### 1 Sec. 101-1-7. - Definitions.

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Custom exempt meat cutting. The term "custom exempt meat cutting" means the cutting, wrapping, and preparation of meat for human consumption; provided, however, that the source of meat shall be limited to animals that are part of one or more livestock operation(s) in Weber County, and/or wild game.

When used in this Code, the following words and phrases have the meaning ascribed to them in this

Dark sky. The term "dark sky" means a night-time sky that is substantially free of interference from artificial light.

### 11 Dairy. The term "dairy" means a commercial establishment for the manufacture or processing of 12 dairy products.

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Glamorous camping (glamping), agri-tourism. The term "agri-tourism glamorous camping (glamping)" means an agri-tourism use/activity that provides the opportunity for agri-tourists to rent, on a nightly basis, fully furnished tents and/or rustic cabin sites that are characterized by furnishings, amenities, and comforts offered by that of a luxury hotel room. Furnishings, amenities, and comforts may include but not

be limited to, luxurious decor, beds, linens, baths, veranda, spa services, concierge, dining, and chef.

19 Glare. The term "glare" means light, originating from a direct artificial light source, or any light
 20 reflected off a reflective surface, that causes visual discomfort or reduced visibility.

Grade, natural/existing (adjacent ground elevation). The term "grade, natural/existing (adjacent ground elevation)" means the lowest point of elevation of the finished surface of the natural ground, paving or sidewalk within the area between the building and the property line or, when the property line is more than five feet from the building, between the building or structure and a line five feet from the building or structure.

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27 *Landscape plan.* The term "landscape plan" means:

section, unless the context indicates a different meaning:

- (1) Detailed plans depicting the layout and design for landscaping, including, but not limited to
   location, height and materials of walls, fences, hedges and screen plantings;
- 30 (2) Ground cover plantings or other surfacing to break monotony of building materials, concrete and
   31 asphalt;
- (3) Number, type and mature and planted size of all landscape plantings; method of irrigation,
   location of water meter, piping, pumps, timers, point of connection and any blow-out or
   winterizing system; location, type and size of any existing trees over four-inch caliper;
  - (4) Location, type and size of any existing landscaping not planned for removal; location, type and size of any decorative lighting systems.

137 Light, direct artificial. The term "direct artificial light" means any light cast directly to an illuminated 138 area from an artificial light source, as defined by this section, or from any surface on or within the artificial 139 light source's luminaire that is intended to reflect, refract, or diffuse light from the artificial light source. 140 This does not include light reflected, refracted, or diffused from other surfaces such as nonreflective 141 surfaces on or within the luminaire, or the ground or adjacent walls, provided those surfaces are not 142 primarily intended for the reflection, refraction, or diffusion of the artificial light source. See also Section 108-16-9 for a graphic depiction.

Light pollution. The term "light pollution" means any artificial light that is emitted either directly or
 indirectly by reflection that alters the appearance of the night-time sky; interferes with astronomical

Comment [c1]: Check reference

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## 12/27/16

46 47	observations; interferes with the natural functioning of native wildlife, or disrupts the community character as defined in the applicable general plan for the area.	
48 49	Light source, artificial. The term "artificial light source" means the part of a lighting device that produces light. See also Section 108-16-9 for a graphic depiction.	Comment [c2]: Check reference
50 51 52 53	Light trespass. The term "light trespass" means the projection of any light from a direct artificial light outside the lot or parcel boundary or street right-of-way where the artificial light source is located, unless the projection outside the lot or parcel boundary or street right-of-way is intended, wanted, and lawfully permitted. See also Section 108-16-11 for a graphic depiction.	Comment [c3]: Check reference
54 55 56 57	Lighting, outdoor. The term "outdoor lighting" means the illumination of an outdoor area or object by any outdoor artificial light source. Outdoor lighting also includes the illumination of an outdoor area or object by direct artificial light projected from an indoor artificial light source through a window, door, or similar opening.	Comment [c4]: Check reference Comment [c5]: See standards/exemptions in 108-16-5
58 59 60 61	Lighting, recreation facility. The term "recreation facility lighting" means outdoor lighting used to illuminate the recreation activity area of a stadium, sports field or court, rink, ski area, swimming pool, theater, amphitheater, arena, or any similar use intended for recreational activity. See also Section 108-16-15 for a graphic depiction.	Comment [c6]: Check reference
62 63 64 65	Livestock feed yard. The term "livestock feed yard" means a commercial operation on a parcel of land where livestock are kept in corrals or yards for extended periods of time at a density which permits little movement and where all feed is provided for the purpose of fattening or maintaining the condition of livestock prior to their shipment to a stockyard for sale, etc.	Comment [c7]: Check reference
66 67 68 69	<i>Qualified professional.</i> The term "qualified professional" means a professionally trained person with the requisite academic degree, experience and professional certification or license in the field or fields relating to the subject matter being studied or analyzed.	
70 71 72 73 74 75 76	<i>Sign</i> ; area. The term "area signsign area" means the area of a sign that is used for display purposes, including the minimum frame and supports. In computing sign area, only one side of back to back signs covering the same subject shall be computed when the signs are parallel or diverge from a common edge by an angle of not more than 45 degrees. In relation to signs that do not have a frame or a separate background, sign area shall be computed on the basis of the least rectangle, triangle or circle large enough to frame the display.	
77 78	Sign face. The term "sign face" means the area of a sign that is designed to present or convey a message or attract attention, exclusive of structural support members.	
79 80 81 82 83	<i>Sign.</i> The term "sign" means any object, device, display, or structure, or part thereof that is used to advertise, identify, display, direct or attract attention to an object, person, institution, organization, business, product, service, event, or location by any means, including, but not limited to words, letters, figures, designs, symbols, fixtures, colors, illumination, or projected images.	
84 85	Sign, advertising. The term "advertising sign" means an off-premises sign 20 square feet or less in area.	
86 87	<i>Sign, animated.</i> The term "animated sign" means a sign employing actual motion, the illusion of motion or light and/or color changes achieved through mechanical, electrical or electronic means.	
88 89 90 91 92 93	Sign, area. The term "area sign" means the area of a sign that is used for display purposes, including the minimum frame and supports. In computing sign area, only one side of back to back signs covering the same subject shall be computed when the signs are parallel or diverge from a common edge by an angle of not more than 45 degrees. In relation to signs that do not have a frame or a separate background, sign area shall be computed on the basis of the least rectangle, triangle or circle large enough to frame the display.	

