injury or property damage to potential persons or property in the area.
251	(2) Sta	ndards relating to infrastructure, amenities, and services.
252	a.	Mitigate undesirable vehicle or pedestrian traffic patterns or volumes.
253 254 255	b.	Mitigate internal vehicle or pedestrian circulation inefficiencies onsite, and provide for adequate onsite parking given the unique specificities of the proposed use or the proposed site plan.
256	C.	Mitigate material degradation of the level of service of any street.
257 258	d.	Mitigate material degradation of the level of service of any storm water drainage facility or infrastructure, and adequately provide for storm water drainage from the site.
259 260 261 262 263	e.	Mitigate material degradation of the level of service of any culinary and irrigation water facility or infrastructure, and, if applicable, provide adequate culinary and irrigation water service to the site. To help determine adequacy of culinary water provisions the Land Use Authority may require, but are not limited to, the following as a condition of approval of the conditional use permit:
264 265 266		<ol> <li>written verification that the culinary water source of any new public water system can meet the requirements of the Utah Division of Drinking Water and/or the Weber Morgan Health Department; or</li> </ol>
267 268		2. a capacity assessment letter from the Utah Division of Drinking Water for additional connections to any existing public water system; or
269 270 271		<ol> <li>written verification that the source of any non-public well providing culinary water for the use meets the requirements of the Weber Morgan Health Department. This verification shall be based on a test of a new or existing well.</li> </ol>
272 273	f.	Mitigate material degradation of the level of service of any sanitary sewer service, and, if applicable, provide adequate sanitary sewer service to, or septic system on, the site.
274 275	g.	Mitigate material degradation of the level of service of any other utility, and, if applicable, adequately provide such utility services to the site.
276 277 278 279	h.	Mitigate material degradation of the level of service, functionality, capacity, or usability of the existing open spaces, public features, or recreational amenities in the area, and, if applicable, adequately provide additional open spaces, public features, or recreational amenities.
280	i.	Mitigate any disproportionate demand for government services, generally.
281	(3) Sta	ndards relating to the environment.
282 283 284 285	a.	Mitigate detrimental effects on the natural features of the site, and the surrounding affected areas, if credible evidence of such a detrimental effect is present; including, but not limited to, rivers and creeks, lakes, ponds, reservoirs, wetlands, drainage ways, ground water protection, and slopes.
286 287 288 289 290	b.	Mitigate detrimental effects on the natural environment of the site, and the surrounding affected areas, if credible evidence of such a detrimental effect is present; including, but not limited to, wildlife, air quality, water quality (including erosion control), local natural resources, natural vegetation (including protection against noxious or invasive species), and wildland areas.

