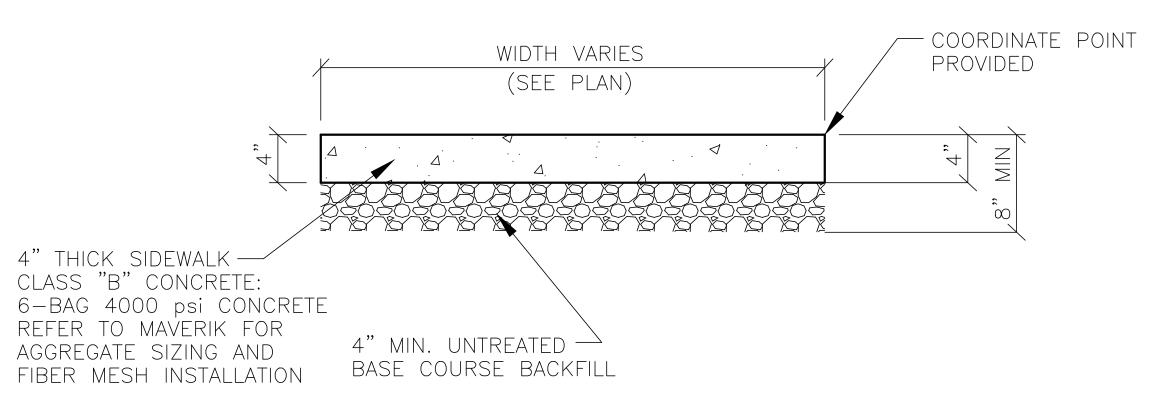


## Standard Sewer Manhole SCALE: NONE



## Walkway Detail

SCALE: NONE (REFER TO SITE SPECIFIC GEOTECHNICAL REPORT)

**Storm Runoff Calculations Edgewater Estates-Phase 1** 7/31/2012 skt

The coloulations are as follows:

THESE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS ARE THE PROPERTY OF REEVE & ASSOCIATES, INC., 920 CHAMBERS STREET, SUITE #14, OGDEN, UTAH 84403, AND SHALL NOT BE PHOTOCOPIED, RE-DRAWN, OR USED ON ANY PROJECT OTHER THAN THE PROJECT SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED FOR WITHOUT THEIR CONSENT.

The following runoff calculations are based on the Rainfall - Intensity - Duration Frequency Curve for the Huntsville, UT area taken from data compiled by NOAA Atlas14, using a 100 year storm.

Runoff storm water has been calculated for two different sets of conditions, one being the existing undeveloped land and the other with land fully improved. The difference between the two quantities will be detained in a holding pond. All water that runs off and over the property at present will be diverted into the holding pond and released at a reduced rate into the existing drainage system.

Ç =	0.2
	3.20 IN./HR. CiA
A =	3.80 ACRES
	2.43 CFS
	i = Q =

Paved Area

Landscaped Area

Weighted Runoff Coefficient	C = 0.47
Rainfall Intensity Runoff Quantity	<ul><li>i = varies with time</li><li>Q = CiA</li></ul>
3. Detention Basin	
Volume in	Q *t
Volume out	2.43 *t

C = 0.9

C = 0.2

C = 0.8

39,774

97,776

28,173

The capacity of the detention basin is calculated as the maximum difference between the volume flowing in and the volume flowing out.

The outflow from the detention basin is limited to outflow if undeveloped. 2.43 cfs for Q outflow

The required volume of the detention basin is 5,917 cubic feet 7.2 INCH DIAMETER ORIFICE AT OUTLET

**Storm Runoff Calculations** 

**Edgewater Estates-Full** 7/31/2012 sкт

Volume in

Volume out

The following runoff calculations are based on the Rainfall - Intensity - Duration Frequency Curve for the Huntsville, UT area taken from data compiled by NOAA Atlas14, using a 100 year storm.

Runoff storm water has been calculated for two different sets of conditions, one being the existing undeveloped land and the other with land fully improved. The difference between the two quantities will be detained in a holding pond. All water that runs off and over the property at present will be diverted into the holding pond and released at a reduced rate into the existing drainage system.

> C = 0.2 i = 3.20 IN./HR.

Q = CiA

Q \* t

8.34 \* t

A = 13.02 ACRES

Th	e calculations are as follows:
1.	Runoff from the undeveloped existing land.
	Runoff Coefficient
	Rainfall Intensity
	Runoff Quantity

Q(out) = C*i*A = 8.34 CF		8.34 CFS	
Runoff from develop Runoff Coe			
	Paved Area	135,807	C = 0.9
	Landscaped Area	334,282	C = 0.2
	Roof	97,276	C = 0.8
Weighted R	tunoff Coefficient		C = 0.4
Rainfall Intensity		i = varies with time	
Runoff Qua	ntity	Q = CiA	
3. Detention Basin			

The capacity of the detention basin is calculated as the maximum difference between the volume flowing in and the volume flowing out.

The outflow from the detention basin is limited to outflow if undeveloped. 8.34 cfs for Q outflow

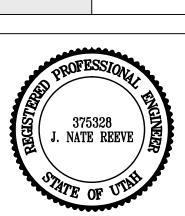
The required volume of the detention basin is 20,288 cubic feet USE A 13.3 INCH DIAMETER ORIFICE AT OUTLET

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**V** 



Project Info. J. NATE REEVE, P.E. R. HANSEN Begin Date: JULY 09, 2012 EDGEWATER ESTATES PHASE-1

Sheet

Number: <u>5917–15</u>

Sheets