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94 95 96 97	Sign, athletic field scoreboard. The term "athletic field scoreboard sign" means a sign which is erected at a public or private park or public or private school for the purpose of providing game scores or other information about the game in progress. Advertising by the sign donor shall be limited to 50 percent of the total sign area.					
98						
99 100 101	Sign, conservation property. The term "conservation property sign" means a sign that is placed on a parcel with a minimum area of ten acres that is encumbered by a conservation easement held by an organization or government entity as authorized by UCA §57-18-3.					
102						
103 104 105	<i>Sign, development.</i> The term "sign, development <u>development sign</u> " means a temporary business sign identifying a construction project or subdivision development. The sign may contain the name of the project, name and an address of the construction firms, architect and developer.					
106 107	Sign, face. The term "face sign" means the area of a sign that is designed to present or convey a message or attract attention, exclusive of structural support members.					
108						
109 110 111	Sign, freestanding (pole sign). The term "freestanding sign (pole sign)" or "pole sign" means any sign supported by a singleone or more poles or a support that is placed on or anchored in the ground and that is independent, unattached, or not braced from any building or other structure.					
112						
113 114	<i>Sign, illuminated.</i> The term "illuminated sign" means a sign which has characters, letters, figures, designs, or outline illuminated by electric lights or luminous tubes as a part of the sign proper.					
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116 117	Sign, pole. The term "pole sign" means a freestanding sign that is mounted atop one or more poles and not attached or braced by any other structure. See sign, freestanding.					
118						
119	CHAPTER 16 OGDEN VALLEY <u>OUTDOOR</u> LIGHTING					
120	Sec. 108-16-1 Purpose and intent.					
121 122 123 124	The purpose and intent of this chapter is to promote the community character of the Ogden Valley, as provided for in the Ogden Valley General Plan, by providing regulations and encouragement for the preservation of a dark sky. This chapter is also intended to promote the health, safety, and general welfare of Ogden Valley residents and visitors by:					
125	(1) Reducing, eliminating, or preventing light trespass;					
126	(2) Reducing, eliminating, or preventing unnecessary or inappropriate outdoor lighting;					
127	(3) Reducing, eliminating, or preventing the effects of outdoor lighting on wildlife:					
128	(4) Preventing unsightly and unsafe glare;					
129	(5) Promoting energy conservation;					
130	(6) Maintaining nighttime safety, utility, and security;					
131	(7) Encouraging a minimal light footprint of land uses in order to reduce light pollution; and	 Com	nent [c8	: New defir	nition in 101-:	1-7.
132 133	(8) Promoting and supporting astrotourism and recreation, including the pursuit or retention of accreditation of local parks by the International Dark Sky association.					
134 135	In order to preserve the rural character and public values of the Ogden Valley, this chapter is intended to regulate the permitted use of outdoor artificial illuminating devices emitting undesirable rays					

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## 12/27/16

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136 137 138	into the night sky, glare to oncoming traffic, intrusion of light onto adjacent properties, and light pollution in general, which may have a detrimental effect on the welfare and safety of the populace, as well as the ambiance and rural character of the valley.	
139	Sec. 108-16-2 Applicability.	
140 141 142	(a) New outdoor lighting. Except as provided in subsection (c) below, all outdoor lighting installed after March 1, 2017, shall conform to the requirements established by this chapter. This chapter does not apply to indoor lighting except as defined by "outdoor lighting" in Section 101-1-7.	
143 144 145 146	(b) Existing outdoor lighting. Except as provided in subsection (c) below, all existing outdoor lighting that does not meet the requirements of this chapter and is not exempted by this chapter shall be considered a nonconforming use and as such shall be phased out as outlined in Section 108-16-7 of this chapter.	Comment [c9]:
147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154	(c) Lighting for residential use. The lighting standards of this section are not mandatory for a single-family, two-family, or three-family dwelling. The county may employ educational methods to encourage voluntary compliance for these residential uses. For the purpose of facilitating education and for tracking the effect of not applying a mandate, the county may require submittal of final lighting plans for these residential uses pursuant to 108-16-6(b)(1); if required, final lighting plans shall be submitted either at the time of application submittal or prior to certificate of occupancy, at the Planning Director's determination. The county may also require the applicant to sign an acknowledgement of review of educational materials.	
154 155 156	(d) Conflict. Should this chapter be found to be in conflict with other sections of this code, the more restrictive shall apply.	Comment [c10]
157 158	This chapter applies to commercial, industrial, multifamily, public and quasi-public uses. Sec. 108-16-3. Conformance with applicable regulations.	
159 160 161	(a) All outdoor artificial illuminating devices, unless exempted, shall be installed in conformance with the provisions of this chapter, the Land Use Code, and any building codes which may hereafter be enacted, as applicable.	
162 163 164	(b) Where any provisions of any of the state code or any federal law, or any companion land use ordinance comparatively conflicts with the requirements of this outdoor light control ordinance, the most restrictive shall be applied.	
165	Sec. 108-16-4. Definitions.	
166 167	The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:	
168 169	Individual means any private individual, tenant, lessee, owner, or any commercial entity including but not limited to companies, partnerships, joint ventures, or corporations.	
170 171 172	Installed means the initial installation of outdoor light fixtures defined herein, following the effective date of the ordinance from which this chapter is derived but shall not apply to those outdoor light fixtures installed prior to such date, unless such light fixtures are replaced or significantly, structurally altered.	
173 174 175	Outdoor light fixtures means outdoor artificial illuminating devices, outdoor fixtures, lamps and other devices, permanent or portable, used for illumination or advertisement. Such devices shall include, but are not limited to lights for:	
176	(1) Building and structures;	
177	(2) Recreation areas;	
178	( <del>3) Parking lot lighting;</del>	
179	(4) Landscape lighting;	

Check reference.

: Thoughts?

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	12/27/16	
180	<del>(5) American Flag;</del>	
181	<del>(6) Advertising or other signage;</del>	
182	(7) Street lighting; and/or	
183	(8) Fostive lighting:	
184 185 186 187	a. Festive, festoon or strings of lights, which are suspended from an electrical conductor or messenger cable, between two points, and limited to small individual bulbs on a string where the spacing of bulbs is not closer than three inches and where the output per bulb is no greater than four watts.	
188 189 190	<ul> <li>Festive lighting may be used to outline structures and landscaping; however, they shall not blink, flash or simulate motion. Festive lights are encouraged to be turned off by 10:00 p.m. or after close of the individual's business hours.</li> </ul>	
191 192	c. Festive lighting, as defined in subsection (8)a of this section is exempt from other requirements of this chapter.	
193	Sec. 108-16-3 General standards.	
194 195 196	(a) Light shielding and direction. Unless specifically exempted in Section 108-16-5, all outdoor lighting shall be fully shielded and downward directed in compliance with the following, examples of which are graphically depicted in Section 108-16-10:	
197	(1) No artificial light source shall project direct artificial light into the night-time sky:	
198 199	(2) No artificial light source shall be placed at a location, angle, or height that creates a light trespass, as defined in Section 101-1-7 and graphically depicted in Section 108-16-11.	Comment [c11]: Check reference
200 201 202	(3) The shielding shall be made of completely opaque material such that light escapes only through the bottom. Shielding that is translucent, transparent, has perforations or slits of any kind, or allows light to escape through it in any other manner is not permitted.	
203 204 205	(4) Shielding may be attained by light fixture design, building design, or other site design features such as fencing, walls, landscaping, or other screening, provided it is in strict compliance with (1) through (3) of this subsection.	
206 207	(b) Light color. Unless otherwise specified in this chapter, the color of any outdoor lighting artificial light source shall be equal to or less than 3000K, in accordance with the standard Kelvin temperature	
208	chart, as graphically depicted in Section 108-16-12.	 Comment [c12]: Check reference
209	Sec. 108-16- <u>4</u> 5 General Specific requirements standards.	
210 211 212	In addition to the general standards of Section 108-16-3, The following are specific standards that apply to all commercial, industrial, manufacturing, public and quasi public, institutional, multifamily, recreation, and resort uses:	
213 214 215	(1) Light curfew. Unless exempt in Section 108-16-5, and except for residential uses, all outdoor lighting shall be turned off by 10:00pm, or, if applicable, within one hour after the close of business, whichever is later, except the following:	 Comment [c13]: Measurable
216	a. Lighting to illuminate the entrance of the building;	
217	b. Safety lighting of parking lots and pedestrian areas:	
218	c. Lighting necessary for after-hours business.	
219	(2) Flashing or flickering light. No flickering or flashing lights shall be permitted.	
220 221 222	(3) Canopy lighting. All direct artificial light sources shall be sufficiently recessed so as not to project direct light greater than five feet from the outside perimeter of the canopy, and shall not produce more than a ratio of 8 lumens per square foot of canopy area. This ratio shall be	Comment [c14]: Measurable. The rough equivalent of "rural light" from the IDA
		model code.