291 292		indards relating to the current qualities and characteristics of the surrounding area and npliance with the intent of the general plan.			
293 294 295	a.	Provide buffering, screening, or fencing of the use or site, or provide other landscape features, sufficient to mitigate the proximity of incompatible uses, objectionable site features, and disharmony with existing and future land uses in the area.			
296 297	b.	Provide hours of operation appropriate for the general nature and character of existing land uses in the area to mitigate conflict or incompatibility with surrounding uses.			
298 299	С.	Provide reclamation, restoration, clean-up, or beautification of the site as the use evolves, or as the use is terminated, in order to mitigate aesthetic and nuisance effects.			
300 301 302	d.	Mitigate nuisance factors including, but not limited to, light and glare, noise, vibrations, smoke, dust, dirt, odors, gases, noxious matter, heat, electromagnetic disturbances, and radiation, if credible evidence of such a nuisance is present.			
303 304	e.	Mitigate detrimental effects of the use considering the combined effect of it and other main uses on the property.			
305 306 307	f.	To the extent supported by law, mitigate other general detrimental effects in a manner that sustains the objectives and intentions of the County's general plan, future land use map (or proposed land use map), and this Land Use Code.			
308	308 (5) Standards Relating to Performance.				
309 310 311	a.	Mitigate potential noncompliance or poor performance by providing appropriate performance measures, including, but not limited to, completion or performance bonds, completion agreements, and development agreements.			
312 313 314	b.	Mitigate potential noncompliance or poor performance by requiring regular review or monitoring of certain specified detrimental effects by an appropriately qualified professional.			
315	L5 (6) Standards Generally				
316 317	a.	Mitigate unsustainable effects on the economy of the surrounding area or County, generally, if credible evidence of such negative effects is present.			
318 319 320	b.	Provide appropriate mitigation of detrimental effects as required in standards found elsewhere in this Land Use Code in a manner that complies with this Land Use Code, and any other federal, state, or local regulation, as may be applicable.			
321 322 323 324 325 326	cor cor the ant	untary contributions providing satisfactory compliance with applicable standards. When nsidering a conditional use the Land Use Authority has discretion to determine satisfactory npliance with any applicable standard, requirement, provision, or restriction of this Chapter if applicant has voluntarily offered a more desirable alternative to mitigate the reasonably icipated detrimental effects of the use than those otherwise specified here. The Land Use thority may require a development agreement to execute the voluntary alternative.			
327 Sec. 108-4-6 Appeal.					
328 329		(a) The decision of the Land Use Authority may be appealed to the Appeal Authority, in accordance with Title 102, Chapter 3 of this Land Use Code.			
330	(b) The Boa	The Board of Adjustment is the Appeal Authority for conditional use permits.			

- 330 (b) The Board of Adjustment is the Appeal Authority for conditional use permits.
- 331 (Ord. of 1956, § 22C-5; Ord. No. 4-71; Ord. No. 2010-26, 11-16-2010)

# 332 Sec. 108-4-7. - Permit and improvement guarantee.

333 (a) Prior to the issuance of a conditional use permit the applicant shall submit the appropriate required
 334 letters and/or permits from the appropriate review agencies.

- (b) Prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy permit, a business license or any other permit
   required by the county, the developer shall deposit funds into an escrow account with the county
   engineering division for all off-site improvements and on-site landscaping, as may be allowed by law,
   as per the approved site plan, and for the completion of any incomplete improvements or conditions
   of approval.
- 340 (Ord. of 1956, § 22C-6; Ord. No. 4-71; Ord. No. 21-83; Ord. No. 2002-20; Ord. No. 2010-26, 11-16-2010)

# 341 Sec. 108-4-8. – Revocation and expiration.

- (a) A conditional use permit may be revoked by the Land Use Authority upon failure to comply with the applicant's approved proposal, or any applied standard, or applicable requirement, provision, restriction, or condition of approval. Violation of any condition of approval of a conditional use permit shall constitute a violation of this Land Use Code. Rules for revocation are provided in Section 102-346
- (b) Unless there is substantial action under a conditional use permit within a maximum period of one year of its approval from the Land Use Authority, the conditional use permit shall expire. The Land Use Authority may grant a maximum extension of six months. Upon expiration of any extension of time granted by the Land Use Authority, the approval for the conditional use permit shall expire and become null and void.
- 352 (Ord. of 1956, § 22C-7; Ord. No. 4-71; Ord. No. 2010-26, 11-16-2010)

# 353 Sec. 108-4-9. - Abandoned use.

When an approved conditional use has been discontinued and/or abandoned for a period of one year, the conditional use permit becomes null and void. In order to restore the conditional use, a new application shall be filed for review and consideration by the Land Use Authority.

357 (Ord. of 1956, § 22C-8; Ord. No. 4-71; Ord. No. 2010-26, 11-16-2010)

358

# Attachment B

# Weber County Land Use Code Revision Process Workflow

This flowchart is intended to illustrate the intended course of the revision process. It is not an absolute plan, and deviations may occur as more information is gathered, but it will provide the Planning Commission with an

idea where we are in the process at any given time. Staff will refer to this structure regularly.