	calculated by combining the total lument square footage of the canopy. See Section				Comment [c15]: Check reference
<u>(4)</u>	Parking lot lighting. All artificial light sour two lumens per square foot of parking lot total lumen output of each artificial light s	rces in open-air parking lo ot area. This ratio shall be	ts shall not exceed a ratio of calculated by combining the		Comment [C13]. Check terefence
	area. See Section 108-16-14 for a graphi	c depiction.			Comment [c16]: Check reference
<u>(5)</u>	Recreation facility lighting. Recreation comply with the following:				
	a. The lighting for the recreation a the recreation activities are occu are not essential to the function of	urring. It shall not be allow			
	b. The lighting shall not exceed a r area. This ratio shall be calculate light source divided by the squa	ed by combining the total lare footage of the recreati	umen output of each artificial		<b>Comment [c17]:</b> This is typical of professional/non-semi-professional courts/fields/etc.
	<u>108-16-15 for a graphic depiction</u> c. The recreation activity area shall		•		Comment [c18]: Discussed stand areas. It is more than enough for the
	<ul> <li><u>c.</u> The recreation activity area shall</li> <li><u>d.</u> The light color standard of 108-1 area.</li> </ul>				Comment [c19]: Check reference
<u>(6)</u>	Sign lighting. Sign lighting shall comply w	vith the requirements of 11	<u>0-2-12.</u>		
<del>(a)</del>	Shielding. All exterior illumination device regulated by subsection (c) of this sect subsection (c) of this section.		<ul> <li>In the second secon second second sec</li></ul>		
<del>(1)</del>	The term "fully shielded" shall mean that light rays emitted by the fixture, either c projected below a horizontal plane runni emitted.	lirectly from the lamp or i	ndirectly from the fixture, are		
<del>(2)</del>	The term "partially shielded" shall mean that the bottom edge of the shield is the minimizing light above the horizontal.				
<del>(b)</del>	Filtration.				
(1)	Those outdoor light fixtures requiring a f with a filter whose transmission is less th than 3,900 angstroms. Total emergen angstrom units.	nan five percent total emer	gent flux at wavelengths less		
<del>(2)</del>	It is recommended that existing mercur transmission is less than ten percent angstroms.				
<del>(3)</del>	Low pressure sodium lamps are the astronomical observations.	preferred lamp for mir	imizing adverse effects on		
<del>(c)</del>	Requirements for shielding and filtering emissions from outdoor light fixtures sha	•	5 5 5		
Rec	uirements for Shielding and Filtering			]	

Partially	None		
Fully	None		
Fully	Yes		
Fully	<del>Yes (2)</del>		
Fully	None		
Fully	None		
None	None		
<del>Fully (7)</del>	<del>Yes (7)</del>		
None	None		
None	None		
As approved by the planning commission			
	Fully       Fully       Fully       Fully       Fully       Fully       Fully       None       None       None		

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### 266 Footnotes-

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267 268	(1) This is the preferred light source to minimize undesirable light into the night sky affecting astronomical observations.
269	(2) Warm white and natural lamps are preferred to minimize detrimental effects.
270 271	(3) For the purposes of the chapter, quartz lamps shall not be considered an incandescent light source.
272	(4) Most glass, acrylic or translucent enclosures satisfy these filter requirements.
273 274	(5) Outdoor advertising signs of the type constructed of translucent materials and wholly illuminated from within do not require shielding.
275 276	(6) Metal halide display lighting shall not be used for security lighting after 11:00 p.m. (or after closing hours if before 11:00 p.m.) unless fully shielded. Metal halide lamps shall be in enclosed luminaries.
277 278	(7) Recommended for existing fixture. The installation of mercury vapor fixtures is prohibited effective 90 days after the effective date of adoption of the ordinance from which this chapter is derived.
279	Sec. 108-16-6 Side yard requirements.
280 281	Lighting within side yards shall not exceed two foot-candles of illumination at the property line, and shall not exceed one-half foot-candle within ten feet over the adjacent property line.

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282	Sec. 108-16-7. Prohibitions.		
283	The following uses are prohibited by this chapter:		
284	(1) Searchlights. The operation of searchlights for advertising purposes is prohibited.		
285 286 287	(2) Recreational facility. No outdoor recreational facility, public or private, shall be illuminated by nonconforming means after 11:00 p.m., except to conclude a specific recreational or sporting event or any other activity conducted at a ball park, outdoor amphitheater, arena, or similar facility in progress prior		
288	to 11:00 p.m.		
289 290 291	(3) Outdoor building or landscaping illumination. The unshielded outdoor illumination of any building, landscaping, American flag, signage or other purpose is prohibited except with incandescent fixtures less than 100 watts.		
292 293	(4) Mercury vapor. The installation of mercury vapor fixtures is prohibited effective 90 days after the effective date of the ordinance from which this chapter is derived.		
294	Sec. 108-16- <u>5</u> 8 <del>Permanent e</del> Exemptions.		
295 296	The following <u>artificial light sources are</u> <u>exemptions exempt from apply to thethe</u> provisions in requirements of this chapter:		
297	(1) <u>Agricultural lighting. Lighting for agricultural uses.</u>		
298 299	(2) Federal and state flag lighting. The outdoor lighting of a United States or State of Utah official flag, provided it is in compliance with the following:		<b>Comment [c20]:</b> See 4 U.S.C. § 6 regarding federal flag lighting regulations.
300	a. The light shall be downward directed from the top of the flag pole;		
301 302	<ul> <li><u>b.</u> The light shall be as narrow a beam as possible and aimed and shielded to illuminate, to the best effort practicable, only the area which the flag occupies in all wind conditions; and</li> </ul>		
303 304	c. The light level shall be minimized to create the least amount of impact on the dark sky, while still offering noticeable illumination of the flag;		
305 306 307 308 309	(3) Federal and state facilities <u>lighting</u> . Those facilities and lands owned, operated as protected by the U.S. Federal Government or the State of Utah are exempted by law from all requirements of this chapter. Federal and state facilities are exempt from the requirements of this chapter. However, they are encouraged to cooperate and to coordinate with the County the construction of their facilities in compliance with this chapter;		
310 311	(4) Fossil fuel lighting. Fossil fuel light, produced directly by the combustion of natural gas or other utility-type fossil fuels;		
312 313	Fossil fuel light. Produced directly or indirectly by the combustion of natural gas or other utility-type fossil fuels		
314 315	(5) Holiday or festive lighting. Holiday or festive outdoor lighting for residential uses, provided it is in compliance with the following:		
316	a. That the lighting shall not create a hazard or glare nuisance; and		
317	b. That the lighting shall be temporary in nature and not permanently installed. It shall be		Comment [c21]: Measurable
318 319	removed within a reasonable time after the end of the holiday or festive event, but at least once per year;		Comment [c22]: Measurable
320	(6) Low output light source. An artificial light source having an output equal to or less than one	/	Comment [c23]: 7 watts incandescent bulbs
321 322	hundred five lumens, provided that the cumulative lumen output of all low output light sources shall not exceed a ratio of one and a half lumens per square foot of cumulative area intended to	$\langle$	This will allow some flexibility for pathway lights and string lighting.
323 324	be illuminated. This ratio shall be calculated by combining the total lumen output of each low output light source divided by the square footage of the area intended to be illuminated. Each		Comment [c24]: Measurable
524	Super ngin source divided by the square rootage of the area interfaced to be indifinitated, Lach		Comment [c25]: Measurable
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low output light source shall be distributed across the area intended to be illuminated and not		Formatted: Not Highlight
organized in a focused location;	$\langle \cdot \rangle$	Formatted: Not Highlight
(7) Mobile lighting. Lighting affixed to a vehicle, provided the lighting is not intended for the		Formatted: Not Highlight
	Y	Formatted: Not Highlight
	$\triangleleft$	Comment [c26]: 60 watt incandescent
		Comment [c27]: Measurable
detection of motion; and		Comment [c28]: Measurable
<ul> <li><u>b.</u> That the artificial light source is sufficiently shielded in a manner that prevents glare on adjacent properties or roadways;</li> </ul>		
(9) Outdoor lighting projected from indoors. An artificial light source that is projected from indoors to	(	Formatted: list1
		Formatted: Not Highlight
from the top of any window, door, or similar opening. Light-blocking shades, blinds, or similar	$\searrow$	Formatted: Not Highlight
covering may be used to satisfy this standard. In the following example the two pendant lights	_ Y	Formatted: Not Highlight
	1	Formatted: Not Highlight
Compliant       Noncompliant         Image: Compliant       Image: Compliant         Image: Compliant       Im		
	_	
	<ul> <li>(7) Mobile lighting. Lighting affixed to a vehicle, provided the lighting is not intended for the stationary illumination of an area;</li> <li>(8) Motion sensor controlled light source. An artificial light source that has a light output equal to or less than hine hundred lumens and is controlled by a motion sensor, provided it is in compliance with the following: <ul> <li>a. That the motion sensor is set to turn the artificial light source off 10 minutes after the last detection of motion; and</li> <li>b. That the artificial light source is sufficiently shielded in a manner that prevents glare on adjacent properties or roadways;</li> </ul> </li> <li>(9) Outdoor lighting projected from indoors. An artificial light source that is projected from indoors to outdoors through windows, doors, or similar openings, provided that this exemption only applies to direct artificial light when it is positioned above an imaginary line that extends horizontally from the top of any window, door, or similar opening. Light-blocking shades, blinds, or similar covering may be used to satisfy this standard, in the following example the two pendant lights on the left are above the horizontal, while the two pendant lights to the right extend below the horizontal and are not permitted:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>organized in a focused location;</li> <li>(7) Mobile lighting. Lighting affixed to a vehicle, provided the lighting is not intended for the stationary illumination of an area;</li> <li>(8) Motion sensor controlled light source. An artificial light source that has a light output equal to or less than hine hundred lumens and is controlled by a motion sensor, provided it is in compliance with the following: <ul> <li>a. That the motion sensor is set to turn the artificial light source off 10 minutes after the last detection of motion; and</li> <li>b. That the artificial light source is sufficiently shielded in a manner that prevents glare on adjacent properties or roadways;</li> </ul> </li> <li>(9) Outdoor lighting projected from indoors. An artificial light source that is projected from indoors to outdoors through window, door, or similar openings, provided that this exemption only applies to direct artificial light when it is positioned above an imaginary line that extends horizontally from the top of any window, door, or similar opening. Light-blocking shades, blinds, or similar covering may be used to satisfy this standard. In the following example the two pendant lights on the left are above the horizontal, while the two pendant lights to the right extend below the horizontal and are not permitted:</li> </ul>

345 346 347 348 349	(10) Safety or security lighting. For the sole purpose of mitigating legitimate and verifiable safety or security hazards, the Land Use Authority may exempt an artificial light source if it is shown to be necessary. The Land Use Authority may apply reasonable conditions to ensure optimal compliance with the purpose and intent of this chapter. Evidence demonstrating that it is necessary shall be one or both of the following:	
350 351 352 353	a. Submitted proof of lighting requirements from a property insurance company that demonstrates that compliance with this chapter will render the property uninsurable. The minimum amount of lighting required by the property insurance company shall be considered the maximum for the purposes of this chapter; or	<b>Comment [c29]:</b> Discussed standard with several local insurance agents for various insurance companies. They applaud the idea.
354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361	b. Submitted reasonable research findings, from a qualified professional, as defined by Section 101-1-7, that offer a compelling argument for the need for the exemption. However, if the Land Use Authority is aware of other research findings that refute what is submitted, then the Land Use Authority must determine which research findings are more persuasive under the circumstances. If the Land Use Authority grants the exemption, then the minimum amount of lighting necessary to ensure appropriate safety or security, as recommended by the qualified professional, shall be considered the maximum for the purposes of this chapter.	Comment [c30]: Modified from model
362 363 364	(11) Occasional event lighting. Outdoor lighting intended for an occasional event, such as a wedding, party, social gathering, or other similar event that occurs on an occasional basis, provided it is in compliance with the following:	
365 366	<ul> <li><u>Occasional event lighting shall be turned off by 10:30pm</u> and any remaining lighting shall comply with this chapter; and</li> </ul>	 Comment [c31]: Measurable
367	b. Occasional events shall not occur more than twice per month:	 Comment [c32]: Measurable
368 369	(12) Underwater lighting. Underwater lighting in a swimming pool or other water feature provided it is not intended to illuminate features above water;	
370 371	(13) Temporary public agency lighting. Temporary outdoor lighting in use by law enforcement or a government agency or at their direction;	
372 373 374	(14) Tower lighting. Tower lighting required by the FAA or the FCC, provided that it shall not exceed the minimum requirements of those agencies. Collision markers shall have a dual mode for day and night to minimize impact to the night sky and migrating birds; and	
375	(15) Traffic control devices. Traffic control devices and signals.	
376 377	(3) Residential and agriculture. Single-family dwellings, two-family dwellings and agricultural uses shall be exempt from requirements of this chapter.	
378 379 380 381	(4) Variance. The board of adjustment may grant a special exemption to the requirements of section 108-16-5 only upon written finding that there are extreme geographic or geometric conditions warranting the exemption and that there are no conforming fixtures that would suffice.	
382	Sec. 108-16- <u>6</u> 9 Procedures for compliance.	
383 384 385 386	(a) Applications. Any application for a permit or approval required by this Land Use Code shall contain evidence that the proposed work complies with this chapter. Any applicant for a land use permit and/or building permit, intending to install outdoor lighting fixtures shall, as a part of said application, submit evidence that the proposed work will comply with this chapter.	
387 388	(1) All other individuals intending to install outdoor lighting fixtures shall submit an application to the county planning commission providing evidence that the proposed work will comply with this chapter.	
389 390 391	(2) Utility companies entering into a duly approved contract with the county in which they agree to comply with the provisions of these regulations, shall be exempt from applying for and obtaining a permit for the installation of outdoor light fixtures, including residential security lighting.	

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392	(b)	Cor	ntent	s of application or submittal.	
393 394 395 396		(1)	app of 1	addition to the specific application requirements elsewhere in this Land Use Code, Tthe <u>plication</u> submittal shall contain but shall not necessarily be limited to the following, all or part which may be part of or in addition to the information required elsewhere in the Weber unty Land Use Code upon application for the required permits:	
397 398 399			a.	Plans indicating the location on the premises, and the type of illuminating devices, fixtures, lamps, supports, other devices, etc. of all artificial light sources on the premises, including their height above the ground.	
400 401 402 403 404			b.	Description of the each artificial light source illuminating devices, fixtures, lamps,device, and supporting structures and other devices, etc This description may include, but is not limited to, device specifications from the manufacturer, drawings, details, and cross sections, when available, catalog cuts, and drawings (including sections where applicable).	
405 406 407 408 409 410 411 412 413		(2)	con cha anc suff con can fixtu	e required plans and descriptions set forth in subsection (b)–(1) of this section shall be nplete and shall be presented in a manner that clearly demonstrates compliance with this upter. The Land Use Authority may require the applicant to submit photometric schematics a attestation from a qualified professional that the submittal complies with this chapter, ficiently complete to enable the county planning director to readily determine whether npliance with the requirements of this chapter will be secured. If such plans and descriptions not enable the ready determination, by reason of the nature or configuration of the devices, areas, or lamps proposed, the applicant shall submit evidence of compliance by certified test orts as performed by a recognized testing laboratory.	
414 415 416 417 418 419	<del>(c)</del>	<del>dire</del> app or s app	<del>xctor xrove</del> site d	e of permit. Upon compliance with the requirements of this chapter, the county planning shall issue a permit for installation of the outdoor lighting fixtures, to be installed as in the dapplication. In the event the application is part of the land use permit and/or building permit lesign review, the issuance of the land use permit and/or building permit will be made if the ts in compliance with this chapter as well as the other requirements for issuance under the code. Appeal procedures of this chapter are through the planning commission.	
420 421 422 423	<del>(d)</del>	<del>cau</del> all	i <del>se a</del> i char	ment to permit. Should the applicant desire to substitute outdoor light fixtures or lamps, or ny change in the approved design, after a permit has been issued, the applicant shall submit nges to the planning commission for approval, with adequate information to assure nee with this chapter.	
424 425		. 108 door		KX <u>7</u> . – <del>Nonconforming lighting and amortization.<u>Required replacement of nonconforming</u></del>	
426 427 428	the	<u>Afte</u> requ door	er the iirem lighti	e effect of this chapter, which is March 1, 2017, all outdoor lighting that does not comply with ents of this chapter shall be considered nonconforming outdoor lighting. All nonconforming ng shall be phased out in accordance with the following schedule:	
429 430 431		<u>(1)</u>	rep	hting conversion. Any nonconforming outdoor artificial light source shall be terminated, laced, or retrofitted to conform to the requirements of this chapter within seven years after effect of this chapter;	 Comment [c33]: Measurable
432 433		<u>(2)</u>	Lig	hting replacement. The replacement of any nonconforming outdoor artificial light source shall nply with the requirements of this chapter;	
434 435		<u>(3)</u>	25	<i>ilding exterior modification.</i> When the replacement of a building's exterior materials exceeds percent of the building's exterior area, excluding roof area, whether by a single modification	 Comment [c34]: Measurable
436 437 438			ligh	ject or by an accumulation of separate modification projects, all nonconforming outdoor ting on or within 25 feet of the building shall be brought into compliance with the uirements of this chapter. This shall not include repainting or re-roofing,	 Comment [c35]: Measurable

439	<u>(4)</u>	Building expansion. When a building's expansion exceeds the threshold established in this	
440 441		subsection, whether by a single expansion project or by an accumulation of separate expansion projects, all nonconforming outdoor lighting on or within 25 feet of the building shall be brought	Comment [c36]: Measurable
442		into compliance with the requirements of this chapter. The established threshold of expansion	Comment [CS6]: Measurable
443		shall be the smaller of the following:	
444		a. 25 percent of the total area of the building as it exists on March 1, 2017; or	Comment [c37]: Measurable
445		b. 2,500 square feet; and	Comment [c38]: Measurable
446	(5)	Site improvements. When a site improvement which requires a land use permit, conditional use	
447	<u></u>	permit, or design review approval, modifies an area that exceeds the threshold established in	
448		this subsection, whether by a single modification project or by an accumulation of separate	
449		modification projects, all nonconforming outdoor lighting on the premises shall be brought into	
450 451		compliance with the requirements of this chapter. The established threshold of modification shall be the smaller of the following:	
452		a. 25 percent of the site area; or	Comment [c39]: Measurable
453		b. 20,000 square feet.	
			Comment [c40]: Measurable
454	<u>Sec. 108</u>	<u>16-8. – Violations and enforcement.</u>	
455	(a) Vio	ations. The following constitute violations of this chapter:	
456	(1)	The installation, maintenance, or operation of any outdoor artificial light source not in	
457		compliance with the provisions of this chapter.	
458	<u>(2)</u>	The alteration of any outdoor artificial light source after a certificate of occupancy has been	
459		issued without the review and approval of the Land Use Authority when such alteration does not	
460		conform to the provisions of this chapter.	
461	<u>(3)</u>	Failure to shield, correct, or remove lighting that is installed, operated, maintained or altered as	
462		required by this chapter.	
463		prcement. Violations of this chapter are subject to enforcement and penalties as outlined in	
464 465		tion 101-1-13. Unless the violation constitutes a safety hazard, enforcement of a violation of this pter shall first be addressed as follows:	
466	<u>(1)</u>	A courtesy letter shall be sent to the land owner that suggests that there may be noncompliant outdoor lighting on the premises. A second and third courtesy letter shall be sent at least 20	
467 468		calendar days after the previous courtesy letter if a previous courtesy letter does not either	
469		cause the resolution of the violation or cause the landowner to initiate resolution with the	
470		County. Educational information about how to appropriately comply with this chapter shall also	
471		be sent and a method of contacting the county for discussion shall be provided in each courtesy	
472 473		letter. The third courtesy letter shall state that it is the last courtesy letter, and future contact will be in the form of a notice to comply.	
474	(2)	No sooner than 30 days after the third courtesy letter is sent, if it did not either cause the	
474 475	<u>(2)</u>	resolution of the violation or cause the landowner to initiate resolution with the County, a notice	
476		to comply shall be sent to the land owner. The notice shall include, with specificity, the violation,	
477		and shall give the landowner at least 30 days to bring the property into compliance. The notice	
478		shall also include educational information about how to appropriately comply with this chapter.	
479	<u>(3)</u>	If a landowner initiates resolution of a violation of this chapter with the County, the County shall	
480		give the landowner at least six months to comply with this chapter provided, however, that it is	
481 482		clearly demonstrated that good faith efforts to resolve the violation can be implemented within the six month period.	
483	(4)	If, after steps 1-3 of this subsection have been satisfied, a landowner fails to initiate resolution of	
484		a violation of this chapter, or fails to comply within six months after a resolution has been	
485	l	initiated, typical enforcement measures shall be employed. Additionally, the final approval of	
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## 12/27/16



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494

495 Sec. 108-16-11. – Example of light trespass.





## 500 501

### Sec. 108-16-14. – Example of parking lot lighting.



## 502 503

Sec. 108-16-15. – Example of recreation facility lighting.



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504

505	16 10. Temporary exceptions.	<b>Comment [c41]:</b> There are not sufficient
506 507 508	(a) Request for temporary exception. Any individual may submit a written request to the county planning commission, for a temporary exemption to the requirements of this chapter, such exemption to be valid for up to three months. A written request for temporary exception shall contain minimally the following information:	objective standards in this section. Under what circumstances would we deny an exception? How do we keep from being arbitrary and capricious?
509 510	(1) Specific exemptions requested;	
510	(2) Type and use of exterior light involved;	
512	(2) Duration of time for requested exemption;	
512	(4) Type of lamp and calculated lumens;	
515	(5) Total wattage of lamp or lamps;	
515	(6) Proposed location of exterior light:	
516	(7) Provious temporary exceptions, if any:	
517	(8) Physical size of exterior light and type of shielding provided.	
518 519	In addition to the above data, the county may request any additional information which would enable a reasonable evaluation of the request for temporary exception.	
520 521	(b) Appeal for temporary exemption. An appeal of a decision of the planning commission shall be heard by the board of adjustment.	
522		
523	CHAPTER 2 OGDEN VALLEY SIGNS	
524		
525	Sec. 110-2-2 Applicability.	
526 527 528 529 530 531 532 532 533	(a) Permit required. No person shall erect, alter or relocate any sign without first obtaining a land use permit, and meeting the standards set forth in this section. Signs conforming to the requirements of this section which identify seasonal business may be removed for the seasons during which the business is not in operation, and may be reinstalled without a new permit. All applications for land use permits shall be accompanied by plans, designs, specifications and drawings stating specifically all dimensions, lighting (see also Section 108-16-6), colors and plan of installation stating clearances and setbacks. Land use permits expire six months after issuance if the sign is not erected or altered pursuant to the permit.	
534		
535	Sec. 110-2-4 Nonconforming signs.	
536 537 538	A sign may be reinstalled which duplicates the original nonconforming sign in dimensions and location. Any changes in size or location shall require conformance to this chapter and the current lighting ordinance. After the effect of this chapter, which is March 1, 2017, any sign that does not comply with the	<b>Comment [c42]:</b> This is all borrowed from the
539 540 541	requirements of this chapter shall be considered a nonconforming sign. A nonconforming sign that is not defined as a billboard under UCA 17-27a-103 shall be phased out in accordance with the following schedule:	phase-out in the proposed lighting chapter.
542	(1) Sign conversion. Any nonconforming sign shall be terminated, replaced, or retrofitted to conform	
543	to the requirements of this chapter within seven years after the effect of this chapter;	Comment [c43]: Measurable
544 545	(2) Sign replacement. The replacement of any nonconforming sign shall comply with the requirements of this chapter:	<b>Comment [c44]:</b> Is the seven-year phase out desired for signage? Maybe just paragraphs 2-5 will do the trick?

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546 547	<u>(3)</u>	Building exterior modification. When the replacement of a building's exterior materials exceeds percent of the building's exterior area, excluding roof area, whether by a single modification	Comment [c45]: Measurable
548		project or by an accumulation of separate modification projects, all nonconforming signs on or	
549		within 25 feet of the building shall be brought into compliance with the requirements of this	Comment [c46]: Measurable
550		chapter. This shall not include repainting or re-roofing,	
551	(4)	Building expansion. When a building's expansion exceeds the threshold established in this	
552	÷.,	subsection, whether by a single expansion project or by an accumulation of separate expansion	
553		projects, all nonconforming signs on or within 25 feet of the building shall be brought into	Comment [c47]: Measurable
554		compliance with the requirements of this chapter. The established threshold of expansion shall	
555		be the smaller of the following:	
556		a. 25 percent of the total area of the building as it exists on March 1, 2017; or	Comment [c48]: Measurable
557		b. 2,500 square feet; and	Comment [c49]: Measurable
558	(5)	Site improvements. When a site improvement which requires a land use permit, conditional use	
559	<u></u>	permit, or design review approval, modifies an area that exceeds the threshold established in	
560		this subsection, whether by a single modification project or by an accumulation of separate	
561		modification projects, all nonconforming signs on the premises shall be brought into compliance	
562		with the requirements of this chapter. The established threshold of modification shall be the	
563		smaller of the following:	
564		a. 25 percent of the site area; or	Comment [c50]: Measurable
565		b. 20,000 square feet.	Comment [c51]: Measurable
566			
567	Sec. 110	-2-8 Prohibited signs.	
		-	
568			
569	(7)	Changeable copy signs. Electronic changeable copy signs, except as permitted in 110-2-	
570	(.)	<u>9(b)(13)</u> . Manual changeable copy signs except as permitted in section 110-2-10, Special	Field Code Changed
571		purpose signs	
572			
	Caa 110	2.0 Other sizes	
573	Sec. 110	-2-9 Other signs.	
574	<del>In additi</del>	on to being regulated by other ordinances and state or federal law, the following signs are only	
575	regulate	d in the following manner:	
	-		
576	<u>(a) The</u>	following signs are allowed in any zone:	
577	(1)	Conservation property sign. A conservation property sign, as defined in Section 101-1-7, may	
578		be erected on any property complying with the minimum provisions of the definition. The sign	
579		shall either be a monument sign or a freestanding sign (pole sign) in compliance with the	
580		following:	
581		a. Monument sign. For a monument sign the width shall be no greater than ten feet and the	
582		height shall be no greater than eight feet, with a sign face no greater than 24 square feet.	
583		b. Freestanding sign (pole sign). For a freestanding sign (pole sign) the width shall be no	
584		greater than eight feet and the height shall be no greater than ten feet with a sign face no	
585		greater than 24 square feet. The sign face shall be mounted between the sign poles, which	
586		shall be constructed of timbers that measure at least eight inches by eight inches and	
587		extend from the ground to the top of the sign face. The top of the sign face and the bottom	
588		of the sign face shall be completely bounded by timbers that have a minimum vertical	
589		height of eight inches.	
		Page 18	



627	flagpole shall have a conditional use permit approved by the planning commission.
628	Governmental uses, such as libraries and schools, shall be exempt from height requirements of
629	this sub-section.
630	(56) Grand opening signs. On a one-time basis, a business establishment shall be permitted one
631	banner not to exceed 12 square feet, to be displayed for a period of not more than 30 days.
632	(67) Guidance signs. Guidance and other informational signs authorized by the Utah Department of
633	Transportation or other governmental agency. <u>A guidance sign is exempt from all of the</u>
634	<u>standards of Section 110-2-12.</u>
635	(78) Historical signs. Historical name signs for sites and/or structures designated by the board of
636	county commissioners as having historical significance to the county (and as identified in the
637	Ogden Valley Master Plan).
638	(89) Murals. Murals, when depicted on the sides or rear of a building or storefront, provided that the
639	mural has no connection or advertising context to any business conducted or any product or
640	service offered therein.
641 642 643	(109) Nameplate signs. Nameplate signs not to exceed four square feet that identify the occupants/owners and/or home occupation of a residential property. Larger residential signs shall comply with the provisions of this Land Use Code.
644 645	(1110) Private warning signs. Private warning signs, provided they do not exceed four square feet.
646 647	(1211) Signs on vehicles. Signs for business identification which may include name, address, and telephone number, not to exceed two feet by three feet upon the side door of a vehicle.
648	(1312) Statuary and sculptures. Freestanding statuary and sculptures which are considered to
649	be works of art and which are placed on private property clearly for the benefit and interest of
650	the general public.
651	(14) Subdivision ontry signs. An approved, recorded subdivision may locate one entry sign at each
652	entrance. The sign shall be of the monument type and meet all specifications/requirements for
653	monument signs in section 110-2-5, Allowable signs by zoning district. The name of the
654	subdivision shall be the only text included on said sign. The planning commission shall approve
655	location and design style. A double entry sign may be approved by the planning commission
656	where there is a divided center island entry street.
657	(1513) Traffic signs. All signs erected in <u>or adjacent to</u> a public right-of-way by a public agency
658	or in a private road right-of-way for the purpose of controlling or directing traffic. <u>A traffic sign is</u>
659	<u>exempt from all of the standards of Section 110-2-12.</u>
660	
661	Sec. 110-2-11 Temporary sign usage.
662	
663	(3) Additional standards. The following table applies to temporary sign use:

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	General Standards	in all Zones		Specific Standar Residential Zone	ds for the Agricultura es	l, Forest and		ds for the Commercia and Resort Zones	<u>il,</u> •
Sign Type	Display Period	Removal Required 3 Days After	Land Use Permit or Special Event Permit Required	<u>Maximum</u> <u>Area per Sign</u> <u>Face</u>	Maximum Height of Freestanding Signs (includes support structure)	Number of Signs Permitted per Sign Type	<u>Maximum</u> <u>Area per Sign</u> <u>Face</u>	Maximum Height of Freestanding Signs	Number of Signs Permitted per Sign Type
Occasional Signs:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Campaign signs	60 days prior to the election	Completion of the election	N	<u>32 square feet</u>	<u>6 feet</u>	<u>No limit</u>	<u>32 square feet</u>	<u>8 feet</u>	<u>No limit</u>
Construction signs	Duration of construction	Completion of construction	N	<u>32 square feet</u>	<u>6 feet</u>	<u>1 per street</u> frontage	<u>64 square feet</u>	<u>12 feet</u>	<u>1 per street</u> <u>frontage</u>
Property/real estate sign	Duration of listing	Closing/lease commencement date	N	<u>8 square feet</u>	<u>6 feet</u>	<u>1 per street</u> <u>frontage</u>	<u>64 square feet</u>	<u>12 feet</u>	<u>1 per street</u> <u>frontage</u>
Shbrt-term vendors § 108-13-3	<u>120 days</u>	End of event	Y/LUP	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	<u>16 square feet</u>	<u>6 feet if set in the</u> ground or anywhere on the building	2 total per frontage, either a ground sign or on vendor trailer, mobile store, tent, or kiosk
Temporary outdoor sales § 108-13-4	Per state code if applicable or 30 days prior to the event	End of event	<u>Y/LUP</u>	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	<u>16 feet</u>	<u>6 feet if set in the</u> ground or anywhere on the building	2 per street frontage
Temporary real estate sales office	Duration of construction	Completion of construction	<u>Y/LUP</u>	<u>32 square feet</u>	<u>6 feet</u>	<u>1 per street</u> <u>frontage</u>	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

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12/27/16

Temporary real estate sales office wall sign	Duration of construction	Completion of construction	<u>Y/LUP</u>	20 square feet	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1 sign</u> attached to the office	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Continued	General Standards	in all Zones		Specific Standar Residential Zon	ds for the Agricultura es	l, Forest and	•	ds for the Commercia and Resort Zones	al,
Seasonal Signs:	-	-	-	-			-		
Farmer's markets § 108-13-5	June through October	End of event	<u>Y/LUP</u>	32 square feet	<u>10 feet</u>	<u>1 per street</u> <u>frontage</u>	32 square feet	<u>10 feet</u>	<u>1 per street</u> <u>frontage</u>
Fruit and vegetable stand § 104-5-3 (8)	June through October	End of event	Y/LUP	16 square feet	<u>10 feet</u>	<u>1 per street</u> <u>frontage</u>	32 square feet	<u>10 feet</u>	<u>1 per street</u> frontage
Political sign	<u>No limit</u>	<u>No limit</u>	N	<u>16 square feet</u>	<u>10 feet</u>	<u>1 per street</u> <u>frontage</u>	<u>32 square feet</u>	<u>10 feet</u>	<u>1 per street</u> <u>frontage</u>
Event Signs:	-	-	-	-	I		-	<u> </u>	
Public event sign	30 days prior to the event	End of event	<u>Y/SEP</u>	<u>4 square feet</u>	<u>3 feet</u>	<u>1 per street</u> <u>frontage</u>	<u>4 square feet</u>	<u>3 feet</u>	<u>1 per street</u> <u>frontage</u>
Public event banner (on public property, over public streets or sidewalks)	<u>30 days prior to</u> <u>the event</u>	End of event	<u>Y/SEP</u>	12 square feet	N/A	<u>1 per street</u> frontage	<u>12 feet</u>	N/A	<u>1 per street</u> frontage
Public event directional sign	<u>30 days prior to</u> <u>the event</u>	End of event	<u>Y/SEP</u>	<u>8 square feet</u>	<u>4 feet</u>	<u>No limit off-</u> premises directional signs	<u>8 square feet</u>	<u>4 feet</u>	<u>No limit off-</u> premises directional signs
Special event sign	60 days prior to the event	End of event	<u>Y/SEP</u>	<u>16 square feet</u> <u>on-site</u>	<u>6 feet</u>	No limit onsite signs, either ground or banner signs	<u>16 square feet</u> onsite	<u>6 feet</u>	No limit on- site signs, either ground or banner signs
Special event banner (on public property)	30 days prior to the event	End of event	<u>Y/SEP</u>	<u>12 square feet</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1 per street</u> <u>frontage</u>	<u>12 square feet</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1 per street</u> <u>frontage</u>
Special event directional sign	<u>1 day prior to the</u> event	End of event	<u>Y/SEP</u>	<u>8 square feet</u> offsite	<u>4 feet</u>	No limit off- premises directional signs	<u>8 square feet</u> offsite	<u>4 feet</u>	No limit off- premises directional signs
Special event off-site sign	30 days prior to the event	End of event	<u>Y/SEP</u>	32 square feet	<u>10 feet</u>	2 offsite per event either a ground sign or	32 square feet	<u>10 feet</u>	2 offsite per event either a ground sign or

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			<u>banner</u>		<u>banner</u>

664 Table 1

Sign Type	<del>Display Period</del>	Removal Required 3 Days After	Land Use Permit or Special Event Permit Required						
Occasion Signs									
Campaign signs	<del>60 days prior to the</del> <del>election</del>	Completion of the election	N						
Construction signs	Duration of construction	Completion of construction	N						
Property/real estate sign	Duration of listing	Closing/lease commencement date	N						
Short-term vendors § 108-13-3	120 days	End of event	¥/LUP						
Temporary outdoor sales § 108-13-4	<del>Per state code if</del> <del>applicable or 30 days</del> <del>prior to the event</del>	End of event	¥/LUP						
Temporary real estate sales office	Duration of construction	Completion of construction	¥/LUP						
Temporary real estate sales office wall sign	Duration of construction	Completion of construction	¥/LUP						
	Seasonal Sign	5 5	1						
Farmer's markets § 108-13-5	June through October	End of event	¥/LUP						
Fruit and vegetable stand § 104-5-3 (8)	June through October	End of event	¥/LUP						
Political sign	No limit	No limit	N N						

Page **24** of **30** 

Event Signs						
Public event sign	<del>30 days prior to the</del> <del>event</del>	End of event	<del>Y/SEP</del>			
Public event banner (on public property, over public streets or sidewalks)	<del>30 days prior to the</del> <del>event</del>	End of event	<del>¥/SEP</del>			
Public event directional sign	<del>30 days prior to the</del> <del>event</del>	End of event	<del>¥/SEP</del>			
Special event sign	<del>60 days prior to the</del> <del>event</del>	End of event	<del>¥/SEP</del>			
<del>Special event banner (on public</del> <del>property)</del>	<del>30 days prior to the</del> <del>event</del>	End of event	¥/SEP			
Special event directional sign	1 day prior to the event	End of event	<del>¥/SEP</del>			
Special event off-site sign	<del>30 days prior to the</del> <del>event</del>	End of event	¥/SEP			

665

666 Table 2

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Types of Temporary Signs Permitted in Agricultural, Forest and Residential Zones	<del>Maximum Area</del> <del>per Sign Face</del>	Maximum Height of Freestanding Signs (includes support structure)	<del>Number of Signs Permitted per Sign Type</del>			
Occasion Signs						
Campaign sign	<del>32 square feet</del>	<del>6 feet</del>	No limit			
Construction sign	32 square feet	<del>6 feet</del>	1 per street frontage			
Property/real estate sign	8 square feet	<del>6 feet</del>	1 per street frontage			

Page **25** of **30** 

Temporary real estate sales office	<del>32 square feet</del>	<del>6 feet</del>	1 per street frontage	
Temporary real estate sales office wall sign	20 square feet	N/A	1 sign attached to th office	
	Seasonal Sig	n <del>s</del>		
Farmer's markets	32 square feet	<del>10 feet</del>	1 per street frontage	
Fruit and vegetable stand	16 square feet	<del>10 feet</del>	1 per street frontage	
Political sign	<del>16 square feet</del>	<del>10 feet</del>	1 per street frontage	
	Event Signs	;		
Public event sign	4 square feet	<del>3 feet</del>	1 per street frontage	
Public event banner (on public property, over public streets or sidewalks)	<del>12 square feet</del>	N/A	1 per street frontage	
Public event directional sign	8 square feet	<del>4 feet</del>	No limit off-premise: directional signs	
Special event sign	<del>16 square feet</del> <del>on site</del>	<del>6 feet</del>	No limit onsite signs, either ground or bann signs	
Special event banner (on public property)	12 square feet	N/A	1 per street frontage	
Special event directional sign	<del>8 square feet</del> offsite	<del>4 feet</del>	No limit off-premises directional signs	
Special event offsite sign	32 square feet	<del>10 feet</del>	2 offsite per event eitr a ground sign or bann	

667

668 Table 3

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Page **26** of **30** 

Types of Temporary Signs Permitted in Commercial, Manufacturing and Resort Zones	<del>Maximum</del> A <del>rea per Sign Face</del>	<del>Maximum Height of</del> <del>Freestanding Signs</del>	Number of Signs Permitted per Sign Type
	۱ ور	casion Signs	
Campaign sign	<del>32 square feet</del>	<del>8 feet</del>	<del>No limit</del>
Construction sign	64 square feet	<del>12 feet</del>	1 per street frontage
Property/real estate sign	64 square feet	<del>12 feet</del>	1 per street frontage
Short-term vendors	<del>16 square feet</del>	<del>6 feet if set in the</del> <del>ground or anywhere on</del> <del>the building</del>	<del>2 total per frontage, either a</del> <del>ground sign or on vendor</del> t <del>railer, mobile store, tent, or</del> <del>kiosk</del>
Temporary outdoor sales	<del>16 feet</del>	6-feet if set in the ground or anywhere on the building	<del>2 per street frontage</del>
	Se	asonal Signs	
Farmer's markets	32 square feet	<del>10 feet</del>	1 per street frontage
Fruit and vegetable stand	<del>32 square feet</del>	<del>10 feet</del>	1 per street frontage
Political sign	<del>32 square feet</del>	<del>10 feet</del>	1 per street frontage
	! {	<del>ivent Signs</del>	
Public event sign	4 square feet	<del>3 feet</del>	1 per street frontage
Public event banner (on public property, over public streets or sidewalks)	<del>12 feet</del>	N/A	<del>1 per street frontage</del>
Public event directional sign	<del>8 square feet</del>	4 feet	No limit off-premises

Page **27** of **30** 

692

693

694

			directional signs
Special event sign	<del>16 square feet</del> <del>onsite</del>	<del>6 feet</del>	No limit on site signs, either ground or banner signs
Special event banner (on public property)	<del>12 square feet</del>	N/A	<del>1 per street frontage</del>
Special event directional sign	<del>8 square feet</del> offsite	<del>4 feet</del>	No limit off-premises directional signs
Special event offsite sign	<del>32 square feet</del>	<del>10 feet</del>	2 offsite per event either a ground sign or banner

## 669 Sec. 110-2-12. - Sign materials and display standards.

670	(a)	Sign materials. All materials	used	to	construct	signs,	supports	or	fasteners	shall	conform	to	the
671		following standards:											

- (1) Signs may be constructed of painted, stained, sandblasted or carved wood, brick, stone,
   textured concrete or similar material. Glass (including plexi-glass), metal, or metallic leaf, which
   is painted, anodized, or otherwise treated to prevent reflective glare may also be used. Copper,
   brass, wrought iron, and other metals may remain untreated and allowed to develop a natural
   patina.
- (2) Support structures may be constructed of painted, stained, sandblasted or carved wood, brick, stone, textured concrete or similar material. Glass, metal, or metallic leaf, which is painted, anodized, or otherwise treated to prevent reflective glare may also be used. Copper, brass, wrought iron, and other metals may remain untreated and allowed to develop a natural patina.
  Support structures shall use natural, muted earth-tone colors including browns, black, grays, rusts, etc. White shall not be used as a predominant color, but may be used as an accent.
- (b) Display standards. The display of all signs regulated by this Land Use Code shall conform to the
   standards of this section.
- (1) No obstruction permitted. No sign shall obstruct a clear view to and from traffic along any street
   right-of-way, entrance or exit.
- 687 (2) No projection within right-of-way. No signs, except traffic signs and similar regulatory notices
   688 shall be allowed to project or be located within a public right-of-way.
- (3) <u>Illumination. An illuminated sign, as defined in Section 101-1-7, shall comply with the</u>
   requirements of Chapter 108-16 and the following provisions, examples of which are graphically
   depicted in Section 110-2-15.

Comment [c54]: Check reference

- a. Unless otherwise specified in this subsection, all exterior lighting of a sign shall be downward directed from the top of the sign, and oriented so as to illuminate only the sign area, as defined in Section 101-1-7, excluding the supports.
- 695b. No direct artificial light, as defined in Section 101-1-7, shall be projected from the sign area696or beyond the sign area, including by means of diffusion or refraction through a translucent697or transparent surface. However, direct artificial light, excluding diffused or refracted light,698for a sign area that does not have a frame or separate background, as in the case of a logo699or individual lettering mounted to a wall without a defined sign perimeter, may illuminate or

Page 28 of 30

700 701	reflect onto a background surface, such as a wall, beyond the exterior perimeter of the sign area, provided that:	
702	1. It shall not exceed six inches beyond the sign area,	Comment [c55]: Measurable
703	2. It shall be shielded so as not to project light onto any other surface.	
704 705 706 707	d. Exterior lighting of a sign shall not exceed a ratio of 50 lumens per square foot of sign area. This ratio shall be calculated by combining the total lumen output of each artificial light source divided by the square footage of the sign area. See Section 110-2-15 for a graphic depiction.	Comment [c56]: Measurable.
708 709	e. The Land Use Authority may require the applicant to submit photometric schematics and attestation from a qualified professional that the submittal complies with this chapter.	
710 711 712 713 714	External illumination. Signs may be unlighted or lighted externally, provided that the light is shielded such that the light source causes no glare, and does not encroach upon neighboring properties or on coming traffic. No exposed light sources are permitted. Colored and flashing lights are prohibited. All lighting shall be shielded and directed only at the sign surface. Illumination source shall be included with the master sign plan.	
715 716 717 718 719	(4) Internal illumination. Individual pan-channel letters with a plastic face or individual cut-out letters (i.e., letters routed out of the face of an opaque cabinot sign) are permitted. The plastic face or backing of the letters shall be ivory colored. Reversed pan-channel letters with an internal light source reflecting off of the building face may also be used for "halo" or "silhouette" lighting. The light source for internally illuminated signs shall be white.	
720 721	(45) Wall signs mounted on parapets. A wall sign mounted on a parapet wall shall be mounted six inches or more below the top of the parapet wall.	
722   723 724 725	(56) No imitation of traffic signs. Signs shall not resemble, imitate or approximate the shape, size, form or color of traffic signs, signals or devices. Signs shall not obstruct or interfere with the effectiveness of traffic signs, signals or devices, not be lighted in a way that can cause glare or impair driver visibility upon roads.	
726   727 728	(67) No prevention of ingress/egress. Signs shall not be erected, relocated or maintained in such a way that prevents free ingress or egress from any door, window or fire escape, and no sign shall be attached to a standpipe or fire escape.	
729   730 731	(78) No mounting on natural features. No signs shall be painted or mounted on trees. No land-form or naturally occurring land feature (rocks, cliff faces, etc.) shall be defaced for purposes of displaying a sign.	
732   733	(89) Clearance. The clearance of a projecting, canopy or wall sign shall be measured from the lowest edge of the overhang eight feet to the driving or walking surface below.	
734	( <u>9</u> 40) Sign setbacks.	
735 736 737	a. Monument and/or ground signs. Any monument sign or ground sign shall be set back a minimum of ten feet from any property line. Signs fronting on state highways shall be set back ten feet from the right-of-way.	
738 739 740	<ul> <li>Projections into public right-of-way. Projections into the public right-of-way are not allowed, except for signs set by public agencies for safety purposes, such as the state department of transportation.</li> </ul>	
741 742	c. <i>Clear view triangle.</i> Signs shall not be placed within the clear view triangle as defined in title 108, chapter 7 of the Weber County Land Use Code.	
743 744 745 746	(101) Landscaping. The ground area around the base of all ground/monument signs shall be landscaped in accordance with the requirements of applicable chapters of the Weber County Land Use Code. The planning commission may exempt some monument/ground signs from this standard where it is demonstrated, by the owner/developer, that the landscaping would unduly	

ment [c57]: Check reference

Page **29** of **30** 

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762

Page 30 of 30